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Overview

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Diagrams from *Take 2: Housing Design in Indigenous Australia*, edited: P. Memmott, C.Chambers,2003

"Just as the discovery of culture is a journey, not a destination, aboriginal architecture should be a 'process' and not just a 'product'.

- Deborah Mills and Paul Brown, Art and Wellbeing (Sydney, Australia council for the arts, 2004 pg 99)

The aim of this design studio is to develop appropriate and sustainable housing solutions for the displaced members of the Yarrabah community living with disability. This project is a reaction to the ongoing housing crisis in Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire, and the current unsatisfactory 'one size fits all' approach to housing for indigenous people.

Indigenous architect Kevin O'Brien speaks of the relationship between Indigeneity and Architecture and the challenge to architects to develop:

"Fundamental projects that sponsor, support and affect the day-to-day events of the Aboriginal community at large and ultimately present a stage for a constantly changing cultural experience."

- Aboriginality and Architecture, Kevin O'Brien University of Queensland, 2005

The brief asks for detailed design of three small houses and a simple community space in Yarrabah that all follow the Murri Way: supporting the self-determination of Indigenous people in their housing choices. They are intended as buildings which both the specific users and the wider community can engage with and come to feel to be their own. These 3 dwellings can be seen as 3 case studies exploring and testing a single design approach and strategy. Along with these dwellings you are expected to develop a masterplan strategy.

This studios line of enquiry crosses over multiple layers of research, at times looking into broader Indigenous issues to do with identity, notions of country, story telling and performance, how to design for self-determination, an architecture of possibility, down to specifics such as the ramifications of building in remote, tropical environments, what this means for building materials and construction techniques, staged implementation, use of local skilled and unskilled labor, training opportunities and so on.

There is not one line of enquiry, rather it is like trying to follow a porous tracery of fine threads at times aligning, coming to the fore, receding behind or trailing off. It is about seeing the overall lie of the cloth, or maybe it is the land.



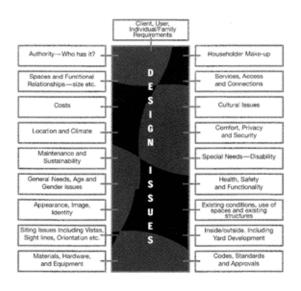


Diagram from *Take 2: Housing Design in Indigenous Australia*, edited: P. Memmott, C.Chambers,2003

OVERARCHING PROJECT PRINCIPLES:

This project aims to:

- -Describe a generosity of spirit and a sense of humanity at the core of architecture's agenda, focusing on the quality of space itself.
- Focus on architecture's ability to provide free and additional spatial gifts to those who use it and on its ability to address the unspoken wishes of strangers.
- Celebrate architecture's capacity to find additional and unexpected generosity in each project even within the most private, defensive, exclusive or commercially restricted conditions.
- Provide the opportunity to emphasise nature's free gifts of light sunlight and moonlight, air, gravity, materials natural and man-made resources.
- Encourages reviewing ways of thinking, new ways of seeing the world, of inventing solutions where architecture provides for the well being and dignity of each citizen of this fragile planet.
- Be a space for opportunity, a democratic space, un-programmed and free for uses not yet conceived. There is an exchange between people and buildings that happens, even if not intended or designed, so buildings themselves find ways of sharing and engaging with people over time, long after the architect has left the scene.

 Architecture has an active as well as a passive life.
- Encompass freedom to imagine, the free space of time and memory, binding past, present and future together, building on inherited cultural layers, weaving the archaic with the contemporary

THIS PROJECT WILL EXPLORE THE QUESTIONS:

How to design a building which is culturally responsive?

- Embed in community
- Understand the significance of relating to country, narrative, performance,
- To be cultural responsive in practice and in theory

What might the building be like – atmosphere, character?

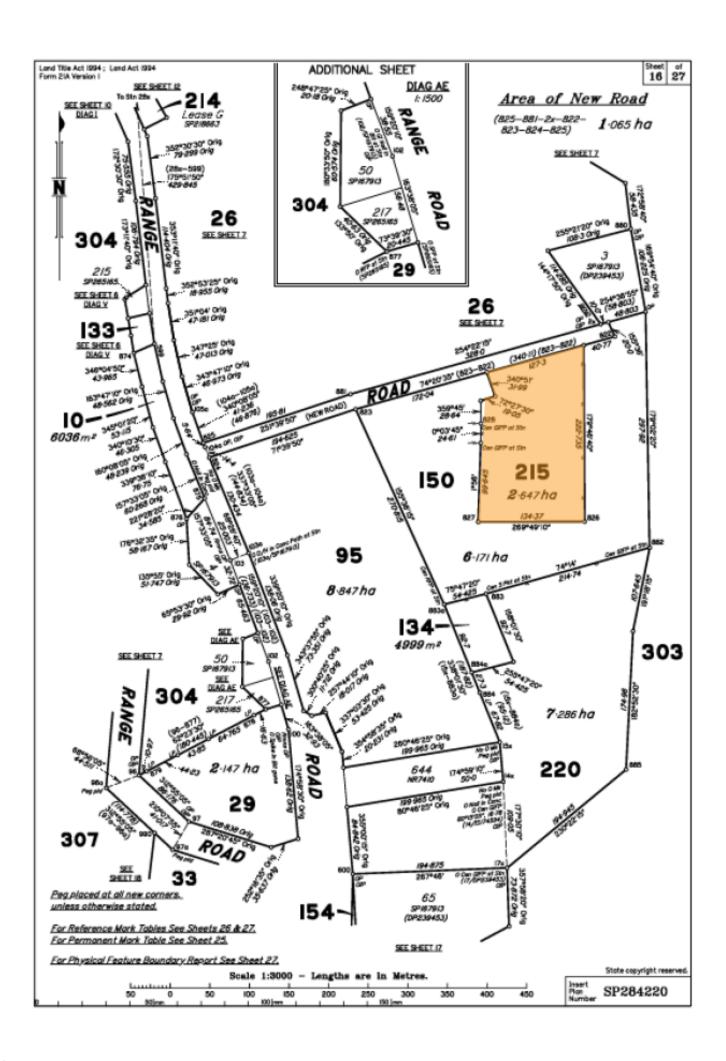
- Strong connection to country, to place
- Provide more than functional brief, what might this be?

What sort of spaces might be included?

- Liminal space, edges, thresholds. Places to chat, to meet, to gather , to reflect, to hang on the edges of
- Spaces which trigger creativity
- Spaces which are safe, are comfortable,

What expression might the building have?

- Non patronizing, not rough or agricultural, neither overly simple, nor crude



THE SITE

Based on the Burri Gummin Affordable Housing Project: Project overview/ design brief (Document compiled by Centre for Appropriate Technology)

Proposed site location is 2ha surveyed block at 'Balamba' in the non-transferrable area of Yarrabah Aboriginal Council Land. i.e. the land is held in Trust by the council and is not due for transfer to traditional owners via the Gunggandji PBC Aboriginal Corporation (this needs full confirmation).

Land was surveyed on behalf of the project late 2015 with a donation from Centacare. Council has zoned the site for future community housing development in draft new planning scheme

The site was cleared and planted out as a tee tree plantation as a business venture in the early 2000s. This venture has since been abandondoned but the site remains covered in dense tea tree bushes.

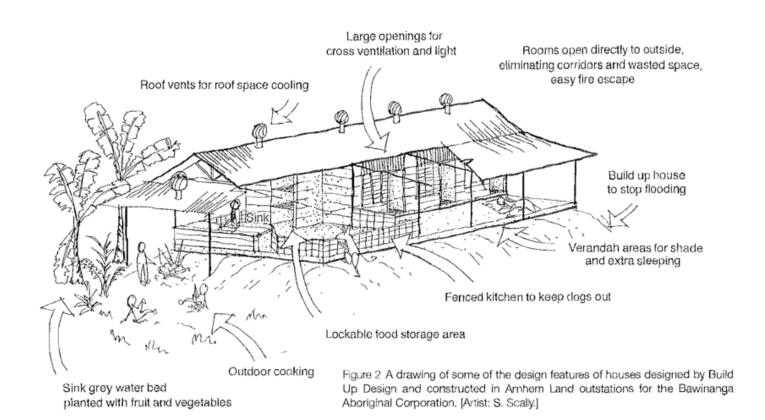


Diagram from *Take 2: Housing Design in Indigenous Australia*, edited: P. Memmott, C.Chambers,2003

SCHEDULE OF REQUIREMENTS

Based on the Burri Gummin Affordable Housing Project: Project overview/ design brief (Document compiled by Centre for Appropriate Technology)

EACH DWELLING SHOULD INCLUDE:

- outdoor food preparation/laundry/wash area (bench, large sink, drain, protected from extreme weather)
- outdoor fireplace/cooking place
- shaded/rain protected outdoor space (seating, easily accessed from house)
- living spaces indoor (large openings, ventilated using prevailing winds,)
- bedroom (refer to clients requirements, ventilated using prevailing winds)
- accessible bathroom (toilet, shower, basin, laundry, ensure that all wet area facilities are not located in one room)
- possibly additional bathroom to be accessed from outside (refer to clients requirements)
- kitchen (with clear circulation of at least 1500mm, not located near toilet access)
- lockable storage area
- accessibility ramp to front door
- fencing (gate to allow car access)
- washing line
- rubbish area

COMMUNAL OUTDOOR SPACE SHOULD INCLUDE:

- outdoor food preparation area
- seating (for individuals and large groups)
- outdoor fireplace/cooking area
- shaded outdoor space
- access to water
- *consider ways that outdoor spaces might support cultural practices and relieve over-crowding at peak times.

EDUCATIONAL AIMS OF THE PROJECT INCLUDE:

Spend time working on site to investigate cultural considerations when designing with indigenous communities

Become familiar with the accessible housing guidelines:

- Australian Housing and Urban Research Institute
- Housing for Health guidelines established by Health Habitat.

Understand and appreciate:

- the specific needs and functional requirements of different clients
- the culture of the clients,
- the way traditional, tropical and existing buildings in Yarrabah are constructed
- their unique relationship to the area.

Establish an overall strategy for housing to address:

- existing site conditions (orientation, mirco-climate and surrounding context)
 - Understand appropriate design and siting to:
- create a network of buildings and communal spaces;
- foster and reinvigorate ideas of self determination, pride in culture, bright futures, and inclusive practices. Explore the implications of:
- site repair and maintenance;
- buildability, local labor, and skills training.

Develop your emerging design process to:

- building on your experience of designing to date;
- develop an integrated approach to architecture, landscape, construction, environment, structures PEOPLE!

CLIENT CASE STUDIES

The 3 dwellings are to be designed for specific clients within the Yarrabah community. The different specific needs of each client need to be met.







Paulie and Doug 2 bedroom dwelling



Tracy her husband and two kids 4 bedroom dwelling

CASE STUDY:

SINGLE MAN - JONO

CASE STUDY:

FRIENDS - PAULIE & DOUG

CASE STUDY:

FAMILY - TRACY + HUSBAND + 2 KIDS

CHILD WITH PHYSICAL + MENTAL ISSUES

RELATIVES WHO FREQUENTLY STAY

EXTENSION FOR EXPECTED

ACCESSIBLE BATHROOM

ACCESSIBLE ACCESS TO HOUSE

LARGE BEDROOM TO ACCOMMODATE ALL

2 PARENTS 1 W/JOBS

KITCHEN

2ND CHILD



DRUG AND ALCOHOL ISSUES



WITHDRAWN



NO CAR



UNCLE IN YARRABAH



UNEMPLOYED / LIMITED SAVINGS



DISABILITY SUPPORT PENSIONS



BASIC KITCHEN



DOG



OUTDOOR FIRE



FISH PREPARATION



MENTAL DISABILITY



FUTURE DISABLED ACCESS



NO COOKING, FOOD DELIVERED



PENSIONS SAVED UP



BEDROOMS SEPARATE



COMMON LIVING ROOM



ACCESSIBLE TOILET



IMMOBILE IN FUTURE



PLACE TO WATCH WORLD



REGULAR DELIVERY ACCESS, NO CAR





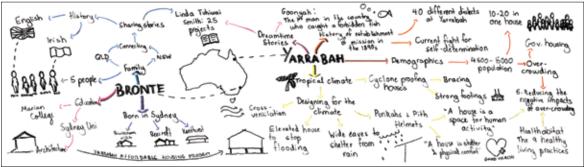


STUDENT DESIGN PROPOSALS

Each student has been asked to prepare:

- Map of their own story
- Reflections upon their time spent in Yarrabah
- Return brief or strategy based upon these experiences
- Masterplan of their different dwellings on the site.
- Cluster plan of the relationships between the houses.
- Three different dwelling designs for either: each of the three client case studies, 3 clients of their choice, or 3 stages to the one design for different uses.
- -Set of principles to clearly explain their design choices and ideas



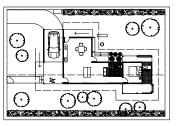


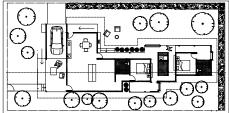
MY STORY

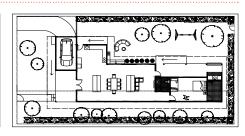
PRE SITE VISIT BRIEF

solutions which are both sustainable and appropriate for displaced members of the Yarrabah

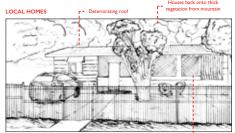
Left: I occupant Middle: 2 occupants Right: 4 occupants

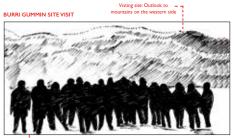


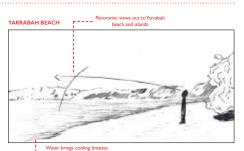




PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS







EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



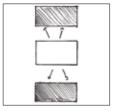
AFFORDARII ITY

Use off the shelf standard materials and sizes in order to keep costs down



ACCESSIBILITY

Provide space to meet future disabled access needs such as ramps, wide corridors and bathrooms



PRIVACY

Create private wings for different families joined by a common core space in order to maintain privacy



ECONOMIC DETERMINATION

for vegetable gardens to encourage self-sustainability



FISHING LIFESTYLE

Include elements such as a large sink, outdoor bench, and large storage to facilitate client lifestyle



CHILD SAFFTY

Place children's bedrooms at the back of the house to increase their safety from



DURABILITY

Use steel and concrete in order to increase durability of home and decrease



SWEAT EQUITY

Encourage home owner involvement in the building process to promote sweat



WILDLIFE FENCING

Use durable fencing around property in order to keep out wild animals from the



OUTDOOR LIVING

Emphasise outdoor living spaces such as fire pits to meet client lifestyle and



STREETVIEW

Face a large window with screening to allow the occupant to monitor and



SUPPORT SERVICING

Provide multiple bathrooms in order to service numerous occupants and keep costs down for repair

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

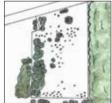
Overcrowding is at the centre of a multitude of issues in Yarrabah. It can affect the education, health, and social well being of occupants. My aim is to design housing which responds to inter-generational housing use in Yarrabah. Central to this idea is designing both private and common spaces to minimise issues of overcrowding whilst keeping intact the family lifestyle. **RETURN BRIEF**

SITE MASTERPLAN:



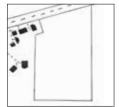
WIND

Prevailing SE breezes cool the humid area whilst NW tropical storms bring rain during the wet months



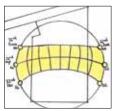
VEGETATION

Dense vegetation on the west and east of the site with shrubbery and occasional trees in between



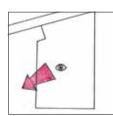
NEIGHBOURING BUILDINGS

Neighbours lie to the west of the site, however, vision is restricted due to dense vegetation



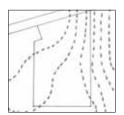
SOLAR STUDY

The sun rises and sets longer during summer, requiring shading especially on the west due to low lying afternoon sun



OUTLOOK

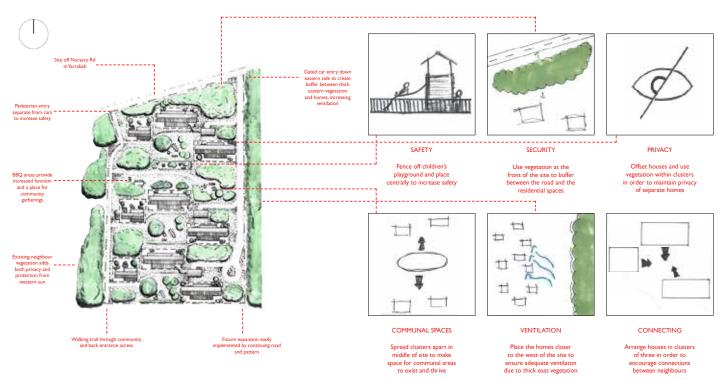
The view out towards the SW is the most interesting as it faces an impressive mountain



CONTOURS

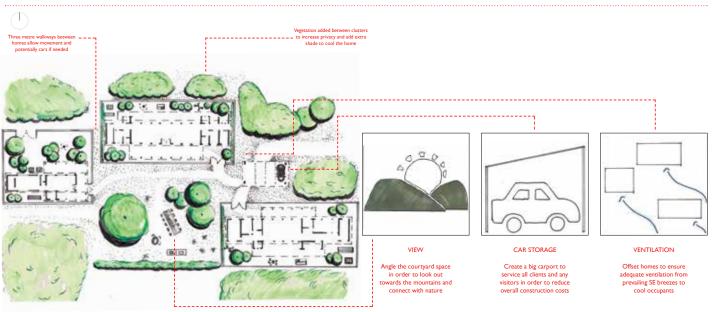
The site is relatively flat and surrounded by mountains, hence it is prone to flooding

SITE ANALYSIS



MASTERPLAN 1:1000

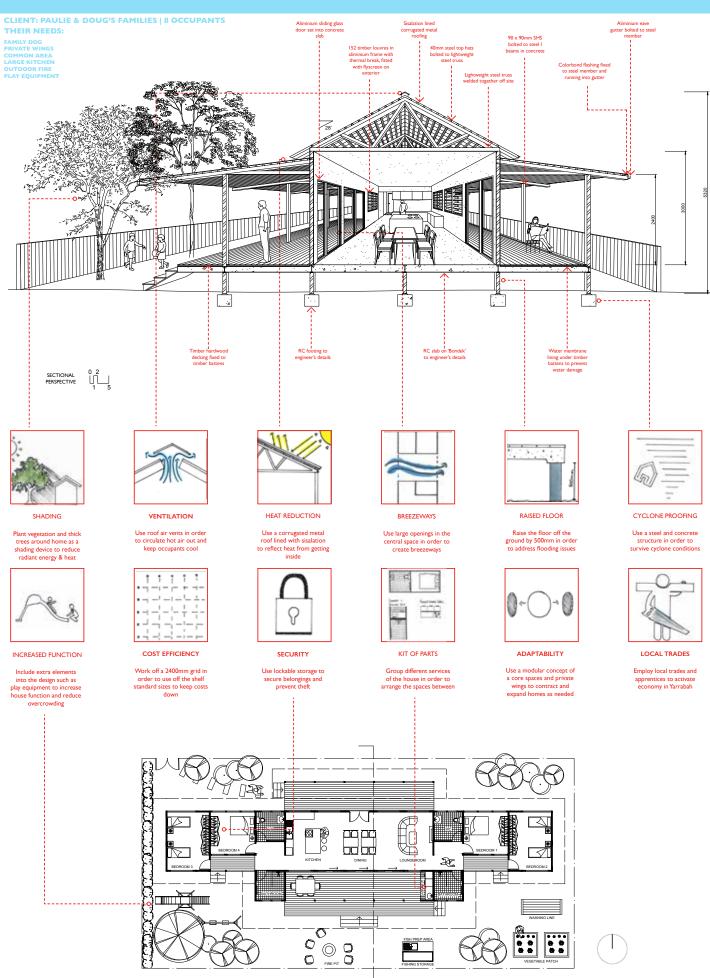
MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES



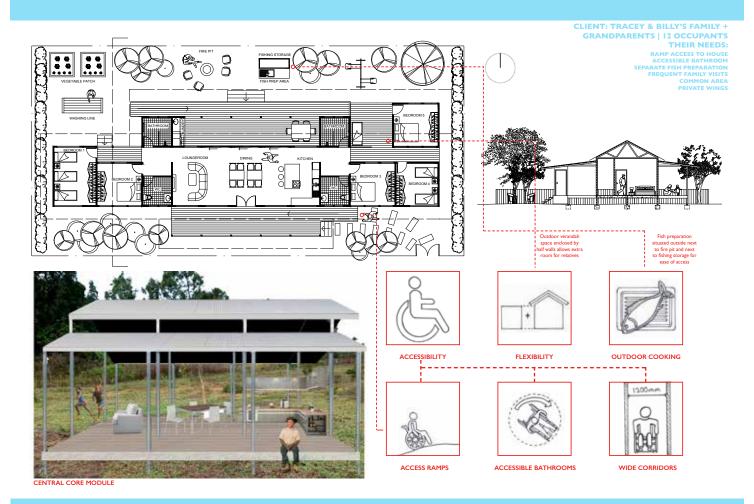
CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

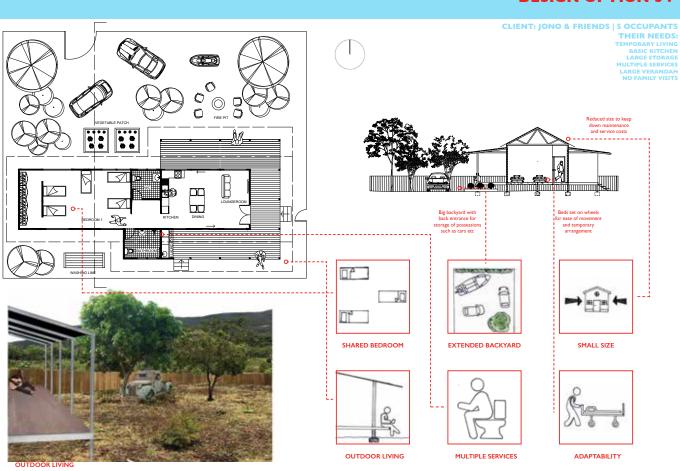
DESIGN OPTION I:

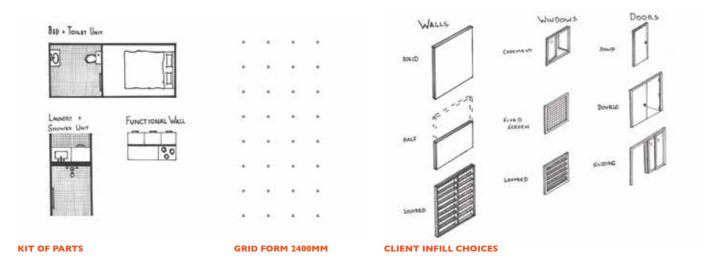


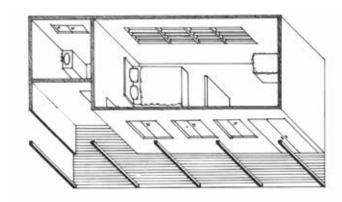
DESIGN OPTION 2:



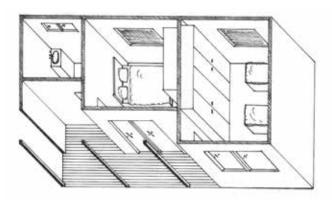
DESIGN OPTION 3:



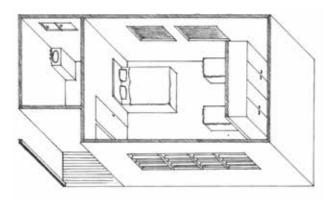




PERMUTATION I



PERMUTATION 2

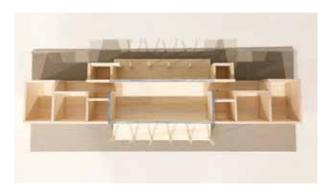


PERMUTATION 3



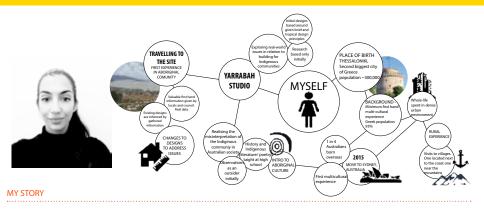








STUDENT NAME - FOTINA BOURANTA SID - 470202724









ITIAL DESIGN PROPOSALS

The initial designs did not address the housing crisis as I was not aware of this substantial issue in the community at the time. Also, the idea was to place gardens and porches on the private, isolated part of the house to provide privacy. However after consulting with members of the community it was determined that the porch is part of connecting to the community, by seating in the shaded balcony and observing passers-by. This immediately made sense to me as I recalled my own experience in living with my grandparents in a rural area for a while. Observing activity on the street was a habit for them too and the idea of enhanced privacy only came from personal experience in living in the very busy and noisy urban environment of Sydney.

PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS

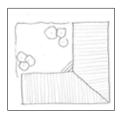






DURABLE AND AFFORDABLE MATERIALS USED FOR HOUSING. THE PORCH AS AN IMPORTANT PART OF LIVING AND CONNECTION TO THE COMMUNITY

EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



HARBORING

The initial idea of the interior harboring the exterior is to be developed and also applied to the masterplan



ELEVATED SLABS

As a principle of tropical design, slabs are to not be touching the floor to avoid heat transfer and to also allow breezes through



LIVING SPACE EXTENSION

The living space will be able to extend to the porch area. As was observed from the exiting examples this is common



SEATING STEPS ARRANGEMENT

This idea of installing steps that can also be used as seating is to be applied to all designs. Thus orientation of those steps is crucial



AMPLE SHADING

Both the roof structure and vegetation are to be used to provide ample shading from the hot tropical sun



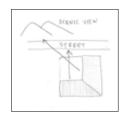
ATTENTION TO THE PORCH

As was observed during the visit to Yarrabah, the porch is an important part of living as it provides connection to the community



CONNECTED LIVING SPACES

Living spaces are to encompass a sense of openness and connection as the option to be combined will be given to residents



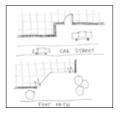
OUTLOOK + VIEWS

The dwellings' orientation is to consider views of the imposing mountain range and also connection to the street/ community.



ALLOW BREEZES

Openings in houses are to be placed in such a way that breezes are allowed through for crossventilation



FORMAL VS INFORMAL

The side of the house facing the car street is to have a formal character of an entry and wall. The side facing the community is to have various openings for further communication

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

TO ADDRESS THE PROMINENT HOUSING CRISIS IN THE COMMUNITY OF YARRABAH, RATHER THAN MODIFYING THE EXISTING CLIENTS I INTENT TO PROVIDE AN ALTERNATIVE SOLUTION FOR HOUSING MULTIPLE RESIDENTS. TRANSITIONAL HOUSING OPTIONS WILL BE PROVIDED SEPARATE TO THE DWELLING DESIGNS. HOWEVER, THE PERMANENT RESIDENTS OF THE DWELLINGS AND THE TRANSITIONING RESIDENTS WILL COMMUNICATE AND ASSIST EACH OTHER THROUGH THE ESTABLISHED PROGRAMME AND THROUGH VARIOUS COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES. THE MASTERPLAN DESIGN WILL PROMOTE THIS IDEA OF SUPPORT, PROTECTION AND SAFETY. A COMMUNAL GARDEN WILL BE CULTIVATED BY THE TRANSITIONING RESIDENTS TO PROVIDE A SENSE OF SELF-SUFFICIENCY AND THUS AIM TO RAISE THE MORALE OF THE COMMUNITY AS A WHOLE.

RETURN BRIEF



TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE

When on site it was observed that temperature varied substantially under tree shade and when standing directly under the sun



IMPOSING VIEWS

An aspect I was not aware prior to the site visit was the beautiful view of the mountains dominating the field of view



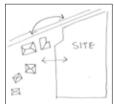
HORSE DETAINMENT

A number of horses were present at the site and although a fence was installed it was obvious how they would create a problem if the design is to proceed.



PREVAILING BREEZE

Although the site visit was on a hot day, the prevailing breeze cooled down the temperature. This is to be utilised when designing.



EXISTING RESIDENTS

Just meters from the given site it was observed that a few dwellings already exist. Consideration of the existing residents is to be made.

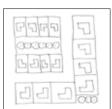


VARYING VEGETATION

On the site nature has taken over with many different kinds of trees and plants growing next to each other. This includes vegetation of different heights and sizes

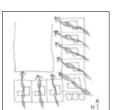
SITE ANALYSIS





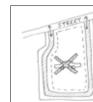
HARBOURING

The masterplan is to adopt the idea of harboring to inspire a sense of protection, support and safety for the transitional residents



ALLOW BREEZEWAYS

All permanent dwellings are positioned at the edge of the masteplan so that breezes flow freely through them without obstacles



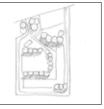
LIMITED CAR ACCESS

Cars are only to have access to the main road around the site and not within the space. This is to provide safety and peacefulness to the area



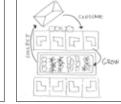
"BOTTLE NECK" ENTRANCE

The entrance to the residential part of the area is to be common so that resident communication and interaction is promoted



STRATEGIC VEGETATION

Trees and other vegetation are to provide shade and a sense of visual privacy to the plan while addressing the natural character of the site



COMMUNAL GARDEN

The garden is to be used mainly by transitional residents. This will create a sense of purpose, selfsufficiency and will also be a way to give back to the community

MASTERPLAN 1:1000

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES





MIDDLE AREA

A dividing/ transitioning area between the permanent residents' dwellings and the transitional homes is provoided to distinguish the two programs, provide sufficial space for the residents wellfare and also create a middle communication area where most activity of the community takes place. So, this area would be used by both groups for socialisation.



TRANSITIONAL DWELLINGS ORGANISED IN COUPLES

This design option will aim to 'partner' two dwellings and promote interactions of residetns as well as assistance of one another when necessary. This was new members in the community will feel more included and confident as entering the transitioning housing scheme.



MODULAR VS FREEFORM

Although both dwelling types will be designed around the same principle of harbouring the exterior, the building layout will display the difference in the type of ownership-permanent vs transitioning (temporary). The permanent homes will allow for much more mofication whereas the transitioning dwellings will provide residents a standard, rectangular building form, allwing minimum deviations



DWELLINGS PUSHED BACK FROM STREET

A public vegetated area as well as part of the property's area will be utilised to provide some division between the street and the living dwellings aiming for noise reduction and enhancement of privacy. The vegetation will provide a natural 'privacy screen from oncoming traffic.

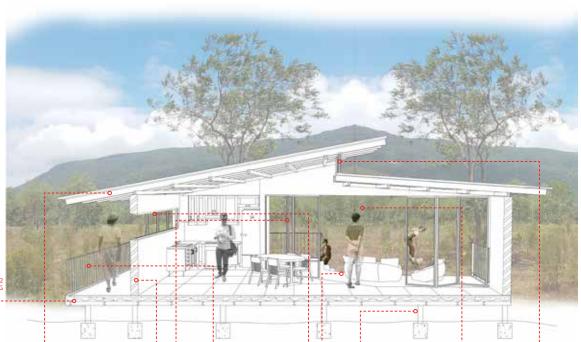
CLUSTER PLAN 1:500

CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

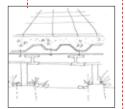
DESIGN OPTION 1:

CLIENT: PAULIE & DOUG

THEIR NEEDS: MENTAL
DISABILITY, DISABLED ACCESS,
A PLACE TO WATCH THE WORLD,
COMMON LIVING AREAS,
BEDROOMS SEPERATE (2
BEDROOMS)



SECTIONAL (AA) PERSPECTIVE OF 2 BEDROOM DWELLING



SPECIAL FLOOR SYSTEM

Cast in-situ lightweight concrete over a profiled steel sheeting laid across steel floor members. The concrete will allow tiles to be laid over for a durable interior surface



TIMBER ROOF FRAME

The roof frame structure is chosen as it is a lightweight material, relatively cheap and can be aesthetically pleasing if left exposed



CONCRETE BLOCK WALLS

Upon the site visit it was determined that most houses had concrete clock walls. This will be the choice for the designs due to afford-ability,durability and availability



SLIDING DOORS

This will create the option to have an open or enclosed living space depending on the residents active choice. This also means extended area of living spaces



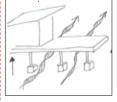
RAILING AROUND PORCH

Metal railing is to be installed around the walkable parts of the porch for safety



WINDOW OVER KITCHEN

Windows are to be installed over the kitchen benches to provide ample task light and to also allow cross-ventilation through



ELEVATED FLOOR

Floors are to be elevated from the ground to avoid heat transfer and to also allow breezes through.



VINYL DURADECK PORCH

The surface of the porch is to be overlaid with Duradeck material for waterproofing, minimum maintenance, durability, ease of cleaning and temperature contol (light colour)



OVERLAPPING ROOFS WITH OPENING

The two overlapping roofs are to be cladded with a corrugated steel sheet and are to have an operable opening in the middle for ventilation and light control



EXTERIOR ORIENTATION

The exterior of the houses is to be placed in such a way to provide views of the mountains and the street (for community interactions)





SIMPLIFIED VERSION OF MODULAR TRANSITIONAL HOME PLAN 1:100

DESIGN OPTION 2:







MINIMISE SIZE To minimise cost of operation and maintanance and to provide easy of management



Although not a requirement, the house layout is to be inclusive and plan for future. Also to accommodate visitors



ORGANISATION As per the client's needs the outdoor arrangement is to accommodate the activities he participates in



This is for interactions while using kitchen and to accommodate the special activity of fish preparation



PROMOTE INTERACTIONS To psychologically assist the "withdrawn" client and to provide connection to community and supervision



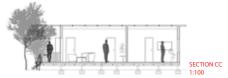
Although not a requirement the house is to accommodate drop offs and visitors with cars, so a driveway and clearing to be provided

DESIGN OPTION 3:



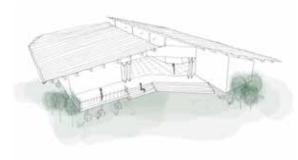
SIMPLIFIED VERSION OF MODULAR TRANSITIONAL HOME PLAN 1:100

SECTION BB





SIMPLIFIED VERSION OF MODULAR TRANSITIONAL HOME PLAN 1:100



SPACE SUPERVISION

To provide safety and ease the tasks of parents with multiple kids. This is created through the openness of the space



MULTIPLE CAR SPOTS

To address the needs of the multiple occupants of the dwelling (parents, visitors, other family).



PRIVATE BATHROOM

To address the parent's privacy and personal time which is ofter overlooked with many kids and other responsibilities.



KITCHEN STORAGE

With larger families the requirements in terms of cooking and food storage increase substantially thus special storage linked to the kitchen is to be provided



ACCESSIBILITY

This addresses the initial requirement of the given brief and creates a space based on equity in the community



PORCH LOOKOUT

The more dwelling occupants the larger the porch needs to beand to maintain the steps/seating module an additional lookout space is to be installed

MODEL PHOTOS

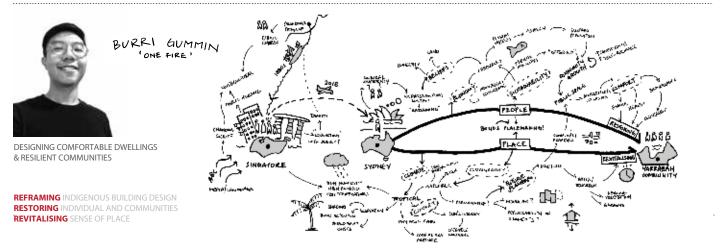








MY STORY



PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS



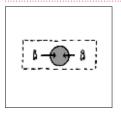
EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH

ADDRESSING THE NEGATIVE SOCIAL IMPLICATIONS OF OVERCROWDING CONSIDERATION OF AFFORDABLE CONSTRUCTION AND DESIGN

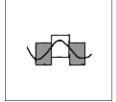


OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE

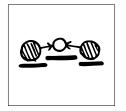




CORE SPACE provide communal gathering space



RHYTHM OF SPACES spatial variations suggest public/private thresholds

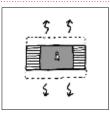


HIERARCHY OF SPACE raised floors suggest public/private thresholds



KEY DESIGN PRINCIPLES

MODULE FLEXIBILITY modular layout to configure non-standard spaces



CLIMATE-SENSITIVE

maximise thermal comfort through arrangement of program



AFFORDABILITY accessible materials and ease of transportation

RETURN BRIEF

DELIVERING A SALUTOGENIC APPROACH TO EASE OVERCROWDING

SUPPORTING INWARD HUMAN HEALTH & WELLBEING PROMOTING OUTWARD SOCIAL ENGAGEMENT BASED ON PRINCIPLES OF MODULE FLEXIBILITY, AFFORDABILITY & CLIMATE SENSITIVITY

SITE ANALYSIS



SUN PATH

tropical monsoon climate hot summers / mild winters



PREVAILING WIND

predominantly from south-east



SURROUNDING TOPOGRAPHY

vegetated upslope on east of site with tall gum trees



VIEWS TO SURROUNDING

sited between two mountain ranges to east & west



CYCLONE-PRONE AREA

prone to seasonal flooding due to proximity to coast

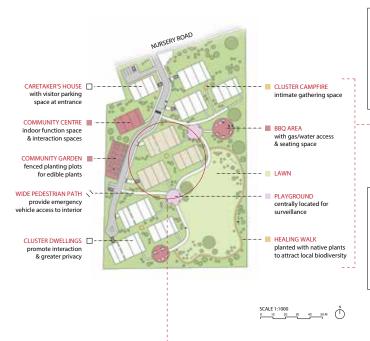


INDIGENOUS COMMUNITY

consider site & community as legacy of mission settlement

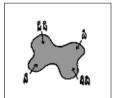
MASTERPLAN 1:1000

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES



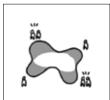
- - HIERARCHY OF SPACES

suggest threshold between public/private spaces



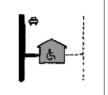
COMMUNAL SPACES

provide large gathering space for community



CLUSTER SPACES

provide semi-private spaces at smaller scale



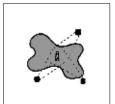
ACCESSIBLE SPACES

easy access to dwellings and communal space



WALKABILITY

separate vehicle and pedestrian circulation for safety



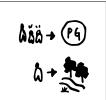
SURVEILLANCE

increase feeling of safety within community

.CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

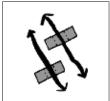
CLUSTER PRINCIPLES





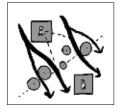
PROXIMITY TO AMENITY

place amenity close to dwelling of expected user group



STAGGERED MASSING

maximise overall natural ventilation in cluster



PLANTED BOUNDARIES

provide porous interface between dwellings

SALUTOGENIC APPROACH + LINDA SMITH'S 25 INDIGENOUS PROJECTS

INWARD APPROACH - SELF

.

place for storytelling between generations place for self-reflection and hope



EALING WALK

place for connecting with land place for quiet self-restoration



COMMUNITY CENTRE / GARDEN

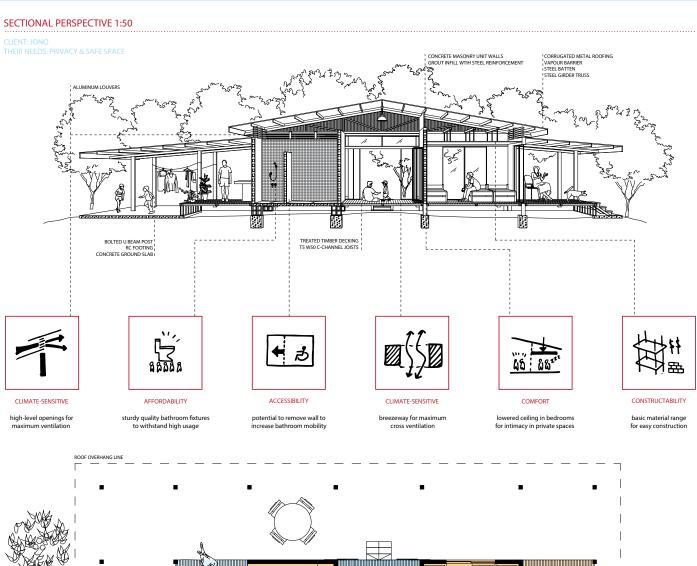
OUTWARD APPROACH - COMMUNITY

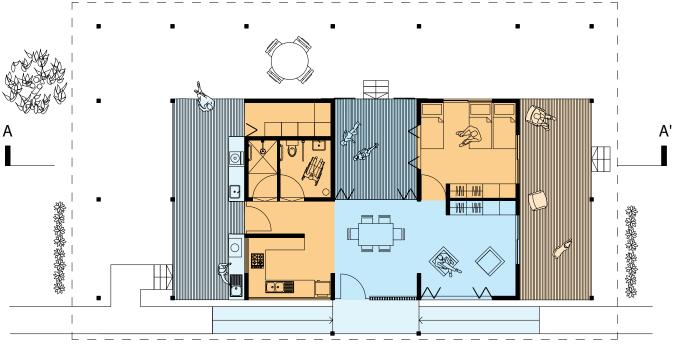
connect with agencies towards self-reliance place to discover and learn skills



BARBEQUE AREA

place to celebrate food as central to culture place to share as community's way of life









MODULE FLEXIBILITY allow concurrent usage by multiple occupants



CLIMATE-SENSITIVE extensive verandahs shade east & west facades



consolidate services to reduce infrastructure cost



single or couple



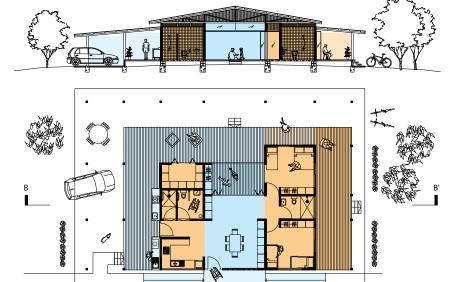
2 BEDROOM small family & 3 friends

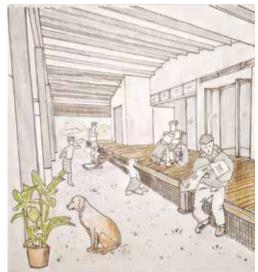


family & 4 friends

DESIGN OPTION 2







DESIGN PRINCIPLES



MULTIFUNCTIONAL

living area by day or sleepout by night



CLIMATE-SENSITIVE

sliding flyscreen doors for living/sleepout space



AFFORDABILITY

maximise activity area reduce circulation area





2 BEDROOM 2 singles or couples



family & 2 friends



3 BEDROOM WITH SLEEPOUT family & 4 friends

DESIGN OPTION 3







DESIGN PRINCIPLES



in-built storage cater to multi-functional space



CLIMATE-SENSITIVE

ventilated roof space above bedrooms for thermal comfort



AFFORDABILITY

potential to expand rooms into deck space in future



_____5M 💍 OCCUPANCY CONFIGURATIONS

SCALE 1:100





4 BEDROOM WITH SLEEPOUT large family with relatives



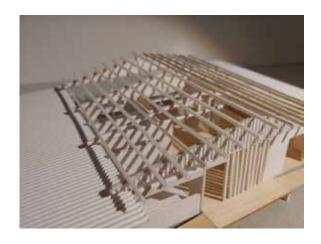
extended family with relatives





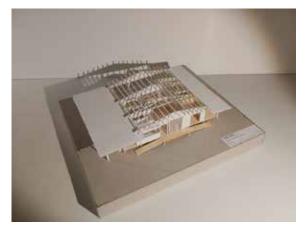








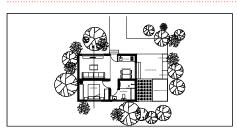


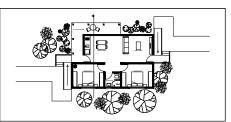


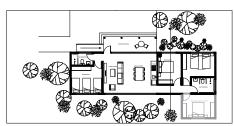




MY STORY







PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS

 $facade\ of\ the\ house\ : simple\ fence, bright\ colour\ house, big\ front\ outdoor\ space$



photo of bedroom in local house, not enough storage , only boxes inside



photo of the site: mountain, shady trees on site



EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



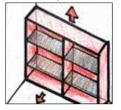
COMMUNICATION

everyone know each other in community,use simple fence in order to see outside and communication



CONVENIENCE

big front ourdoor space in order to easy to take something ,like prepare to fish



ENOUGH SPACE TO STORE

put more storage space to store in order to solve the problem of having no space to store



BIG BEDROOM

they have many children in one family ,build big bedroom in order to accommodate everyone



ENJOY THE VIEW

the mountain is beautiful,build a big window in order to enjoy the view and life



TREE'S SHADOW

plant trees on both side of the road in order to provide shadow and provide coolness to pedestrians



BLOCK THE SUN

use big roof in order to block the sun



VENTILATION STRATEGIES

use sloping roof and louver in order to disperse heat through ventilation



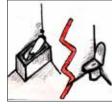
NATURAL MATERIAL

use tea tree as the material in order to protect the enviroment and save money



CONNECTING INSIDE AND OUTSIDE

use sliding door in order to connect inside and outside



CONVENIENCE

separate bathrooms and toilets in order for people can use it at same time



ACCESSIBILITY

FLAT GROUND IN ORDER TO ACCESSIBILITY FOR DISABLED PEOPLE

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

DESIGN A HOUSE FOR A LARGE FAMILY, LESS MONEY FOR MORE COMFORTABLE HOUSE CONSIDER THE PROBLEMS OF LARGE NUMBERS

RETURN BRIEF

SITE MASTERPLAN:



FEELING SITE: BIG AREA

through site walking , I feel it is a big space, so I need to group house rather than disperse them



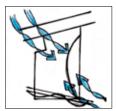
OUTLOOK

the view -mountain from the southwest is most interesting and beautiful



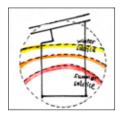
FEELING HOT

walking in the site, I feel very hot even not in the summer, the pathway need shadow



CONSTANT BREEZE

the wind comes south east and north west,the building also can build in this direction



SOLAR STUDY

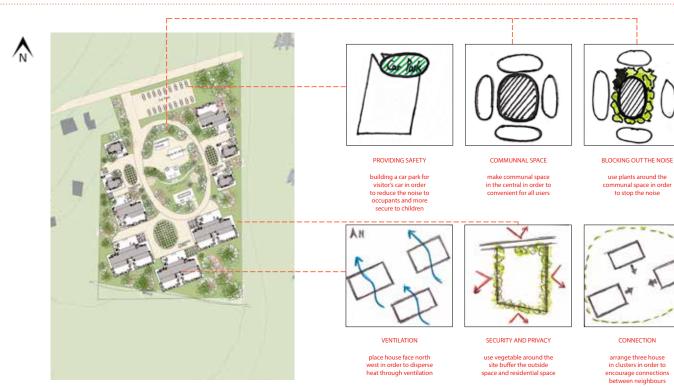
need to watch out the hot sun from the west at afternoon, the house need to block the sun from the



TREE SHADOW

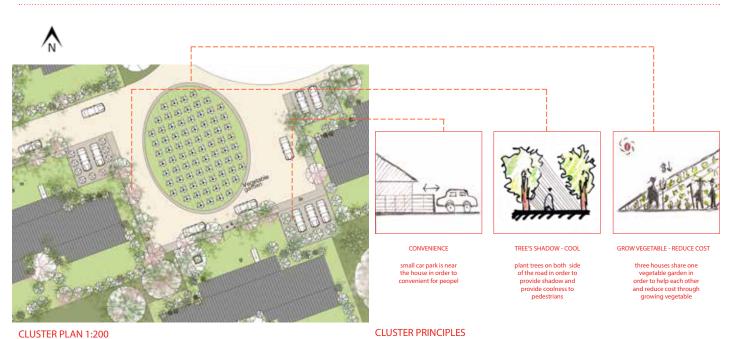
their are many tea tree bushs in the site, it can provide shadow and provide coolness to pedestrians

SITE ANALYSIS

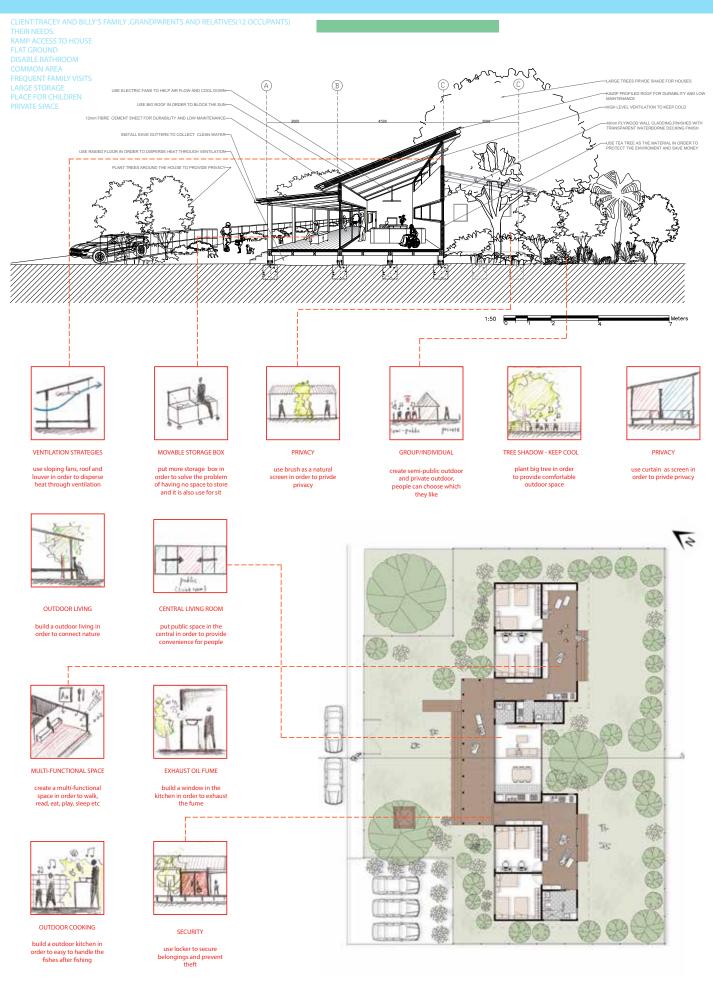


MASTERPLAN 1:1000

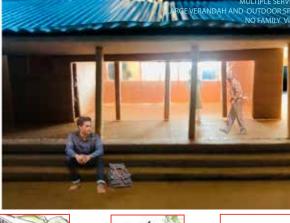
MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES



DESIGN OPTION 1:









STREET VIEW use simple fence in order to see outside and communication



use curtain as screen in order to privde privacy



BIG EMPTY SPACE this room without any walls in order to future renovate



SMALL SIZE



BIG OUTDOOR SPACE

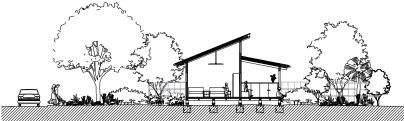


WATER COLLECTION

DESIGN OPTION 3:

4

13







GROUP/INDIVIDUAL create semi-public outdoor and private outdoor, people can choose which

PRIVACY



MULTI-FUNCTIONAL SPACE create a multi-functional space in order to walk, read, eat, play, sleep etc



access ramps flat ground and disable toilet in order to help disable people



CHILD SAFETY



STORAGE

















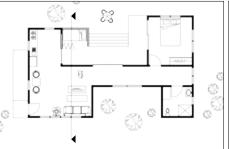
STUDENT NAME: Jinkun Liu SID: 460150602





MY STORY







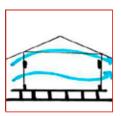
PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS



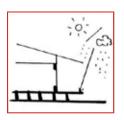




EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH

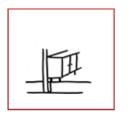


Have openings on both sides in order to produce cross ventilation.



Overhang Roof

Use overhang roof in order to keep out sunlight and rain drops.



Raised up the floor and forniture in order to avoid flooding and keep out the bugs.

Raised up floor and bench



Space for future

Raised up the floor and forniture in order to avoid flooding and keep out the bugs.



Use steel as part of the main structure in order to resist Cyclone.



Use flyscreens to keep bugs out in order to maintian a healthy space.



Use local workers in order to pass on the techniques of construction in case they need to repaire or build ther houses.



Large Space
Use large space in order to accomodate all.

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

A family buy a bush block and five years later their sister's family decide to move in with them, another five years goes by grandma gets sick and moves in as well so they can take care of her.



Horses

Use fences around the site in order to keep horses out.



Vegetation

Use the native low bushes as fence in order to keep each block's privacy.



Wind

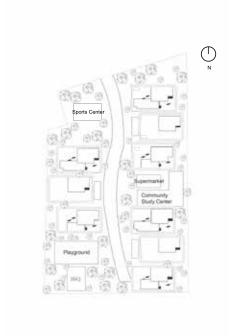
Shorten the width of each house in order to get cross ventilation.



Solar

Minimize the area facing west in order to keep a comfortable temperature all year.

SITE ANALYSIS





Avoid Flooding

Place the houses on each side of road in order to avoid flooding in residential area.



Different Zone

Place the houses with individual car park near the road to provide easier entrance to disable residents, place the playround at the end of the road where has lees traffic to keep children safe.



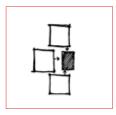
Grou

Put three houses together as a group in order to share common areas in reasonable numbers of people.

MASTERPLAN 1:1000

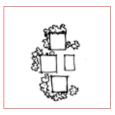
MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES

Car Park



Shared Car Park

use sharing car park in order to reduce the cost of each house and place the car park in the center of a grouped three houses in order to be more



Environment

Plant vegetation around each block to provide shades and nature surroundings.



Bushes

Use bushes as fence to keep the privacy of the house.

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

CLIENT: Two family, 8 people THEIR NEEDS: Separate living space with individual rooms for children.





Backyard

Keep an outdoor space away from road in order to keep children's safety.



Large Common Area

Have a shared common space in center of two wings in order to provide enough space for families to social.



Sheltered decking

Have a sheltered decking area in order to hang clothes in rainy days and can be a place to sleep outside.



Two Separate Space

Have the two houses connected by the common space in order to provide privacy for each family.



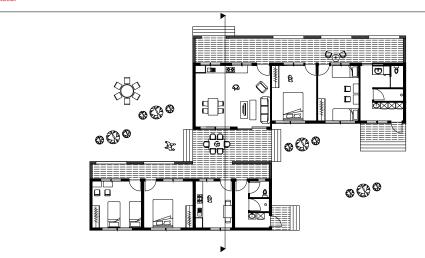
Study Space

Have a study place inside children's room to provide them a quiet space to learn.



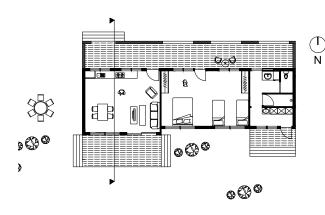
Private View

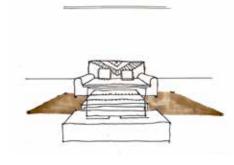
Each bedroom facing their own view in order to keep privacy.

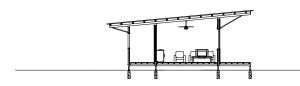




CLIENT: One family, 4 people THEIR NEEDS: Baic needs, one bedroom, one bathroom and living room.











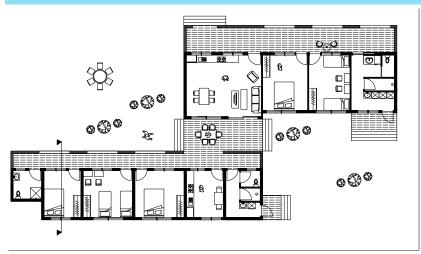


Indoor/ Outdoor Space

Large Room Can Be Seperate Based on Needs

Seperate Bathroom

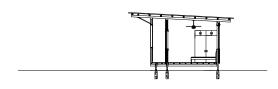
DESIGN OPTION 3:





CLIENT: Two Family and Their Grandparents, 10 people THEIR NEEDS: An individual room for grandparents near the families so they can take care of them.











Private View



BANNING OF PROVINCIAL LANGUAGE BY NORTHERN GOVERNMENT WHICH LEADS TO LOSS OF OWN LOCAL CULTURE AND TRADITION.A DISCONNECT BETWEEN
GENERATIONS DUE TO
LINGUISTIC DIVIDES.

WITH THE LOSS WITHTHE LOSS
OF LAND AND
HOME COMESTHE
RESPONSIBILITY
TO MAINTAIN AND
LONG FOR CULTURE,
TRADITION, ANCESTORS,
FAITH AND STORIES. PARTICIPATORY DESIGN: CITIZEN CONTROL PARTNERSHIP DELEGATED POWER

PEOPLE TIME AGENCY CONTINUITY COLLABORATION

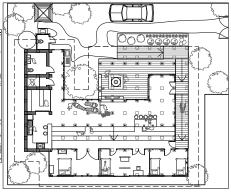
IMPROVISATION FLUENCY ETHICS PRINCIPLES siófis <u>Ar</u>

CULTURAL REVIVAL BY LOCAL AND MIGRATED COMMUNITIES AS ATTEMOT TO RVITALISE CULTURE AND CULTURE AND
RECONCILE THE LOSS
OF THE HOME LAND,
ONE'S LAND BEING A
CRUCIAL AND SPIRITUAL
ASPECT OF LIFE.

FAMILY IS THE ELEMENT FAMILY IS THE ELEMENT IN LIFE THAT CONNECTS US WITH OUR PAST AND EMPOWERS US IN OR FUTURE, THEREFOR A SPACE IS NEEDED THAT HELPS US UNITE AND LIVE AS A FAMILY UNIT.

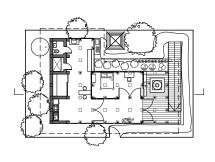






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EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



BREEZEBLOCKS PAINT BRIGHT

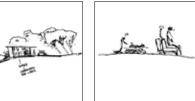








common and available in yarrabah, it is also a functional and ornamental unit that can transform a spatial relationship



LIFE ON THE VERANDAH

well ventilated, shaded and private, locals will do all they can on it, from eating to chatting to sleeping



PERFERATED STEEL

great material which is ommonly used as a means of screening a space but allowing for ventilation



TIMBER AND CORRUGATED STEEL rather than thatching, light timber and corrugated steel are the prefered vernacular materials which allow easy DIY



ORIENTATION ON SITE

the vernacular bush architecture sits beneath tree shade and opens up to the north, living at north and working at south



bright tropical colours, this is an opportunity for personalisation but also

improves the concrete block finish

THE BLACK SPOT

each house has several burnt spaces in the garden, these are fire spots which are the center of activity, from cooking to chatting



HALFHALF

the internal spaces of houses are to sleep and be warm, otherwise all life is outside so it is worth providing half of the spaces as sheltered outdoor



EXTENDED CAMP

camping is common, for when the visit to yarrabah is short and for when the home is too overcrowded



FISH AND DRIFT

fishing activities and car activities are very common, so provide enough space and facilities for both, many



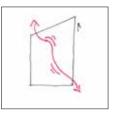
COMFORT IN THE OPEN

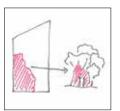
due to lack of trust, poison free, exits are common and they can see all

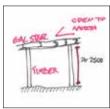
OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

25% TRANSIENT POPULATION + 33% 15-34 YEARS OLD + 12 PEOPLE PER HOUSE THIS IS THE REALITY, SO DESIGN TO FACILITATE COMFORTABLE LIVING FOR MANY, WITH A VARIETY OF HOUSING TYPES











PACING OUT

after having paced out a 20 by 15 block it was noticed that the houses could be bigger and would sit well on the site

ESCAPED HORSES

despite fencing the site is full of signs of escaped horses which means significant efforts must be made to control their circulation and entry

CONSTANT BREEZE

it was confirmed that the wind comes south east and north west, the breeze is constant so structures should capture and exploit the breeze

TEATREE SHADE

the most pleasant space on the site was a south west corner of dense tea tree bush, the trees shade and cool the space dramaticaly so they should be promoted on masterplan

CURRENT STRUCTURE

an existing horse shelter was very effective in shading and keeping cool, it was tall and opened up to the north, focusing on protecting from the midday high sun

CONSTANT DIRECT SUN

has constant sun hitting it especially now that trees were removed, ensure walkways and outdoor spaces are well covered

0 5 10 20 30

MASTERPLAN I:1000

SITE ANALYSIS





TIE CLUSTERS WITH OPEN COURTYARD

create a passive and open

area with shaded incidental



CENTRAL & COMMUNAL GARDENS

shared community run

kitchen garden beds provide much needed

BUSH BLOCKS

each block is set amongst trees which provide layers of privacy as well as timber for construction and fire







ROAD SPINE

acts as the sole entry and branches off with unsealed roads and walkways which are for cars and activity

KEY communal spaces

housing

SELF SUFFICIENT

the community and dwellings should be mostly self sufficient with energy and water so to avoid the need for big pipe infrastructure



by providing a place to park a car, boat or horse it reduces the likely hood of junk yards and livestock roaming freely





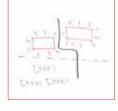
THE LOCAL

resteraunt, shop and cafe to generate jobs especially for the youth housing as well as a humble and safe night life



A PARK FOR ALL

everyone of all ages, there is a place for kids to play in, families to cook and dine, and for fishers to clean and cook straight away



REDUCE DISTURBANCE by locating the sports ground, the youth housing and restaurant/cafe at the north entrance of the site, it avoids cars, and loud sounds traveling down to the more family based housing



MASTERPLAN + CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

4 FAMILIES

CLIENT:

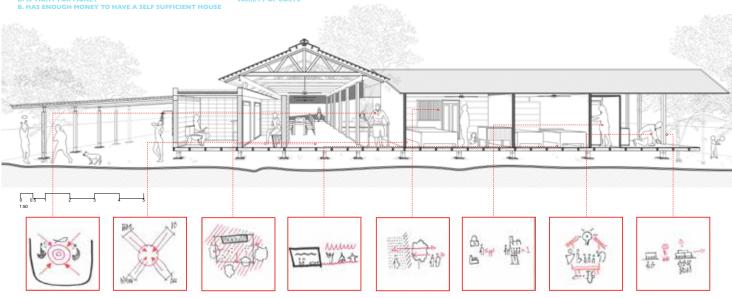
LARGE FAMILY WITH:

THEIR NEEDS:

A PLACE TO BE GATHERED AS ONE BIG FAMILY
SEPERATE BATHROOMS
A SPACE TO THEMSELVES
D. IS TIGHT FOR MONEY
B. HAS ENOUGH MONEY TO HAVE A SELF SUFFICIENT HOUSE

A. 2 GRANDPARENTS B. 2 PARENTS 3 CHILDREN 1 YOUNG ADULT C. 2 PARENTS 2 CHILDREN D. 2 PARENTS 2 CHILDREN 1 INFANT

CLOSE UP LIVING CORE FOR WINTER OPPORTUNITY TO EXPAND FOR MORE KIDS A. WANT A QUIET SPOT VARIETY OF COSTS



CENTRAL FIRE

the central fire is the tie between inside and out and is a place of gathering and cooking

WINGED HOUSE

facilitate inevitable co-living by providing varied housing types and family wings connected by central, open, shared living spaces

VERANDAH LIVING

the verandah connected to the amenities core is the central living space which connects all the homes and distinguishes quiet areas

OUIET PARTY

provide private, quiet and safe spaces for children to study, sleep and be safe whilst there are guests or

LAYERS OF PRIVACY

screens, louvres and vegetation provide layers of privacy allowing outwards observation yet modesty

VARIED AMENITIES

combination of individual and shared amenities to increase health and comfort

SWEAT EQUITY

owner builder and occupant design increase ownership and pride of home

FACILITATE

EXPANSION facilitate expansion, stage bilds and DIY renovation to aid family growth and future proof the home



ORGANISATION LEAD BY AMENITIES CORE. VERANDAH, DETACHED DWELLINGS WITH MODESTY GARDENS



LOWER AND SHADED MODESTY GARDENS FOR EACH FAMILY DWELLING TO HAVE PRIVACY AND FEMALE MODESTY



ELEVATED AND
COVERED PLATFORM
ON SIDE OF DWELLING:
TO BE FOUNDATION
FOR DIY EXPANSION



STEEL GRATE SURFACE AT ENTRIES TO CLEAN FEET, TIMBER FLOORING FOR ALL OTHER WALKWAYS TO PROVIDE BAREFOOT COMFORT



VARIED WINDOWS, PERFERATED STEEL SHEETS AND BREEZEBLOCKS HELP VARY PRIVACY, VENTILATION AND CATCH BREEZES



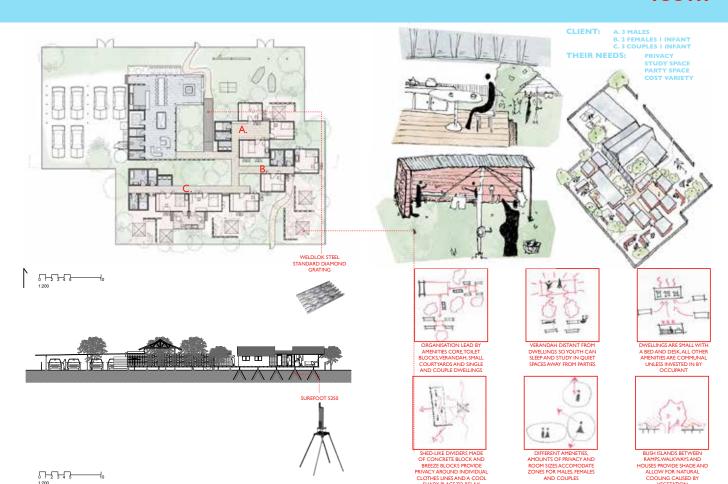


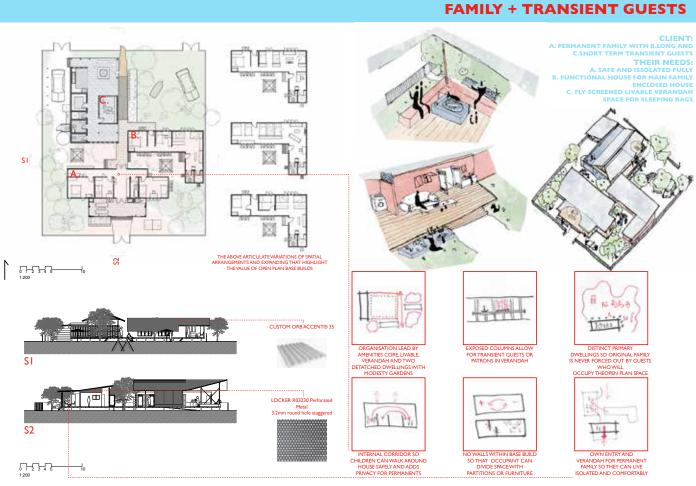
KEY TO ALL PLANS communal space private spaces

circulation

0 1 2 3

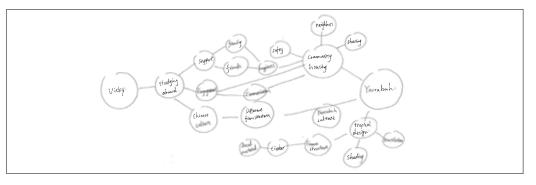
YOUTH



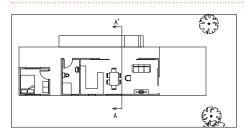


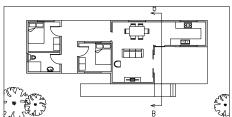


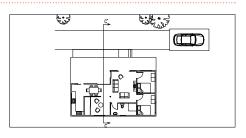




MY STORY







PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS







VISITED YARRABAH AND MET COMMUNITY MEMBERS

SITE VISIT. A WILD PLACE WITH BEAUTIFUL VIEW

HOUSE VISIT. A BIG FAMILY LIVE IN THIS HOUSE

EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH

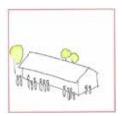


USE SHADING TO CREATE PHYSICAL COMFORT



SHADING

USE TREE TO PROVIDE SHADING



BIG HOUSE

DESIGN A BIG HOUSE THAT
ACCOMODATE A BIG FAMILY
(20PPL) TO BETTER FOLLOW
THEIR LIVING STYLE



FAMILY BEDROOM

A BEDROOM THAT
ACCOMODATES A
FAMMILY, WHICH IS PART
OF YARRABAH CULTURE



INCLUDE A LARGE OUTDOOR LIVING AREA AS PEOPLE IN YARRABAH PREFER TO STAY OUTSIDE

OUTDOOR LIVING



BUILD HALF THE HOUSE AND LEAVE THE OTHER HALF FOR CLIENTS TO BUILD, WHICH SAVE THE COST AND HELPS IMPROVE THE SENCE OF OWNERSHIP

HALF HOUSE



ELEVATED

ELEVATED THE HOUSE TO AVOID FLOODING



BATHROOM

INCLUDE ENOUGH
BATHROOMS IN THE
HOUSE TO AVOID
OVERCROWDED ISSUE



REPLACE DINING TABLE WITH EXTRA SEATINGS, AS WE FOUND OUT LOCAL PEOPLE PREFER THAT



TIMBER STRUCTURE
LIGHT TIMBER STRUCTURE
UTILISING LOCAL
MATERIALS TO ACHIEVE
SUSTAINIBILITY



USE RAMP TO MAKE IT ACCESSIBLE FOR DISABLED

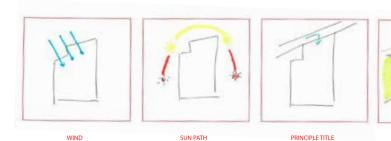


OUTDOOR CIRCULATION

MAKE THE OUTDOOR
SPACE USABLE
CILCULATION SPACE TO
SAVE THE COST

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

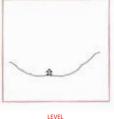
DESIGN HOUSES FOR BIG FAMILY, AND ADDRESS THE OVERCROWDED ISSUE.



SUN IS LOWER IN THE WINTER





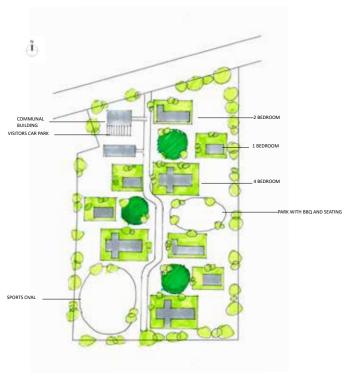




THE SITE IS LOCATED IN NICE MOUNTAIN VIEW TO THE VALLEY THE WEST

SITE ANALYSIS

COOL BREEZE FROM NORTH WEST









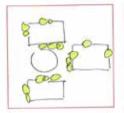
FENCE
USE FENCE TO KEEP
ANIMAL OUT

USE EXISITING PLANTS AS BUILDING MATERIAL, OR TO PROVIDE SHADE, IN ORDER TO REDUCE COST

CONNECTION

SIT EACH CLUSTER NEST TO
THE MAIN ROAD TO ALLOW
A CONNECTION BETWEEN
HOUSES AND COMMUNITY







HAVING THE COMMUNAL BUILDING AND CAR PARK RIGHT NEXT TO THE MAIN ENTRY, IN ORDER TO GUIDE VISITORS

COMMUNAL BUILDING

VEGETATION

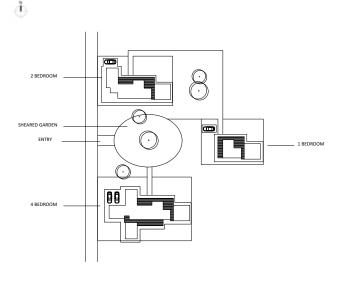
USE TREE TO PROVIDE PRIVACY, AND CREATE BOUNDARY

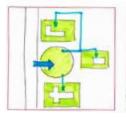
NATURAL COOLING

HAVING TREES IN THE
OUTDOOR COMMUNAL
SPACE TO PROVIDE
NATURAL COOLING

MASTERPLAN 1:1000

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES









CONNECTION

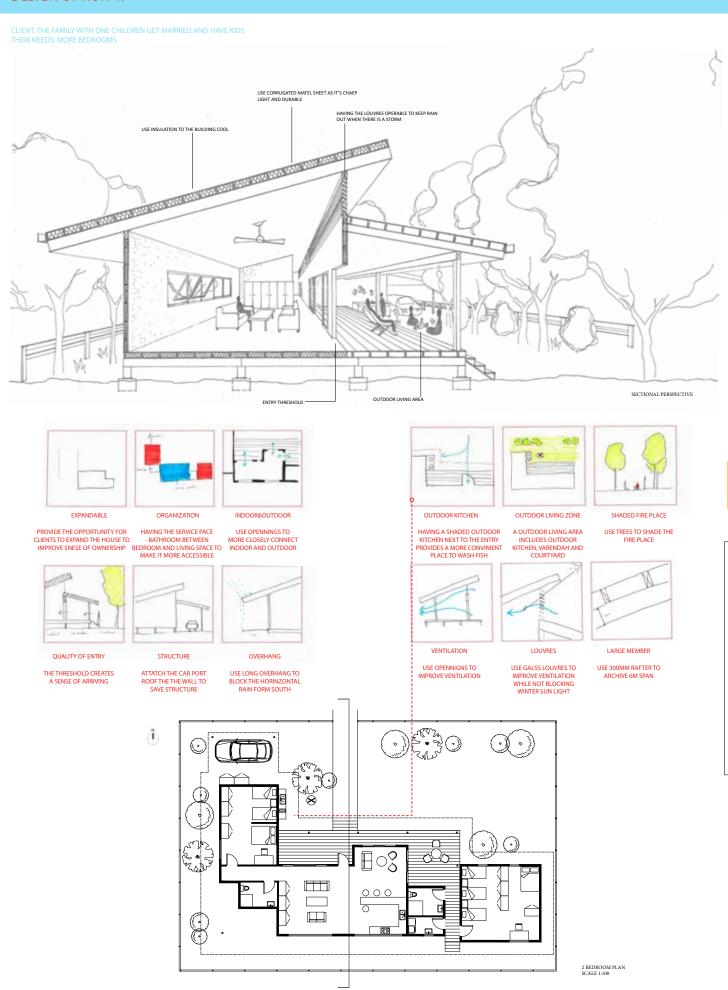
THRESHOLD

CREATE A THRESHOLD FROM PUBLIC ROAD, SEMI-PUBLIC CLUSTER GARDEN AND HOUSE, IN ORDER TO PROVIDE A SENCE OF ARRIVING

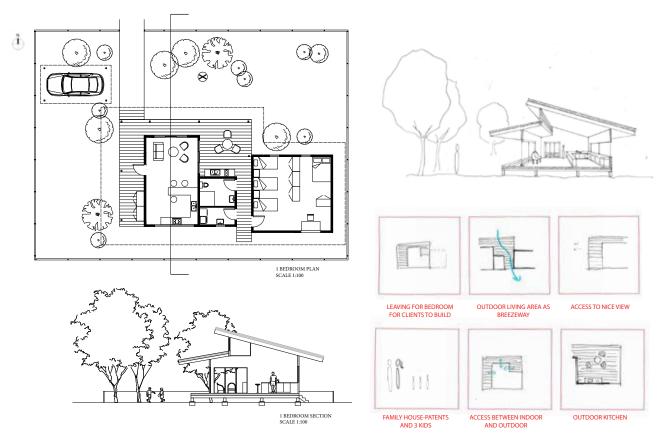
GATHERING

USE BIG TREE AS THE SHARED GARDEN
GATHERING POINT DRAW CONNECTION
AMONG NEIGHBORS

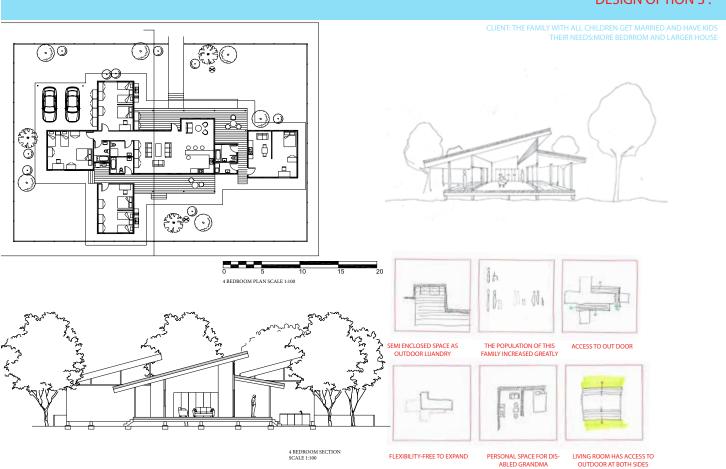
CLUSTER PLAN 1:500



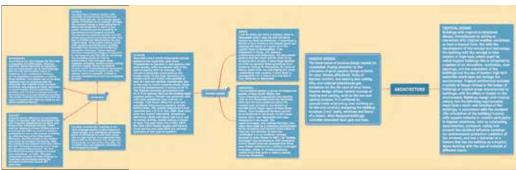
CLIENT: PARENTS AND THREE KIDS THEIR NEEDS: A FAMILY HOUSE



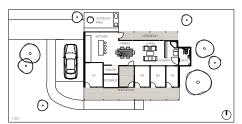
DESIGN OPTION 3:



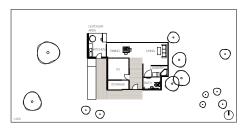




MY STORY







PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS



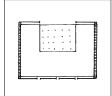




EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH







NORTH FACING

Open, protected living space with minimal openings on East + West facades



Building elevated to account for flooding + additions + ventilation



SHADECLOTH

Black insect-proof shade mesh for privacy + sun-shading



VERANDAHS

For exterior circulation + outdoor living spaces



AFFORDABLE

Where possible cutting costs in materials + construction + labour



Layering of walls + windows orientated towards prevailing breezes generate cross ventilation

LOUVRES



Pre-fabricated kit pods to be added in response to fluctuation in family size



Owner/ builder system mentored labour program to gain sweat equity



SUREFOOT

Multi-directional,
cyclone proof, screw-pile
footing



"FISHERMAN'S STATION"

Fish filleting and cleaning bench to support local lifestyle



Use of water tanks + irrigated food gardens to promote sustainable, healthy living

GREEN SYSTEMS

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

THE CRISIS IN YARRABAH MUST BE ADDRESSED WITH A FLEXIBLE, AFFORDABLE SYSTEM.
USING TROPICAL DESIGN TO REDUCE OVERCROWDING. EMPOWERING LOCAL PEOPLE &
BUSINESS. AND BEGIN TO CONSIDER THIS A LONG-TERM AND ITERATIVE HOUSING PROCESS



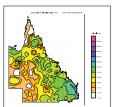
SOLAR STUDY

Powerful mid-day sun must be protected against through passive sun-shading



WIND ROSE

Clockwise from left; dry season, annual afternoon + morning and wet season (prevailing Southerlies)



RAINFALL

10-25mm 1st to 19th 1992mm annually on an average 154 days, majority of rainfall occurs January - March



SITE BOUNDARY

Site 215 SP284220 Accessed by Nursery Rd, the site has scattered native flora



FLOOD PLAIN

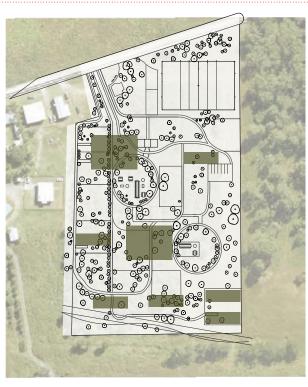
Wet season brings tropical cyclones, on average 1992mm of rain every year, and this can cause flooding

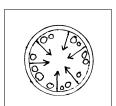


COASTLINE

Fishery zoning, reefs, islands and boundaries + protected areas

SITE ANALYSIS





CLEARING PARKS

Circular clearing parks to denote public community amenities and place for story telling



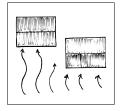
NATIVE GROVES

Native trees planted in small canopies for sun shading + gathering places + privacy



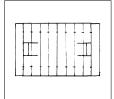
PUBLIC BARBECUE

Shared cooking amenity to promote shared community meals + place of leisure



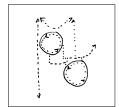
STAGGERED PLANNING

Exposure to the South to capture cool, prevailing Southerly breezes



FOOTY FIELD

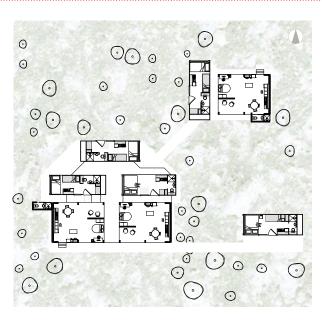
To support young population and sport of rugby league



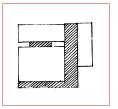
WALKING TRACKS

To link housing + parks + ammenities so that they are interconnected

MASTERPLAN I:1000



MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES



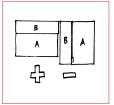
ADJOINING VERANDAHS

To link new additions + provide shaded elevated, outdoor areas



COURTYARD

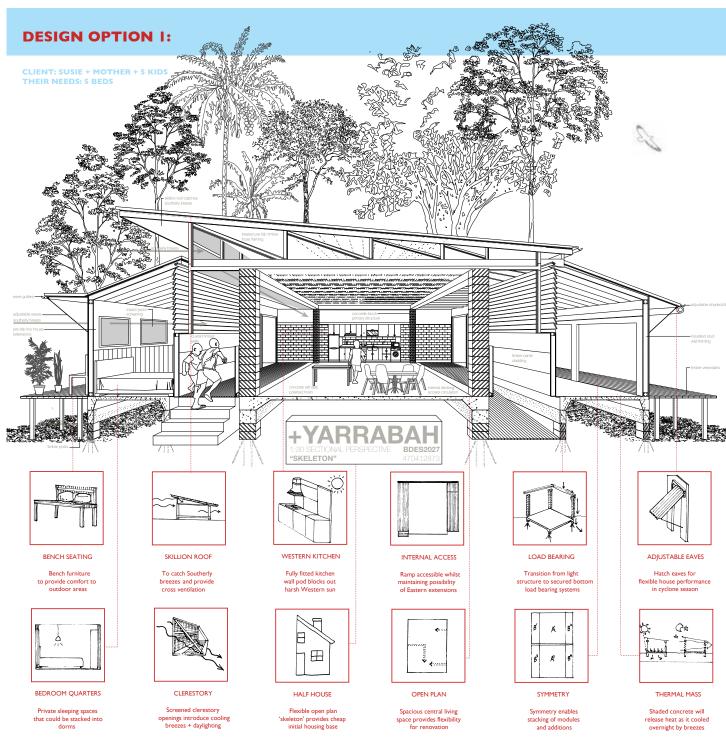
Shared, well ventilated, courtyards created through placement of pods

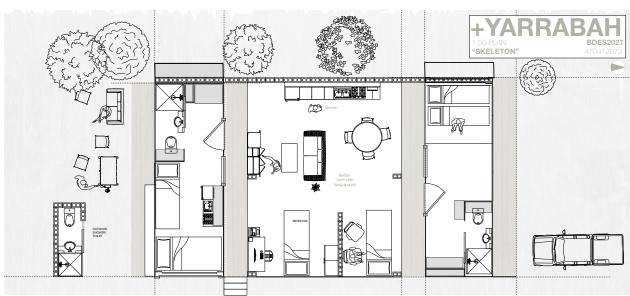


MODULAR PODS

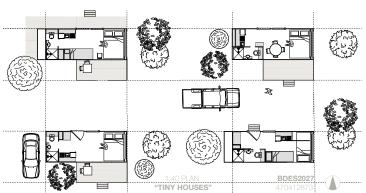
Different cluster combinations of pods + 'skeleton' for different family dynamics

CLUSTER PLAN 1:600





CLIENT: TONY THEIR NEEDS: I BEDROOM













CANVAS CANOPY

CURTAINS

STORAGE SHEDS







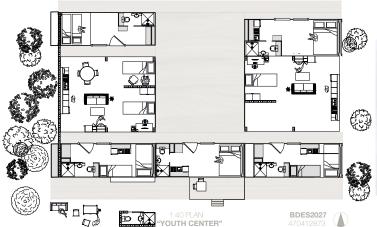
OUTDOOR SHOWER

OUTDOOR OVEN

FOLDING BEDS

DESIGN OPTION 3:

CLIENT: 13 TEENAGERS THEIR NEEDS: 13 BEDS







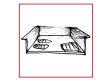


TREE WALL



CLOTHESLINE

RECYCLED MATERIALS





OUTDOOR SLEEPING

COMMON ROOMS

STUDENT NAME: Camille Symonds SID: 470446199

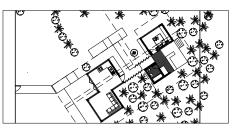


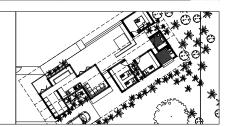
Second Year

Secon

MY STORY

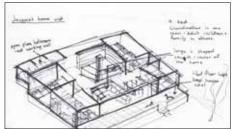






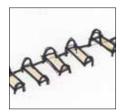
PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS







EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



RETHINK DORMITORY LIVING Protect against theft of furniture while also providing storage solutions.

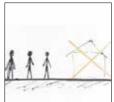


Currently the RNM budget is mostly used up by October meaning after the only safety issues can be fixed. If the individual has helped to build their own home they can then do simply repairs themselves.

OWNER BUILDER



ADDRESS OVER CROWDING Designing home which can grow as the family grows



ADDRESS YOUTH HOMELESSNESS Creating a safe transition space for youth to come and live.



WILD HORSES AND STRAY DOGS Fencing around site and individual blocks to protect against unwanted animals coming in who may carry disease.



WATCHTHE STREET

Many members of community preferred to use the front of their houses as a place to sit in order to be connected with what is going on in the street.



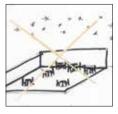
FIRE PITS

A communal meeting spot in which individuals can connect. Can also partake in cultural ceremonies.



CREATE JOBS

High proportion of the community is unemployed. Design simple structures which the owner can help in the building process.

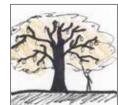


PLACE FOR COMMUNITY
TO GATHER AT NIGHT
Yarrabah is a dry community
meaning the pub was shut down.
This was the only place for
locals to come together at night.
Creating a restaurant for locals to



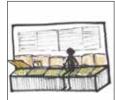
Currently no uncommon for 15 people to be sharing one toilets. This leads to both maintenance issues as well as health issues.

SEPARATED TOILETS



TROPICAL FRUIT TREES

Planting of mango trees
on the site. Creates both
shade and food.



Protect against theft of furniture while also providing storage solutions.

INBUILT STORAGE

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

To create affordable and buildable homes which utilise outdoor space and passive cooling design principles. These homes are to cater for many different groups within society from youths to multigenerational homes to more reclusive members of community.

RETURN BRIEF

rers. One with 4 kids one with 2 kids.

THEIR NEEDS: A space for them all to be together as a family and for kids to play as well as a place for them to be apart from each other.





COVERED VERANDAH Expandable for more family.
Can sleep on covered outdoor area if temporary or could be later enclosed



VENTILATION Sliding windows and doors allowing the space to be opened up and for breeze to pass through.



Utilising the space between the building as a room. This cuts down on construction cost and also allows for breeze to pass through the buildings creating a cooler space.



PASSIVE SURVEILLANCE Direct line of site out of the kitchen into outdoor paved living area in which children can play.



A place in which children can do homework under supervision of adults in the kitchen. Can also be used as an eating space.

MULTI PURPOSE NOOK



The communal unit is built on a raised and tiled concrete slab. Wide northern eaves shading this space allow the unit to keep cool.



ORIENTATION Living space orientated north for sunlight.



EDIBLE GARDEN Raised vegetable garden bed and central mango tree. Provide fresh fruit and vegetable for family. Making healthy eating easier.



LEVELS OF PRIVACY OUTDOORS Each individual family has its own private outdoor space allowing for time apart when needed.



Services placed on the outer edges of building allowing for privacy when using facilities.

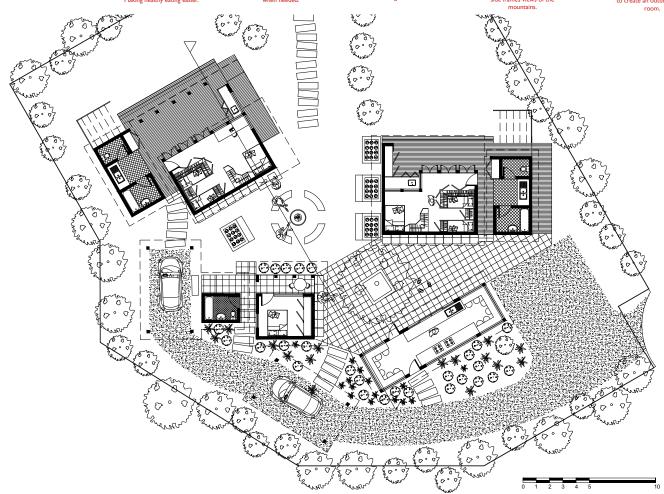


FRAMES VIEWS Right side of communal unit gives passive surveillance of who is coming. Left side frames views of the mountains.



More family units can be added on as needed. Only two units needed in order to create an outdoor living room.

BUILT IN STAGES





LOCATION

The site is located out of the center of town off a quiet road. It is far enough away from town to be peacful however still accessable.

SITE ANALYSIS



VEIWS

The west of the site has stunning veiws of mountains you need to cross over when going to or coming from cairns.



WIND

South West breeze on the site this has been utilised in designs.
Also the side which is most exposed during cyclones so has to be protected.



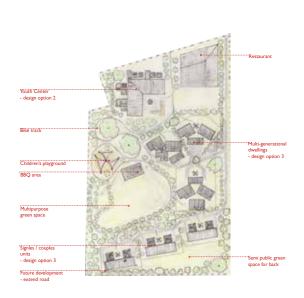
ORENTATION

North facing towards the road. Living spaces orientated north for sun.



TERRAIN / DRAINAGE

The site is mostly flat with a slight slob down to the rear. Rear of the site has a green space on it for drainage.





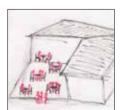
UTILISE TREES

Seating around trees which createsnatural shaded areas. Turning trees into playgrounds for the kids.



WELL LIT SITE

Use of LED lights on all paths including back paths to allow for use during both day and night.



PLACE FOR COMMUNITY

AT NIGHT AT NIGHT Introduction of a café / restaurant on the site, possibly run by youth centre and other members of community. Creates both jobs and a place for community to come together.



CIRCULATION

Direct route of circulation by car alongside of the site. Weaving walking paths through the site. Able to experience green space on foot which you cannot by car.



PUBLIC GREEN SPACE

Large areas of public green space weaved through cluster of building. Semi-public green space at rear just for individuals in back units.



PROGRESSES FROM LOUD TO QUITE Busy areas of the site are positioned closer to the front road, e.g. the youth centre. As you go further back the it become gradually less busy.

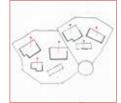
MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES





TWO ENTRY POINTS

Service / car entry from rear into kitchen unit. Foot entry at front into outdoor living room.



ORIENTATION



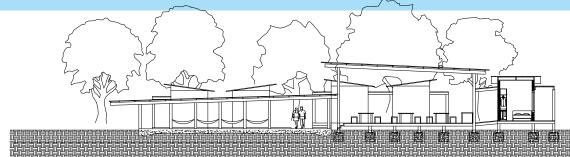
BREEZE WAY

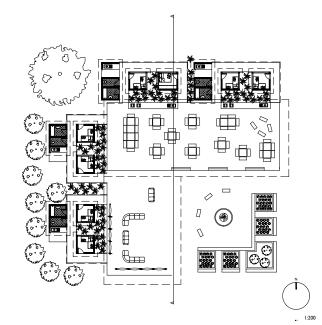
Breeze through central outdoor living room.

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

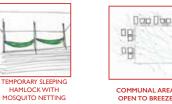
MASTERPLAN 1:1000

CLIENT: Youth forced out of their THEIR NEEDS: Transitional safe space to stay while looking for more permanent housing.









[00]00

SEPARATED SERVICES ON WESTERN SIDE

000 08





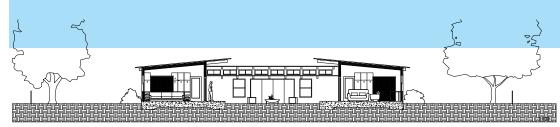
COMMUNAL AREA OPEN TO BREEZE

BRINGING GREEN INTO THE BUILDING





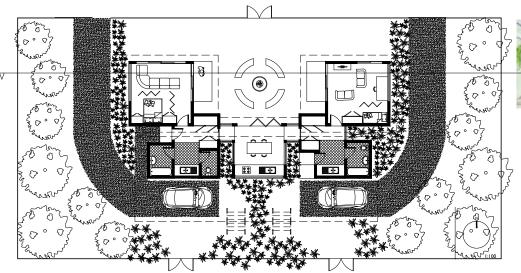
LOWER ROOF IN PASSIVE SPACES



DESIGN OPTION 3:

older members of society, signles or THEIR NEEDS: A haven away from the hustle of town centre while still be-ing easily accessible.

CLIENT: Reclusive





















LEVELS OF PRIVACY



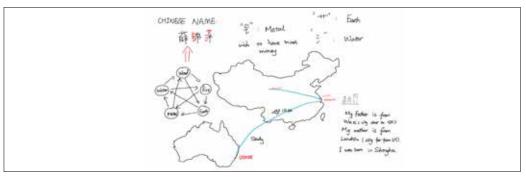




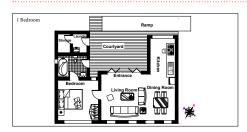


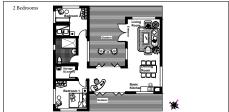






MY STORY







PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS







EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH













The climate is quite wet, and people have to turn on the air conditioner to dry the quilt

Wind

The wind is strong in
Yarrabah from south-east
to north-west

Strong sunlight

The sunlight is strong all day long and people have to bring sunglasses for protection

There are many dogs on the street and no people take care of them

The vegetation is dense which can provide good protection for the clients

The view of the whole site is beautiful, it has good moutain veiw at west side.



The exist house

The house we visited is a little bit messy and it is obviously need more storage to make the house clean.



Materia

The normal material in Yarrabah is concrete which can make people feel safe and use at low price.

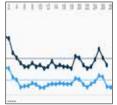


Education

Many of the children do not have chance to study in school and playing on the street all the day..

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

The design for 3 type of houses is suitable for the deveoplment of one family.

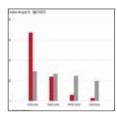


III.









Water level

There is always rainy in Yarrabah, and the whole city is humid because of the large amount of rainfall.

Wind study

The wind is strong and cool from the seaside, this is the data in recent years

Solar study

The sunlight is strong and therefore the design of roof is important.

The community composition

There are lots of disabled people and children which need to be take care of.

Design for disabled

I:12 slope is created for the disabled and therefore they can go to any where easily by themselves.

Affordbility

The affordbility is quite low in Yarrabah although they have support from the government

SITE ANALYSIS





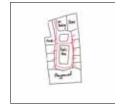


Vegetation

It can provide the shadow.

Private area and Public area





Playground

There is a playground at the below part of the site.

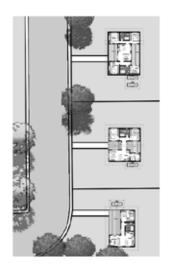
Movemen

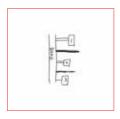
MASTERPLAN I:1000

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES

Plan Scalse: 1:1000









Individual

Movement

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

THEIR NEEDS:



- Galvalume roof sheeting
- @125*75 Ivl Timber purlin
- 3 300* 75 Ivl Timber Rafter
- Wood lap siding
- Timber floor board
- 6 300*75 Ivi Timber Bearer
- (2) Concrete Footing
- (B) Concrete Pier
- (9) 200°75 Ivl Timber Joist
- Scale: 1:20



Flat Roof

Use flat roof, in order for good cross ventilation.



Cross Ventilation

When the wind is from southwest, people might feel cool inside the house.



Cross Ventilation

The windows are on opposite side in order for good cross ventilation and enough sunlight come in.



Bunk bed

Use the bunk bed in order for enough space for each one to sleep.



Jack Truss

Use jack truss roof system, in order for strong support to the flat roof.



Carport



It is used to cover the joint between the wall surface and the floor.



Sliding door

One sliding door seperate the bedroom and the outside decking and provide privacy.



Wood lap siding

Using wood lap siding for its high durability and high waterproofness quality.



One family OR single?

This house is designed for one family or one single person.



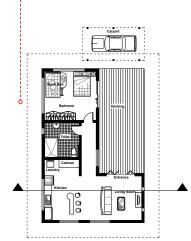
Double-glazed Glass

Use double-glazed glass in order to reduce transmission of both heat and sound.

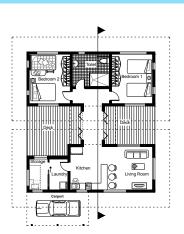


The privation area is connected to the common area by an aisle. For privacy.

Plan Scalse: 1:100



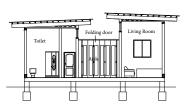
THEIR NEEDS:



Section Scalse: 1:100

Scalse: 1:100

1



private and publice area





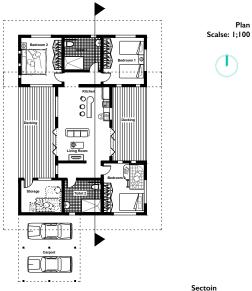
Separation



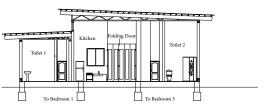
outdoor decking

DESIGN OPTION 3:

CLIENT: nily with kids, elders live with lative's family OR one family with 3-4 people THEIR NEEDS:



Scalse: 1:100





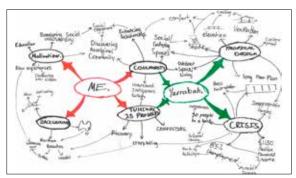
Multifunctional storage



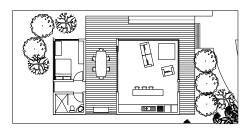


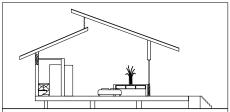
Design of folding door

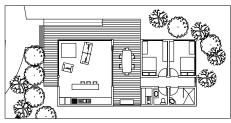




MY STORY







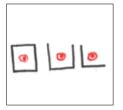
PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS



INCREASED URGENCY.
RENEWED MOTIVATION.
BOOSTED ACCOUNTABILITY.



EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



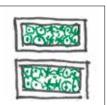
LEVELS OF PRIVACY

There is an evident demand for a variety of boundary Levels



SIMPLE CONSTRUCTION

Working in hand with the commmunity to utilize local materials and labour



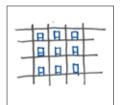
SELF EMPOWERMENT

Providing community members the oppourtunity to support themselves



SHADE

A neccessity for passive thermal comfort



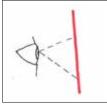
DENSITY

Maximising the number of available beds accross the site



MAINTENENCE

Ensure that any development can be easily and cheaply maintained



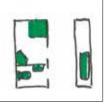
PRIVACY

Consistently providing private reas for residents



COMMUNITY

Providing
Oppourtunity for
ommunity engagement



SIMPLIFIED SERVICES

Simplifying service areas for ease of use and repair



COMFORT

Ultimately providing comfrtable and stasfactory living arrangements



WIND ACCESS

Ensuring passive thermal comfort through providing access to prevailing winds

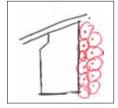


Multi-Generational

Catering to a wide variety of age groups

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

TO PROVIDE A DESIGN SCHEME THAT EMPOWERS THE COMMUNITY TO REALISTICALLY SOLVE THE HOUSING CRISIS INDEPENDENTLY



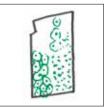
DEVELOPMENT BARRIER

Significant bushland restricting site on one side



NEIGHBOURS

Existing
neighbouring houses
defining site on
other side



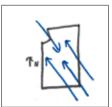
EXISTING VEGETATION

Varied vegetation on site from low bush to dense higher vegetation



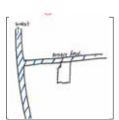
VIEWS

Beautiful views to the South-West



PREVAILING WINDS

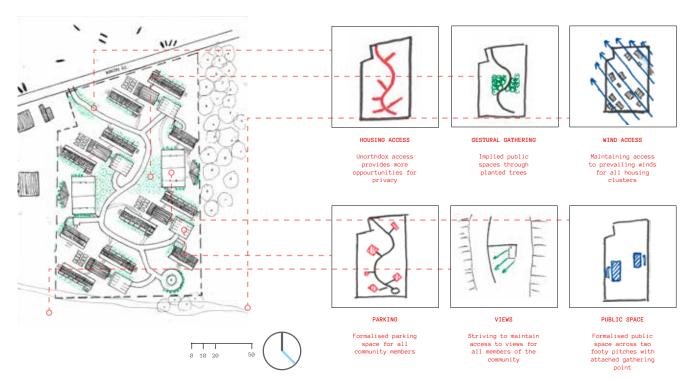
Dominant winds from the South-East with the occasional NW wind



ACCESS

Relevant seperation from the hub of community

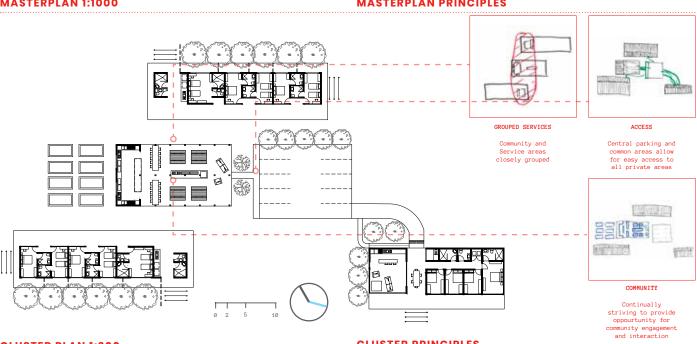
SITE ANALYSIS



MASTERPLAN 1:1000

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES

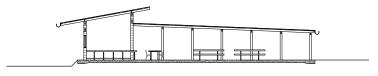


MODULE ONE

4 Single Rooms 1 Double Room Private Bathrooms/ **Outdoor Areas** SECTIONAL PERSPECTIVE 1:20 RAISED SLAB PRIVATE OUTDOOR SIMPLE CONSTRUCTION BATHROOMS VEGETATION Working in hand with the commmunity to utilize local materials and labour Private bathrooms/ showers for all rooms Primary slab raised from existing ground level to assist drainage Private outdoor space for all residents Trees planted on one side to assist with wind and privacy Multiple permable areas allow cross ventilationf or all rooms Ш 11112 BU ROOM VARIETY OFF-AXIS ENTRY SHARED SERVICES Sufficient communal clotheslines for all residents to use Bedroom doors removed from line of sight to maintain privacy Both Single and Double bedrooms provided Top hinged windows allow residents to maximise ventilation when necessary Systems in place to allow for easy and cheap repairs Laundry and Bathroom to support whole Module 5 0 1 2 0----

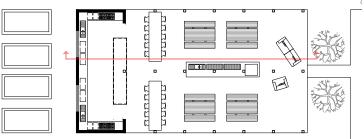
MODULE TWO

Kitchen Module Serves all Members of housing cluster



SECTION 1:100





PLAN 1:100



CIRCULATION

All spaces can
access kitchen
without bottlenecks

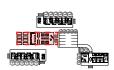


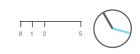
FORMAL/INFORMAL DINING
Divided spaces of formal dining and more casual social spaces



VENTILATION

Enhanced ventilation through kitchen to maintain comfort when cooking







SIMPLE CONSTRUCTION
Simple construction
used to reduce costs
and repair issues



VEGIE PATHCES

Self maintained vegie patches allow community to grow food

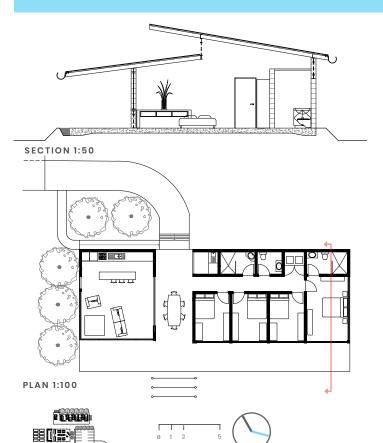


COVERED OUTDOOR SPACE

Protection from elements provided by roof with open ventilation

MODULE THREE

Family/Caretakers Home 1 Master Bedroom 3 Single Rooms

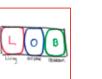






WIND ACCESS

Open Areas and ventilation stratagies orientated to winds



SPACIAL RELATIONSHIPS

Space broken laterally into areas of varying privacy



COVERED OUTDOOR

Covered outdoor created used for dining and leisure space



WIND TUNNEL

Central corridor enhances circulation and wind flow



SERVCE CORRIDOR

All services contained in corridor to maintain easy access



CENTRAL TABL

Tables serves as central meeting space for the hosuehold





MY STORY



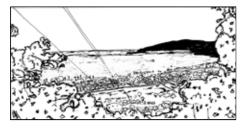




PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS





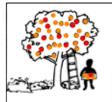


EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



GROWING THE LOCAL ECONOMY

A need for more local businesses to create a real economy in Yarrabah.



ECONOMIC DETERMINATION Giving people the opportunity for their own creative opportunities.

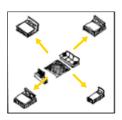


ADAPTABILITY

Designs that allow future expansion or adaption due to the inability to build more homes.



Lockable storage indoors and outdoors.



SEPERATE BEDROOM WINGS Seperation of sleeping and living areas to increase privacy.



Using appropriate fixtures and fittings for cyclone weather to create long lasting housing.

DURABILITY



CHILDREN WELLBEING

Spaces for children to sleep, study and socialise.



FISHING LIFESTYLE

An outdoor food preperaton area to facilitate Yarrabah lifestyle.



LOCAL LABOUR

Utilising and educating local labour to support Yarrabah's community.



LARGE BEDROOMS FOR FAMILY UNITS Parents and children sleeping in a single large room.



MORE SERVICES

Homes to have multiple bathroom services due to the overcrowding issue.

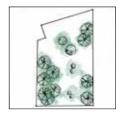


OUTDOOR FIRE

An area for an outdoor fire as a place for cooking and gathering.

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

TROPICAL DESIGN THAT FACILITATES INTERGENERATIONAL LIVING AND IS AN ENABLER TO SOCIAL, CULTURAL AND PHYSICAL WELLBEING. THE CREATION OF QUALITY SPACES USING PRINCIPLES OF SWEAT EQUITY PROMOTES CLAIMING OF PRIVATE PROPERTY AND ENFORCES A SENSE OF OWNERSHIP.



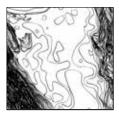
EXISTING VEGETATION

Comfortable spaces under trees.



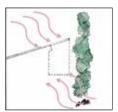
VIEWS

ountain views towards the South



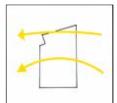
TOPOGRAPHY

Low lying area: water runs down mountains, resulting in landslides and flash flooding



PREVAILING BREEZES

Cooling SE winds come through the valley, and tropical humid NW monsoon winds



SOLAR STUDY

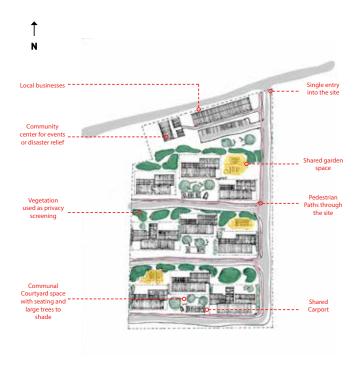
Maximising northern sun, and minimising western sun.

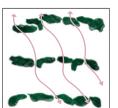


FLOOD AREA

High rainfall during monsoon periods.

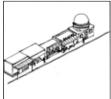
SITE ANALYSIS





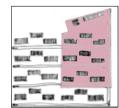
PLANTING

Vegetation planted in clusters provides privacy between homes while allowing breeze to pass through.



LOCAL STORES

Local businesses: restaurants, butcher, bakery etc. support Yarrabah's economy



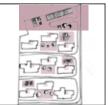
FUTURE GROWTH

Simple plan allows for expansion when there are available resources.



PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

Pedestiran paths are used to increase accessibility of the site, particularly for the young population.



PRIVACY SCALES

Shared community space and cluster courtyard gives individuals choice of social interaction.



INDIVIDUALLY FENCED DWELLINGS

Determined property boundaries for safety and reinforcement of ownership.

MASTERPLAN 1:1000

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES





VEGETABLE GARDEN

A communal vegetable garden to provide economic determination.



SHARED CARPORT

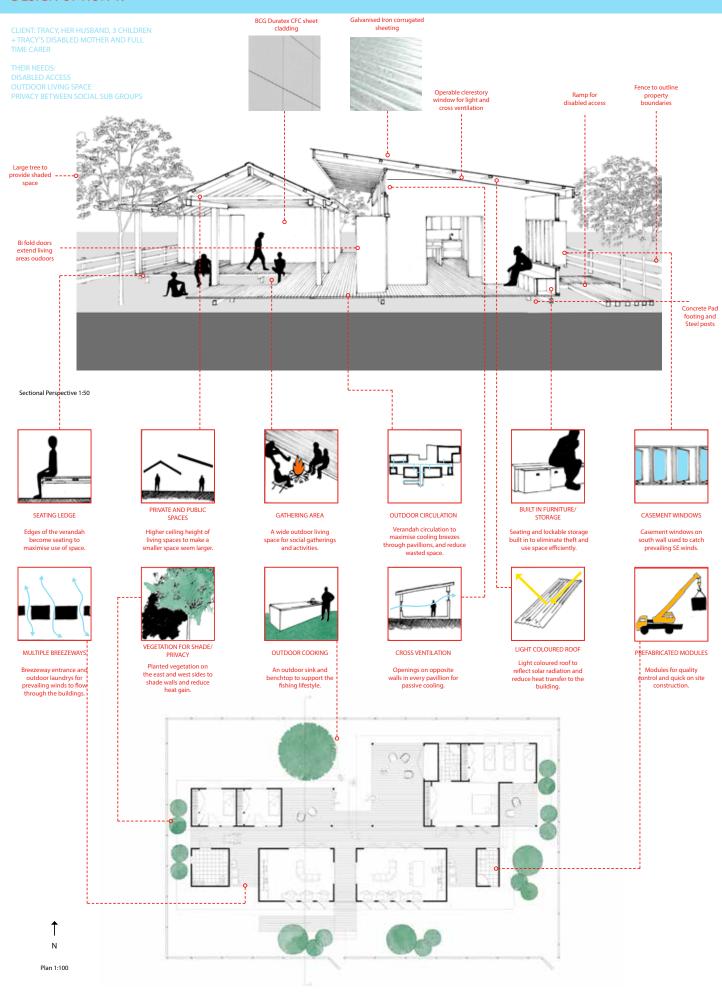
A shared carport to respond to the low rate of car ownership per household in Yarrabah.



LARGE TREES

Large trees shade the courtyard to create comfortable spacesand also become location markers.

DESIGN OPTION 1:



DESIGN OPTION 2:

CLIENT: TRACY, HER HUSBAND AND 3 CHILDREN & REGULAR VISITORS COMING TO STAY FOR HOLIDAYS AND EVENTS

THEIR NEEDS:
AREAS FOR GUEST SLEEPING
MULTIPLE SERVICES
GATHERING AREA FOR SOCIALISATION
USEABLE SPACE FOR WHEN THERE ARE NO GUESTS



CULTURALLTY SENSITIVE DESIGN - MULTIPLE EN-TRANCE AND EXITS



DUAL FUNCTION WIDE STORAGE BENCHES



BRFF7FWAY



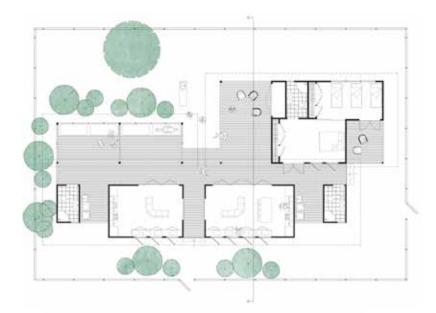
FLEXIBLE SPACES



LARGE LIVING AREA SI FEPING



VERANDAH





Plan 1:100



Section 1:100



DESIGN OPTION 3:

CLIENT: TRACY, HER HUSBAND, 3 CHILDREN & TRACY'S BROTHER, HIS WIFE, 3 CHILDREN & TRACY'S HUSBANDS MOTHER AND FATHER

THEIR NEEDS:
PRIVACY BETWEEN SOCIAL SUB GROUPS
MULTIPLE SERVICES
LOTS OF STORAGE SPACE
A PLACE FOR A FIREPIT
OUTDOOR LIVING SPACES



PRIVATE VERANDAHS FOR SUB GROUPS



SLIDING PARTITIONS FOR FLEXIBLE SPACES



MULTIPLE SERVICES



PAVILLIONS BUILT IN STAGES



LARGE ROOMS FOR GROWING FAMILIES



BUILT IN CLOSET SPAC

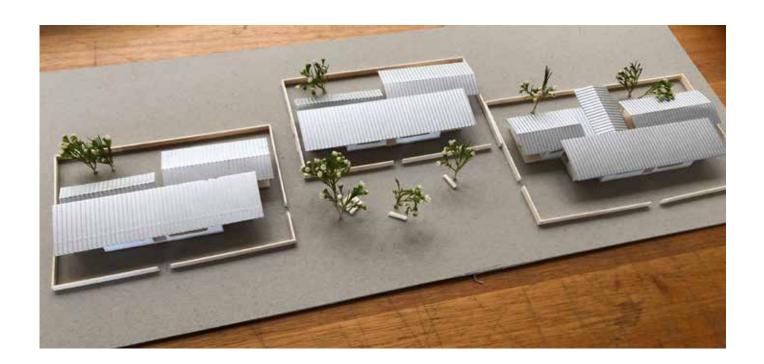






Section 1:100



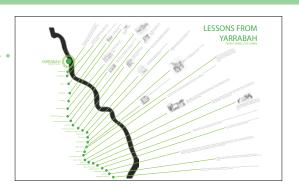




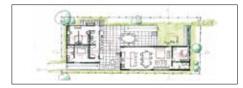
STUDENT NAME: CARMELO ARTURO NASTASI SID: 470353602







MY STORY







PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS







EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH

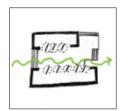


SELF DETERMINATION / CUSTODIANSHIP - GIVING THE COMMUNITY OPPORTUNITIES TO PLAY A ROLE IN DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION



OUTDOOR BUSHLIVING

- PROVIDE ADJUSTABLE
SPACES WITH HIGH
CEILINGD AND OUTDOOR
ASPECTS



ACCESS AND BREEZEWAYS

- CIRCULATION SPACES MUST
BE EASILY ACCESSIBLY AND
CAN BE MULTI FUNCTIONING
BREEZEWAYS



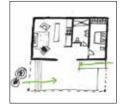
SUSTAINABLE, GREEN &
LOW COST
- SIMPLY MAKING THE
BUILDING AS CHEAP AND
SUSTAINABLE AS POSSIBLE
VIA PASSIVE THERMAL



DESIGNING FOR FLOOD ZONE & CYCLONES - MAKING APPROPRIATE DESIGN CHOICES THAT REFLECT FLOOD ZONE AND CATEGORY 5 CYCLONES



INDOOR INVITES
OUTDOOR
- CAPTURING THE FEELING
OF BEING IN A TROPICAL
OUTDOOR SHADED SPACE
IN EACH HOME



MULTIPLE ENTRIES

-THE NEED FOR FORMAL
SECURE SPACES AND
ENTIRES AND INFORMAL
INVITING SPACES



HOME

-THE HOME AS AN ENABLER
FOR SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL,
CULTURSL AND SPIRITUAL
WELLBEING



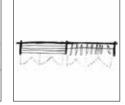
COMMUNITY WALKWAY

- COMMUNITY EXPRESSED
THE NEED FOR A LINK
BETWEEN HOMES AND
COMMUNITY SPACES



CLIENT DRIVEN

- THE NEED FOR EACH
DESIGN TO AN EXTENT
BEING RELATIVE TO NEEDS
OF CLIENTS



STORAGE

-THE NEED FOR EXTRA
STORAGE INBUILT INTO
THE HOUSE - LOCKABLE



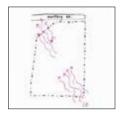
PRIVACY, RESPECT & MODESTY

- DESIGN THAT CONSIDERS CULTURAL TRADITIONS AND WAYS OF LIVING

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

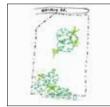
IN RESPONSE TO THE CURRENT HOUSING SITUATIONS AND TYPES WITHIN YARRABAH:

- DESIGN A MODULAR AND ADJUSTABLE HOME SUITABLE TO THE TRANSIENT NATURE OF CLIENT NEEDS



PREVAILING WINDS

- PREVAILING WINDS ON THE SITE COME FROM THE SOUTH EAST



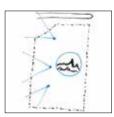
PLANT STUDY

THE SITE IS NATURALL PLANTED WITH SWINE, MELALUCA AND TREE TREE , WITH PARTICULAR BRUSH TOWARD THE BACK



PRIVACY SCREEN

- NURSERY ROAD IS QUITE SECLUDED AND IS NATURALLY PRIVACY SCREENED



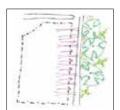
MOUNTAIN VIEWS

- THE SITE HAS THE MOST CAPTIVATING MOUNTAIN VIEWS TO EXPLOIT



SOLAR/ SHADING

-THE SITE IS IN FULL SUNLIGHT AND NOT MUCH COVERAGE IS PRESENT WITH TREES NOT EXCEEDED 3 M



DRAINAGE

THE SITE DRAINS TO THE EAST WHERE A DITCH EXISTS

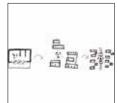
SITE ANALYSIS



AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED I

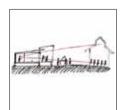
ACTIVE FROM BOTH SIDES

- PRIVATE SPACES ON THE OUTSIDE AND PUBLIC ON THE INSIDE - ACTIVATES BOTH ENDS



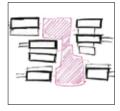
LAYERS OF PARTICIPATION

- ENGAGING LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION FROM ROOM TO HOME TO COMMUNITY



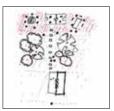
HIERARCHY OF PRIVACY

- SPACES BECOMING INCREASINGLY MORE PUBLIC TOWARD EPICENTRE OF COMMUNITY



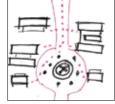
ACCESS AND AGENCY

- EQUAL ACCESS AND A SENSE OF AGENCY ENCOURAGE THROUGH CLUSTERING



THRESHOLDS

- HIERARCHY OF THRESHOLDS WITHIN THE COMMUNITY AS WAYFINDING TOOLS

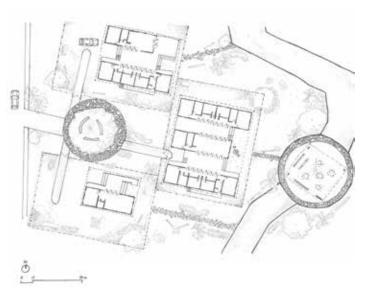


COMMUNITY PATHWAY

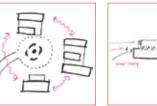
- AN OCCUPIABLE PATHWAY THAT GUIDES AND INFORMS COMMUNITY CIRCULATION AND LIFE

CLIENTS:

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES

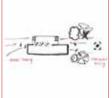


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INSULAR UNITS

- CREATING INSULAR CLUSTERS TO REINFORCE A INSULAR COMMUNITY AND HOME



SHARED FORMAL ENTRY

- A FORMAL ENTRY INTO THE HOMES OF THE COMMUNITIES CITIZENS FOR PRIVACY



JONO - SINGLE TRACY - FAMILY JACKIE - INTERGENERATIONAL HOUSE

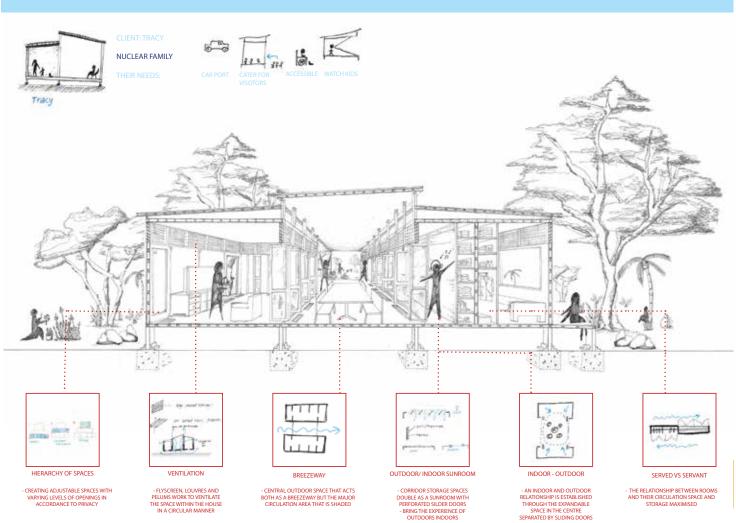
GATHERING BETWEEN

- CREATING INBETWEEN SPACES TO SUIT UNIQUE NEEDS AND LIKES OF USERS

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

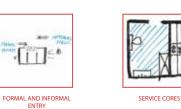
CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

MAIN DESIGN OPTION 1:









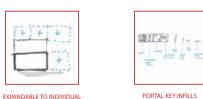
- INFORMAL INVITING SPACES AT THE BACK, FORMAL PRIVATE ENTRY TOWAD THE FRONT FOR



- CLUSTERING ALL SERVICES INTO CORES OR CLOSE VICNITY TO CHEAPEN EXPENSES EG CLUSTERED WET AREAS



- USING ACCESS WAYS TO ALSO CREATING POTENTIAL INFORMAL SEATING AREAS - RAMPS FOR ACCESS "ALL WE NEED IS A HOME TO SHELTER US WHEN WE NEED IT" - SELF DETERMINED OUTDOOR SPACES WITH ENCLOSED ESSENTIAL ROOMS



PORTAL KEY INFILLS - TIMBER PORTAL KILL STRUCTURE WITH VARYING INFILLS THAT RESPOND TO LEVELS OF PRIVACY - EASY MODULAR AND CHEAP MODE OF CONTRUCTION

BURRI GUMMIN

- THE FRAMEWORK OF ONE FIRE INFORMS THE HIERARCHHY OF SPACES IN THE HOME FROM THE LIVING SPACE TO THE OUTDOOR AREAS - ALL AREAS HAVE A CORESSPONDING EPICENTRE





19 7



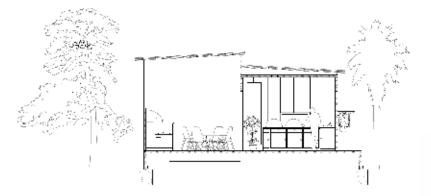








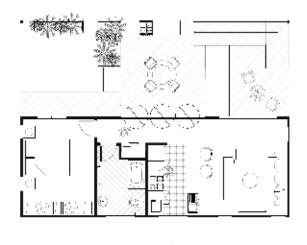




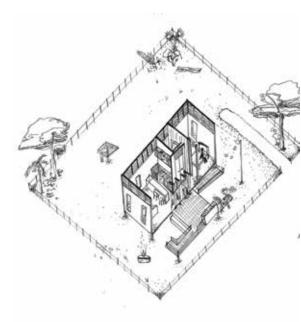
SECTION 1:50



PERSPECTIVE



PLAN 1:50









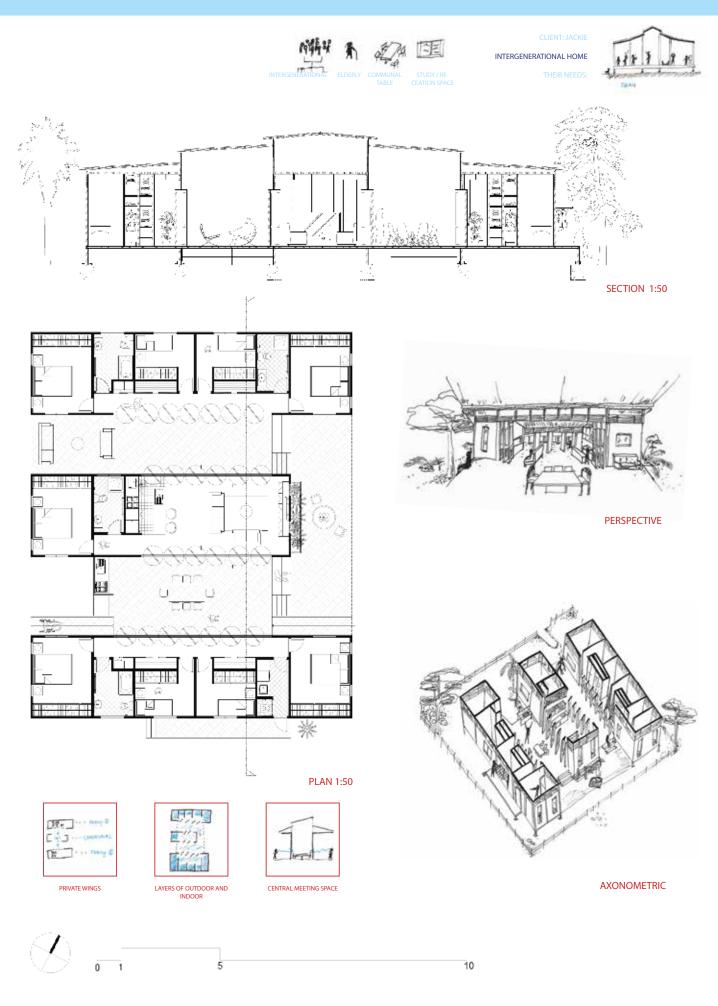
PRIVACY PLANTING



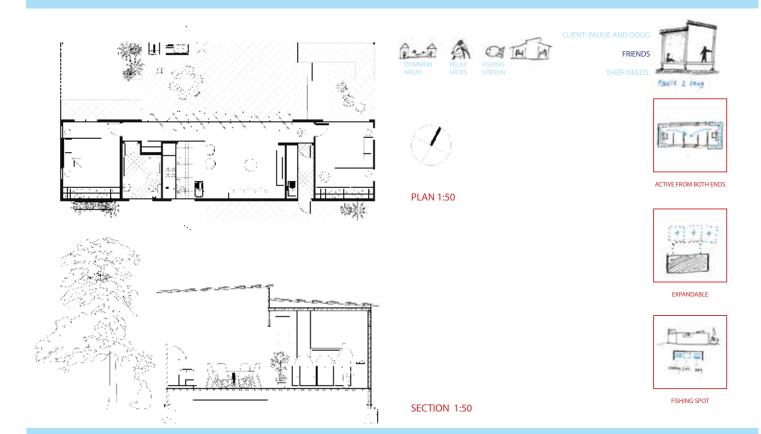


0 1 5 10

MAIN DESIGN OPTION 3:



DESIGN OPTION 4:



DESIGN OPTION 5:









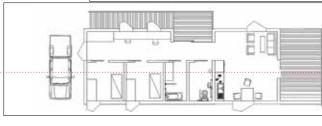


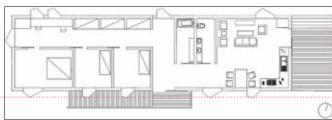


MY STORY









EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH





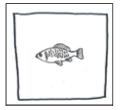


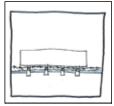






OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP













Outdoor kitchen for people to connect and food preparation.

Elevated dwelling

Disable

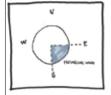
A place for the dog

longer explanation if necessary...Lari peroximilia L. Em no.Ubis.tici oniur, vit. Rae consulius,

Architecture for people and the environment. Prefabricated steel structure allows the inhabitants to take part in the building process of their dwelling.

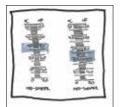


Yarrabah, traditionally Yagaljida in the Yidin language spoken by the indigenous Yidinji people , is an Aboriginal community 53



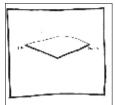
The Prevailing Wind

The prevailing winds are East to Southeasterly with strongest winds (cyclones excluded) usually occuring during April and August.



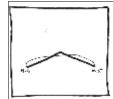
Climate

Tropical climate, with generally hot and humid Summers and milder dryer Winters.



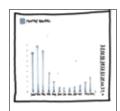
Winter sun(I. Jun)

The sun is high on the sky.



Summer sun(I.Dec)

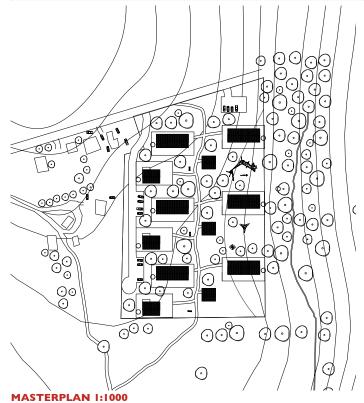
The Sun is low on the sky.



Monthly Rainfall

The majority of Cairn's rainfall occurs during summer between January and March.

SITE ANALYSIS





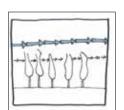
Breezeway

Elovated roof allows wind to channel though the dwelling.



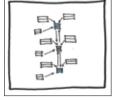
Solar Radiation

Small facedes towards east and west to minimize sun radiation.



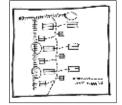
Microclimate

The tress on the site allow cooling air to channel though the shadow of the thress and hot air to be pushed upwards.



Outdoor cooking

The dwelling verandas is orianteded towards the commen area, with outdoor cooking facilities.



Pedestrian and cars

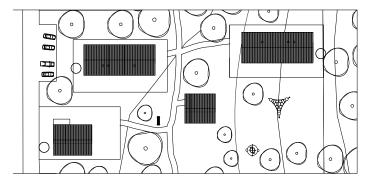
Pedestrian and cars are separated for a green community area.

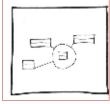


Shared space

Large area for people to share stories.

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES





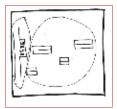
Zone

Private zoes and shared spaces for community and outdoor cooking.



Vegetation

Vegetation organized in order to create privacy and shadow for each dwelling.



Cars

Parking in the sides of the site.

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

DESIGN OPTION I:





For privacy and to channel the air flow upwards.

1







Prefab
Prefabricated steel

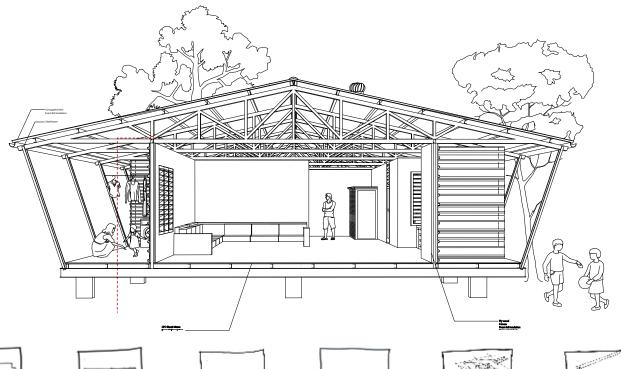
structure.

Gable roof

Water tank

Diy clothes

Space outside to dry clothes in shelter















Inside/Outside

Surving spaces

Outdoor exits

Elevated dwelling

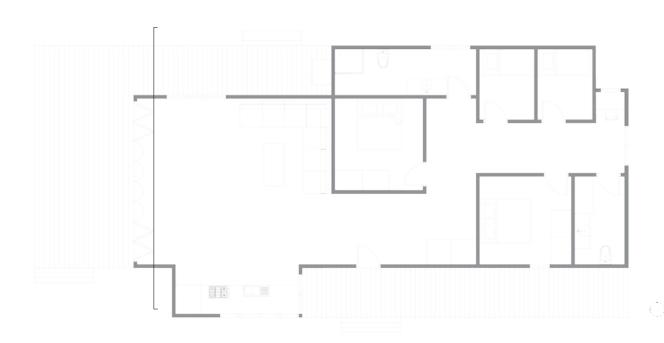
To protect from water and ensure easy acess for air curculation.

PRINCIPLE TITLE

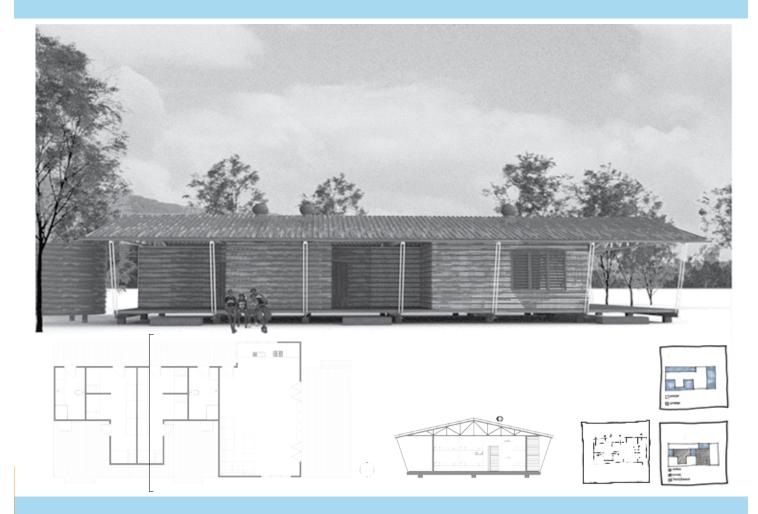
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PRINCIPLETITLE

longer explanation if necessary...Lari m inte teatici Rae consulius,

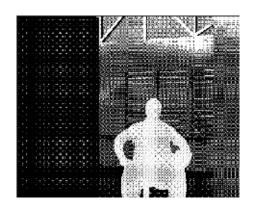


DESIGN OPTION 2:



DESIGN OPTION 3:













Inside/Outside

Surving spaces

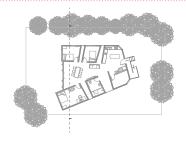
Outdoor exit

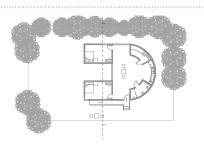




MY STORY







PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS





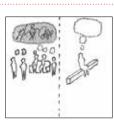
EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



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FISH CLEANING

Fishing is a big part of the Yarrabah lifestyle and houses should include gutting / cleaning stations



EASY TO REPAIR AND MAINTAIN

As Yarrabah council has a limited repair and maintenance budget per year

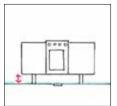
Outdoor taps should be elevated with runoff protection as unprotected leaky taps are likely to attract strays

OUTDOOR TAPS

Multiple generations of a family living in a home places strain on the mental health of occupants. Designs should give space for occupants to have time to themselves

PRIVATE SPACES

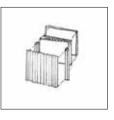
As fruits and vegetables prices in the community are inflated, many residents have started to grow their own produce



ELEVATED KITCHEN COUNTERS & FLOOR For pest control and damage mitigation during floods



WATERPROOFING HEIGHT
Tilling and waterproofing
higher than normal
reduces long term repair
and maintenance costs

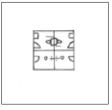


CONSTRUCTION

Designs use timber post & beam construction as it reduces the need for interior load bearing walls, allowing for more suitable for open plan designs.



CONSTRUCTION MODELLED



Hygiene is improved in high capacity houses by increasing the amount of bathrooms and showers

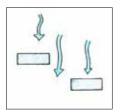
MULTIPLE BATHROOMS



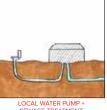
Designs will take advantage of shade provided by local trees as leaves start high but still allow uninterrupted views

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

The aims of my designs are to create sustainable housing solutions for displaced members of the Yarrabah community that support the self-determination of Indigenous people and can become a source of pride



Building should be adequately spaced and in a staggered pattern to allow equal access to prevailing south/south east summer-winds



LOCAL WATER PUMP : SEWAGE TREATMENT As site is too far from Yarrabah, local water infrastructure is needed



VEGETATION DISTRIBUTION

The densest area of trees Ine densest area of trees exist in the south western area of site which remains well shaded and cool in the afternoon (image right: photo of site in the south west)

The north and eastern side of the site has been cleared of trees (image left:entrace from road)





HIERARCHY OF SPACES

Important buildings such as houses should occupy the higher ground on the east whilst community spaces which are of less importance can occupy lower ground to west

SITE ANALYSIS



- Community Centre & retail space
 Farm
 Half-sized basketball court
 Playground
 Communal garbage dump
 Car park



COMMUNITY SPACES

Provide a shaded communal space for meetings and events; a hall is ideal, but a pergola is more economical and can gradually be



Road is centered on the plot to allow residents to monitor visitors entering and exiting.



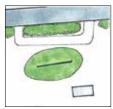
LOCAL BUSINESS

Provide space for local community businesses which would aid local community



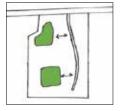
LOCAL FRUIT & VEGETABLE FARM

Space for locals to farm provides access to affordable fruit and



SECURITY

Houses should be spaced from outer boundaries by community areas such as ovals for security

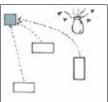


PLACES FOR CHILDREN

Give spaces to children that are well spaced from the road for child safety

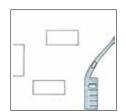
MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES





LOCAL GARBAGE DUMP

Garbage dump dedicated to each cluster to control waste overflow from overcrowding houses that could otherwise attract stray animals



COMMUNAL CAR PARKS

As not every house As not every house needs car access, each cluster will have a dedicated car park that can save unnecessary costs of building roads to each house.



TEA TREE RETENTION

Original vegetation should be retained where possible and re purposed as fencing

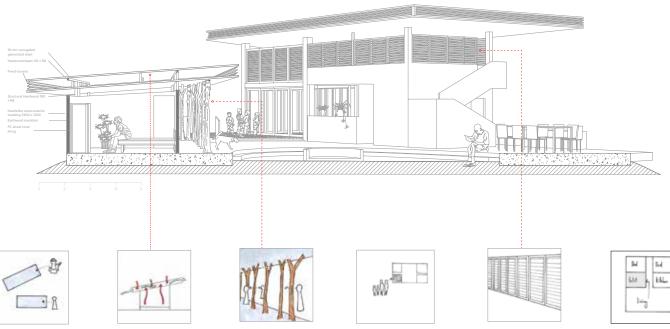
CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

MASTERPLAN 1:1000

CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

DESIGN OPTION 1:

Multi-generational family



SWEAT EQUITY

Separate wings that have different difficulty to construct



FLEXIBLE SPACES

Form of building encloses an "in-between" space that can be moulded to the occupants' needs

DOUBLE ROOF

To shield heat from sun and effectively ventilate heat from rooms



SEPARATION OF SPACES

Public and social spaces are separated from sleeping spaces for child wellbeing

An easier to construct and cheaper alternative to louvre walls for resident to construct



PANORAMIC VIEW TO COUNTRY

Public and private living spaces both provide a panoramic view to the east & west

BEDROOM CAPACITY

Due to the housing crisis it is not uncommon for an entire family to occupy one bedroom



WIND TUNNELS

Flexible space that Allows prevailing south/south-eastern summer breeze to pass through the building and provides semi-outdoor sleeping area in humid summer



LOUVRE WALLS

Provide ventilation and creates relationship between outdoor and indoor space



CLUSTERED SERVICES

Kitchen and Toilets are grouped together to save costs on piping



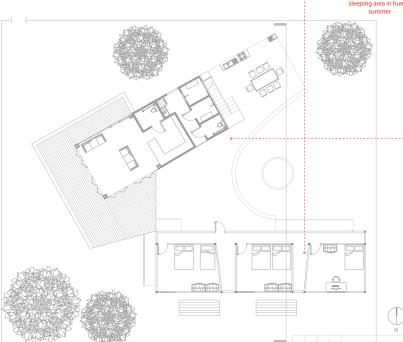
TOILET PLACEMENT

Toilets are placed near living spaces for security as it prevents visitors from wandering into private spaces



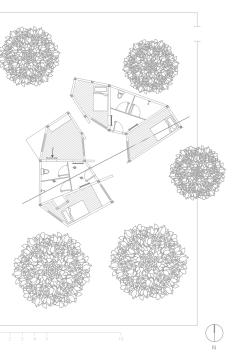
STRAPPED JOINTS

To resist cyclone uplift all joints are strapped or braced with steel plates.





DESIGN OPTION 2:









Separation of floor and roof loads for easier construction

Regular structural grid







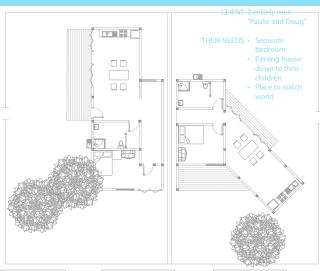
Difference levels of social interaction

Cultural consideration of building dorms

Bush block aesthetic influence that ties building to place

DESIGN OPTION 3:

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Shape and orientation for optimal breeze & sun

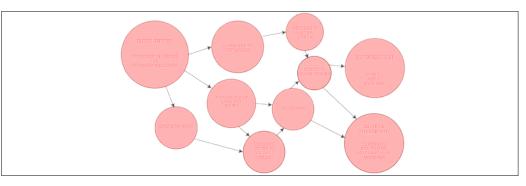
Function of house beyond first owners

Panoramic view of country

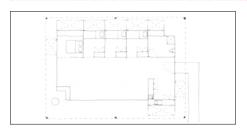
Veranda living

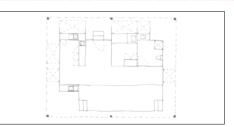
Public vs. private views

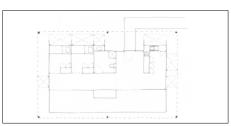




MY STORY







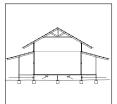
PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS

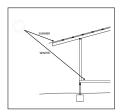


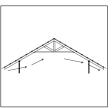


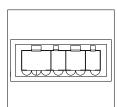


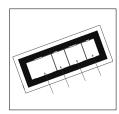
EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH











RAISING HOUSE

house is cooled through ventilation under the house



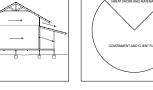
DEEP ROOF OVERHANGS summer sun is excluded and winter sun is permitted, also prevents rain from entering house

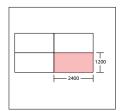
HIGH PITCHED ROOF drainage of rainwater and higher ceiling space which allows for greater ventilation

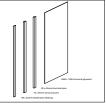
doors and windows can be full opened or sealed to allow for ventialtion or privacy when required

captures the prevailing breezes effectiveley ventilating the house

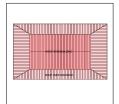








#000 Mg L



DOUBLE ROOF

Allows for ventilation through the house even when doors and windows are sealed



materials and building technique allow for users to contribute 'sweat' as equity to their house

BUILT ON A GRID

built on a grid with increments of 1200 which allows clients to adapt the houses to their needs

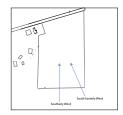
MATERIALS FROM HARDWARE STORES most materials can be bought from hardward stores so they can be easily replaced and repaired

FOCUS ON OUTDOOR SPACES outdoor living is prioritised in the houses opening up to backyards and

REFERENCING THE QUEENSLANDER the houses reference the traditional venacular Queenslander house

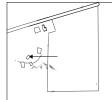
OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

EMPOWERING PEOPLE AND CREATING OPPURTUNITIES RAISING THE BAR AND SETTING A PRECEDENT



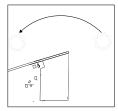
PREVAILING BREEZES

site receives only Southern breezes and occasionally South Eastern and South Western breezes



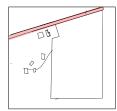
FRAMING OF VIEWS

panoramic views of the mountains sweep from the north all the way to the south west of the site



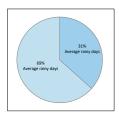
SUN PATH

east to west of the site however in the afternoon the sun descends behind the western mountains



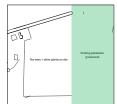
PATHWAYS AND ACCESS

one road to access the site and this connects to a main road, the site is quite secluded



RAINFALL

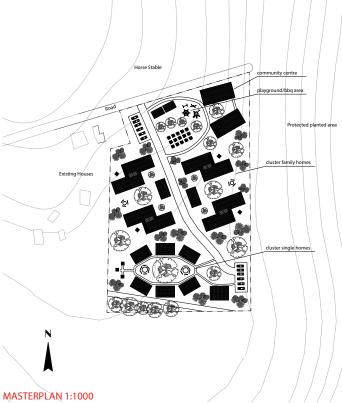
there are 113 rainy days (31%) per year in Yarrabah

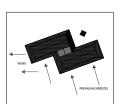


EXISTING VEGETATION

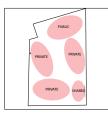
existing on the Eastern side of the site, tea trees planted on the site and other vegetation

SITE ANALYSIS

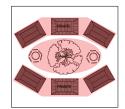




HOUSES ORIENTED WEST OF NORTH to make the most of prevailing breezes and Westerly views

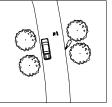


PUBLIC, PRIVATE AND SEMI PUBLIC SPACES public community spaces are separated from the private homes and respective shared spaces



CLUSTERS OF HOMES

clusters of homes are created in order to create individual communities and shared facilities



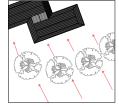


central main road shared between both cars and people with a focus on pedestrians



VEGETATION AS PRIVACY SCREENING

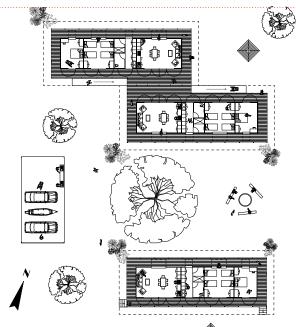
natural screening between home and providing natural cooling means for

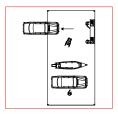


HEAVY PLANTING OF LOCAL VEGETATION

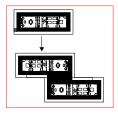
used to cool the site and to provide areas for users to collect fruit and gather at these natural spaces

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES



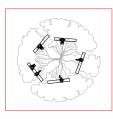


SHARED CARPORT AND OUTDOOR KITCHEN carport that can double as a kitchen and fish cleaning between the two homes



HOMES CAN BE EXPANDED

as the needs of the users grow and they can afford to the houses can be expanded



MANGO TREE

mango tree used as a marker of cluster whilst providing a meeting zone and cooling the homes





CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

DESIGN OPTION 1:



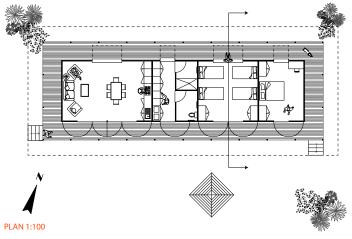


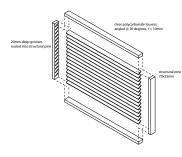
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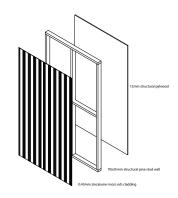
PLAN 1:100

DESIGN OPTION 2:

CLIENT: SINGLE FAMILY HOME















ADAPTABLE MAIN LIVING SPACE

SPACE DIS

DISABLED ACCESS BATHROOM









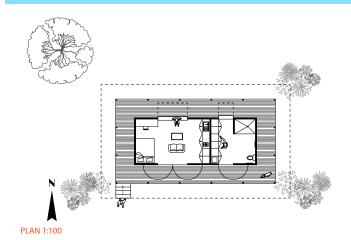
OUTDOOR THRESHOLD

FEW MECHANICAL PARTS

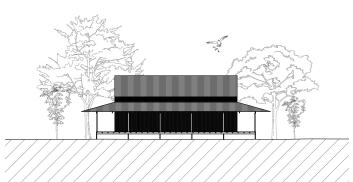
LOW WINDOWS

DESIGN OPTION 3:

LIENT: YOUNG SINGLE POPULATION







EAST_WEST_ELEVATION 1:100

LARGE MANGO TREE



SHARED FIREPIT



ADAPTABLE SPACE

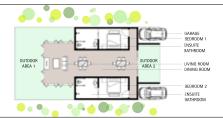
PASSIVE SURVEILLANCE





MY STORY







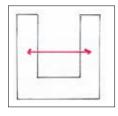
PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS







EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH

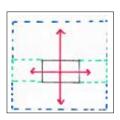


WING HOUSING
Wing design help seperate large families in the same house creating privacy.

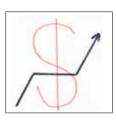


WEATHER PROOFING

Use tropical cyclone resistant building techniques to withstand bad coastal weather.



Housing must have the ability to expand to accomdate for growing families.



Housing must be affordable as unemployment rate is high.



VERANDAH

Housing is desired to have verandah and outdoor kitchen as it is the preferred way of life.

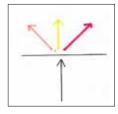


Housing must have multiple bathrooms to accomdate for large families living in a single house.



Design should take into account of natural resources and avoid depleting certain materials.

SUSTAINABILITY

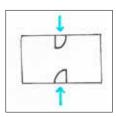


OPEN-PLAN LIVING

Open-Plan Living is desired by local people as the preferred way of life.



Design should account for prevailing winds to maximise breeze.



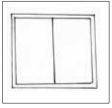
REAR ENTRANCE

Housing is preferred to have rear entrance for easy access.



SPACIOUS BEDROOMS

Bedrooms should be spacious to allow families to reside in a single room.



Flyscreen should be installed to prevent mosquito from entering the house.

Mosouito Flyscreen

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

- ALWAYS LISTEN TO CLIENT'S WANTS
- ARCHITECT'S BUILDING FOR SHORT TERM ONLY



WIND Rose*

Prevailing winds from the South and South-East all year round.



AVERAGE TEMPERATURE*

Average maximum temperature is 29.7C while average minimum temperature is 21.3C



MAXIMUM / MINIMUM TEMPERATURE* 2018 recorded maimum temperature was 36.3C while minimum temperature was 11.2C

JSMAMSJASONO

RAINFALL*

Summer months receive a significant more rain than winter months.



LOCATION**

Yarrabah is located in a valley between hills and may be prone to flooding during rainly seasons.



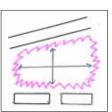
LOCATION**

Yarrabah is at a coastal location and will be affected by tropical cyclones and rising see levels.

SITE ANALYSIS

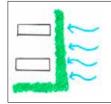


MASTERPLAN 1:1000



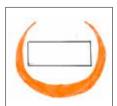
BUFFER ZONE

This zone helps divide the main road from the bouses providing noise protection and safety precautions



Surround Vegetation

The scrubs help divide the "zones" while providing privacy from the communal area. It acts as a barrier from any disturbance.



Sun Path

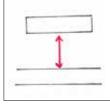
The West-East orientation of the building helps minimise the area that wound be most prone to direct harsh sunlight throughout the year



FORKED PATH

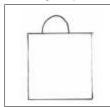
Main roads leads to communal public area, while forked side path leads to housing.

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES



DISTANCE FROM MAIN ROAD

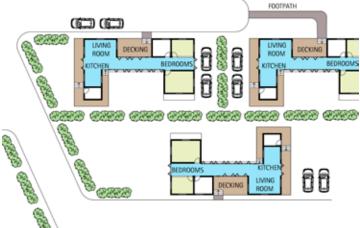
All housing are located away from the main road to provide more privacy.



MARKETS

Markets / Stalls are desired by local residents.

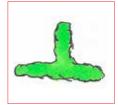




STAGGERED HOUSING

Staggered houses allow breeze and ventilation to pass through without blocking it.

CLUSTER PRINCIPLES



VEGETATION

Scrubs are used to create a natural barrier to divide housing that are close in proximity.



VEHICLE ACCESS

Each house is desgined to be accessible by vehicle with car parking spaces.

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

* Data retreived from Willy Weather, 2018. https://wind.willyweather.com.au/qld/far-north/yarrabah.html

** Image retreived from Google Maps, 2018. https://maps.google.com

DESIGN OPTION I:

THEIR NEEDS: - GUEST BEDROOM FOR CHIL-DREN/GRAND-CHILDREN - OPEN-PLAN LIVING - OUTDOOR AREA - PLACE TO REST OUTSIDE STEEL ROOF CLADDING GABLE ROOF SYSTEM TIMBER TRUSS SYSTEM TIMBER RAFTERS & PERLINS EAVES GUTTER -50MM PLASTERBOARD LOUVRE GLASS DOORS OUTDOOR TIMBER DECKING CONCRETE SLAB 150MM X 45MM TIMBER JOIST & BEARERS CONCRETE FOOTINGS RAISED PLATFORM ROLL-DOWN TARP MULTI-PURPOSE ROOM SIBILITY TO OUTDOOR PLACE TO WATCH THE WORLD LARGE WINDOWS ACCESSIBILITY TO OUTDOOR AREA Designed to easily be able to access the outdoor area from anywhere in the house. Raised platform allows ventilation below to cool the building and avoid flooding. This allows more shading during when eaves is not sufficient. Storage room that can be transformed into guest room for families visiting. Windows are located at the end of the lond corridor allowing residents to look outside. This allows the maximum amount of natural sunlight into the building reducing demand on electricity. LOUVRE WINDOWS LONG EAVES OUTDOOR SLEEPING PASSAGEWAY TO CONNECT VERENDAH TO CONNECT BREEZEWAY Passageway between ections of the house that catches wind from the South to help cool the building. Main passageway helps with the "flow" of the building. These windows are able to fully open which helps to allow wind flow into the building aiding in ventilation. Large overhang eaves to help shade the walls of the building. This connects the side deck with the outdoor area providing "flow" to the building. Part of the front deck can be sectioned off to create an extra sleeping area. $_{\rm T}$ 1:50 MAINTENANCE FISH PREP AREA MASTER BEDROOM KITCHEN OUTDOOR BBQ AREA LIVING / DINING GUEST OUTDOOR BEDROOM/ SLEEPING STORAGE AREA MAIN STREET MAIN STREET

DESIGN OPTION 2:

CLIENT: SI HEIR NEEDS:

- Place to Sleep
- Disabled Acess
- Affordable











HIGH CEILING







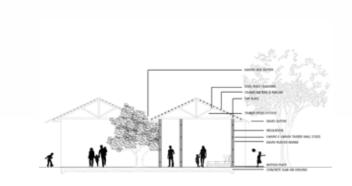
SINGLE PERSON DOMITORY

LARGE STORAGE ROOM

ZONE SEPERATION

DESIGN OPTION 3:











EXPANDIBILITY

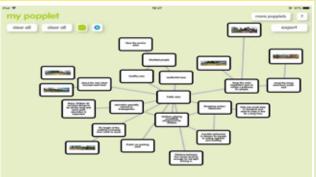
DUAL SHARE BATHROOM

SEAMLESS TRANSITION

MULTI-VEHICLE GARAGE

STUDENT NAME: Tianyun LIU SID: 460008314



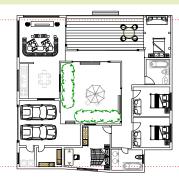




MY STORY







PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS





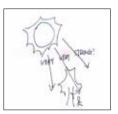


EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



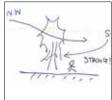
LONG SECTION OF THE EAST SIDE

On the east of the site, is a large piece of forest with lush vegetation. It is a long way from north to south, The trees can provide shadows and protect the house from strong winds comes from south-east. And people may feel safe when they live around such a lare forest.



Sunlight

The sunlight is very very strong if there is a sunny day.



wind





Climate

The Climate in Carns is very very humid and it always rainy.



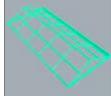
LONG SECTION OF THE WEST SIDE

On the west of the site, is a large flat ground with little vegetations around. It is open and free, people can see the beautiful moutain view through this direction. The sunlight is quite strong at the site all day long, so considering about the shape of roof and house orientation is important.



Material

The material of most of the house is concrete which is cheap but strong.



Roo

The roof is quite similar of all the buildings which is large and the same shape.



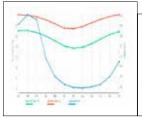
Affordbility

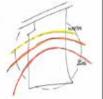
The ability to pay for daily use is a little bit low and can not afford airconditioner and electricity

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

Architecture is another language for the culture, it carried the whole history and nationality from thousands years till now. Protecting the culture is nessary and important. Design close to nature and combined the traditional and modern skills together is what really architecture is.

Let the natural light into the whole building and get good view as much as possible and use the space vertically to increase the use area for people as many as possible.













Amount of precipitation

The amount of preccipitation is large and the climate resulted that it is always very humid in the

Solar study

The chart is about the solar study of the whole

Wind study

longer explanation if necessary...Lari peroximilia L. Em no.Ubis.tici oniur, vit. Rae consulius,

Site photo of view-west

The view at the west of the site is moutains and some houses exiest.

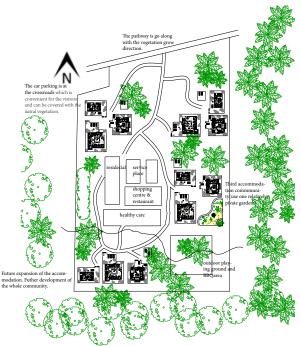
Site photo of view- east

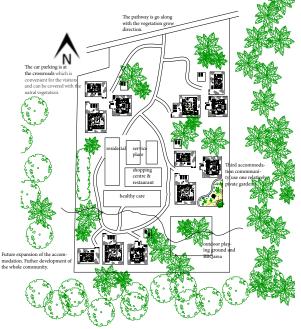
The view at the east of the site is forest with lush vegetation.

Site photo of view-north

The view at the north of the site is the entry road and a large piece of grass.

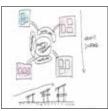
SITE ANALYSIS





Radiation Display

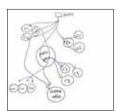
Put the public area at the middle of the site and private house around it therefore provide same distance and convenient for each client



The height of building level

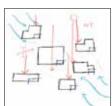
Because of the sun comes form north, put the garden and coutyard facing north and also the roof and level is higher and higer from north to south.

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES



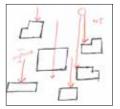
Circulation

People from every direction can walk to the same place with different way, each element has its nearest entry.



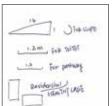
Ventilation

The wind at the site comes from south east and north west. So it is important to keep away the building at this diagonal



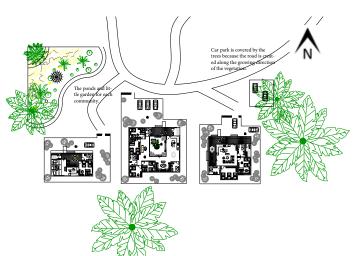
Natural light

The sun comes from north, so the elements need to be built scattered separated and have enough distance bettwen each other.



Disabled people

Because the diasabled people is hard to take care of themself easily and convenient, so put this kind of house quite near the residencial place and care taker is important.





Pathway design

The pathway connected every private house and public area which aims to the convenient circulation of client.(more close to nature, use the exsist way create by the vegetation)



Parking area design

The public parking area need to be large enough for both hosts and relative's car to parking, and the space is near the main entry and roads.



Community design

Each three house has their own communicated outdoor area.

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

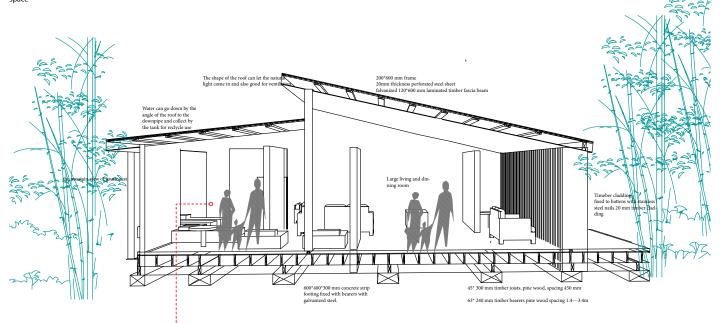
MASTERPLAN 1:1000

CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

DESIGN OPTION 1:

CLIENT: 2 people or two families

living THEIR NEEDS: large enough bedroom and relatively private space





Private area
The private area for two family
is seperated and has its own
living systerm(no disturbed
each other)



Entrance

People can get into the main building from three defferent direction which provide convenience.



Communicate area
In order to improve the communication area, the large kitchen
and dinning room is at the middle of the seperated sleeping
area



Each room has its own storage and in the public area, it also has storage for public use like shoes, tools etc.



Large decking for outdoor area provide sofa and chairs and good moutain view from west.



The whole building made up with timber wall, posts and concrete foundation to keep the water out due to the humid climate.

Material



The large roof can cover half of the outdoor decking which make it can also be used in rainy days.



Living room can be used in any use so it need to have enough space and multifunction with furniture

Living room



Create a 1:14 angle slope for the disabled people walk and make them convenient.



Ventilation

The roof can provide good ventilation inside the whole building.

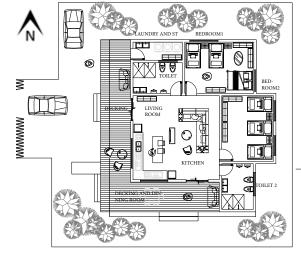


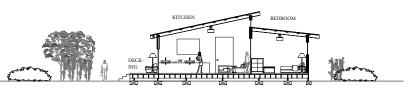
Circulation

Circulation for public and private area.



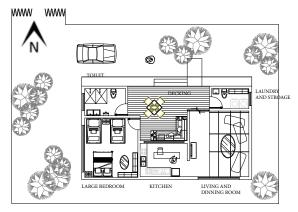
The shape of roof can let the natural light in therefore save electricity and make people feel more comfortable.

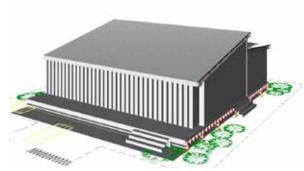


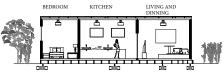


DESIGN OPTION 2:

THEIR NEEDS: Enough space and multi functional room











Design of TATAMI in living room can provide large sitting area and storage under it. It can also be a multifucnoal sleeping area.



The large roof can cover half of the outdoor decking which make it can also be used in rainy days.



The roof design can provide good ventilation and natural light istead of LED which can make people feel comfortable.



The material of the whole building is timber with concrete foundation which provide strong support to prevent the wind and rain.



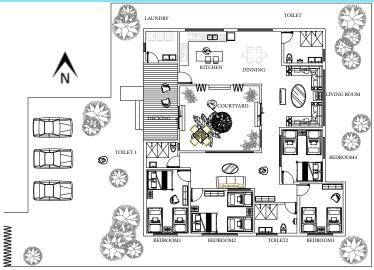
Large decking for outdoor area provide sofa and chairs and good moutain view from north.



Has own individual private garden which can make people feel safety.

DESIGN OPTION 3:

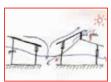
THEIR NEED: Large bedrooms and more to lets. large kitchen and dining are







The use of courtyard is both good for interior view and ventilation.



The shape of roof can let the natural light in and improve the ventilation,



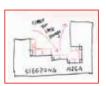
The working and service space is seperated with sleeping area which is good for people to relax



The bedrooms are large enough for a whole family live in and have their own toilet.



Large decking and courtyard for outdoor activities



For the design of the wall near bedrooms, it create many corners for little stroages.



Alex Bang Yih Ting 470081543





Through the second separation in present in a latter, the section of the first three in the first time, flowering in the intermediate transfer and in regard to

MY STORY





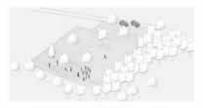


OSSIGN OPPICAL 2

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PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS



Visiting Site

A wait to the actual site for site analysis, occervation, inspiration and documentation.



House Visit
Visiting one of the resident's dwelling to have
an idea of the current housing condition and
filterable



Discussion

Get in touch with hical people for information about the matter planning, housing feature,

EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



Overcrowding Several families turns together under a single dwelling with insufficient shared spaces for activities during the day.



Privacy therng exposed to closed and familiar neighbours. Lack of protective screen for auditorspects.



Safety here isn't any specific duing noce for children. Willing to movide a safe space for the hildren to study and stay.



Decembritable Living Space.
The design of government house does not attieve climate confirst.
The new house is facing west which is bot in the afternoon.



Unaffordable Nousing Price With 25% of the residents are joblest, housing price has become an time.



Insufficient Storage.
There is a lack of storage areas in the house. Stuff are occupying the place and filming space in getting

ISSUES



Shared Dwelling lesign a single dwelling with component spaces for multiple amily projects.



Shaded Verandah Provide cool and large matdoor private space which is shaded or covered for the resistents.



Speces for Kids

Cyeater secured indoor areas to
children to study and play
Separate shiften eveng specfrom cutilit spaces.



Condertable Space
Climate: responsive design to
achieve basic confirm. Design has
to be flexible and containable.



Affordable Housing Price. Use local materials and efficient construction system to investment (const.)



Enough Space to Store Design sufficient storage areas for the residents to enhance their living conditions, increase living space and quality.

DESIGN SOLUTIONS

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

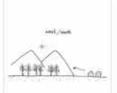
"The story is about facilitating interaction through practical spatial designs and planning"



Cool strong wind from North-West during the summer: South-East during the winter.



Natural Forest
Tall gum tree forest at the east, feed to be aware of bushfire and managairto.



Views
thus clear sky and a great
moontain view at the west and
south areas of the site.



Flooding
During failing seasons, heavy
reinfall will cause flooding issue



Tropical Location
Located at the North Queensland
with a tropical climate and is close
to the coast.

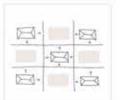


Tropical Cyclone
A coastal crassing cyclone is always possible during the season providing heavy rains and strongwest.

SITE ANALYSIS



9 Assidential Houses 1 Community Centro Public Spaces (Playground, Lake, etc.)



Grid Design Frovide shared sensi-public of transition spaces between houses for orienactions and social activities.



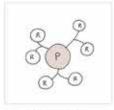
Access
thaving semi-gubble opeces as transition areas between insidential hooses and public gentre for privacy and safety purpose



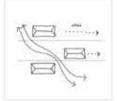
Privacy Other the house to avoid direct facing, plant trees around the edges as privacy surrecting.



Separation: Plant trees in between the main road and village area to provide privacy for the community.



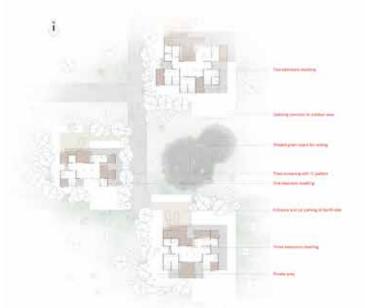
Communal Spaces
Place public space such as a
cultural sentre at the sentre as the
heart of the community that
amonests of the residents.

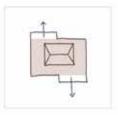


Views Offset design allows views to th landscape for all houses an creates gapt for nature

MASTERPLAN 1:1000

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES

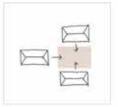




Connection
Offset a portion of the residential
area to provide connection to the
shared public space.



Privacy Screening
Plant tires in "L" thape patterns.
The gaps provide suitural
yentilation and operactions to the
shared area.



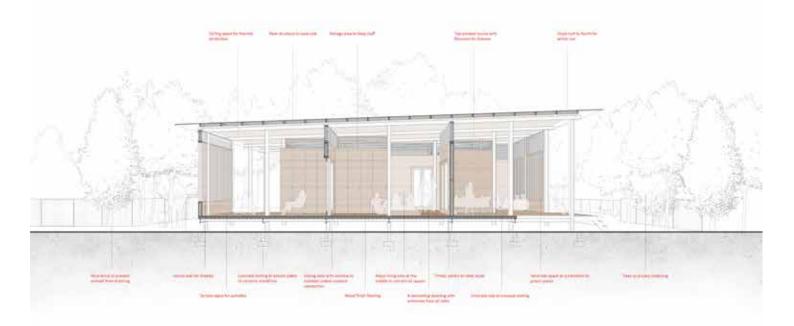
Semi-public Space.
The primetattal of houses forms a regative space that can be a shaded green space, playgroond or basketball sould for social until the second control of the

CLUSTER PLAN 1:400

CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

DESIGN OPTION 1

TWO-BEDROOMS SECTIONAL PERSPECTIVE 1:50





Still House Raised on piles over the ground surface to prevent flooding trace.



As privacy accessing for variantials areas while allowing breeze to cool down the place.



Transparent boor Skiing doors with window: to marrial occuration between indoor and outstoor arress.



Large Verandiah

As transition space to the outfloor ansat, prever afternoon heat and providure activities for interactions:



Window Loover Openings with flyscrem on top to allow cross vertilation in order to cool stown the interior soon.



Wire fence maintains the consections to gree spaces while gravents aranaly from connegio.

SECTIONAL PERSPECTIVE PRINCIPLES



"The Camp Fire" Having the main activity space at the centre to



Breaking The Cube Arrange spaces and creats entisores at all four aides as connectors to the outdoors.



Offset versodah are functions as transition space to the green space.



Safety
To feel secons, bedroom are placed befind fiving arms and far away from the entrance.



Thick Wall Storage increases will thickness and functions a sound as thermal resistance.



Elevated Space Elevate ficor plan to define spaces for different functions and activities.

SPATIAL DESIGN PRINCIPLES



TWO-BEDROOMS FLOOR PLAN 1:100

DESIGN OPTION 2













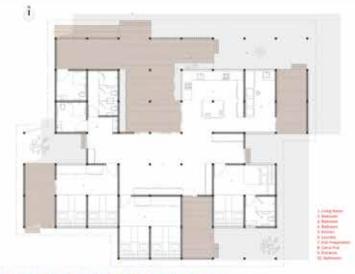


ONE-BEDROOM SECTION 1:100

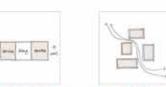
ONE-BEDROOM FLOOR PLAN 1:100

STRUCTURAL DESIGN PRINCPLES

DESIGN OPTION 3











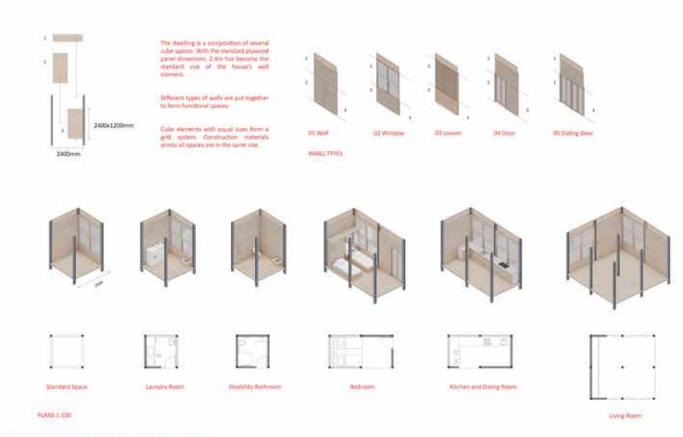


THREE-BEDROOMS FLOOR PLAN 1:100

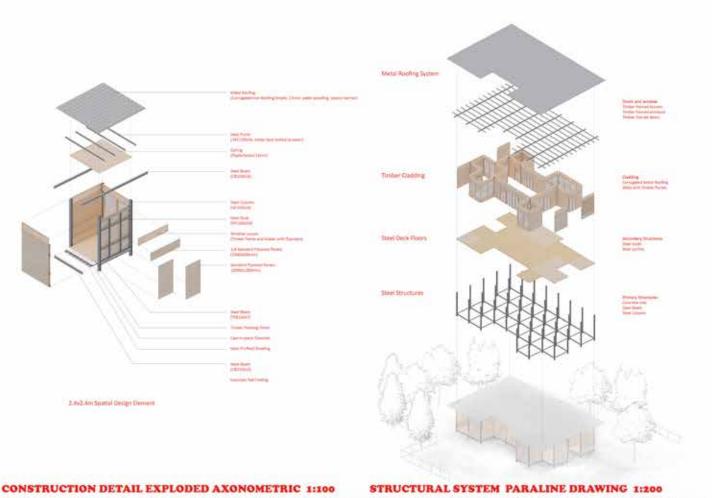


THREE-BEDROOMS SECTION 1:100

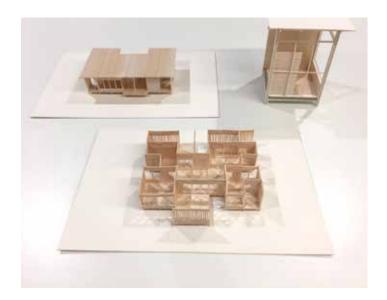
SPATIAL ORGANISATION & STRUCTURAL SYSTEM



DESIGN DEVELOPMENT DIAGRAMS



MODEL PHOTOS





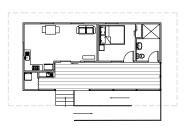




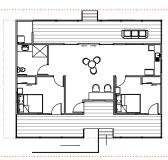


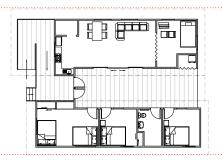
MY STORY





PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS











EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



OVERCROWDING

Instead of rooms serving for individuals, it now must be capable of holding entire families as observed

in Yarrabah



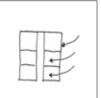
HYGIENE

Due to only a single bathroom in overcrowded homes of up to 20 people, hygiene issues arise.



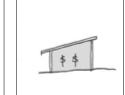
STORAGE SPACE

There was a lack of storage space in dwellings where belongings were just thrown on the floor or the bed leading to mesy and unhygenic sleeping spaces



THERMAL DISCOMFORT

Government housing do not rely on passive cooling and comfort but rather rely on airconditioning.



INSUFFICIENT MONEY



With an unemployment rate of 85%, housing affordability is a major concern in Yarrabah.

VERANDAH USAGE

A lot of time is spend on the verandah in dwellings especially if it is on a southern aspect where individuals can enjoy cool breezes. If it is well shaded, protected and ventilated it can act as further sleeping areas

ISSUES AND IDEAS OBSERVED IN TRIP



MULTI-FAMILY DWELLING

Approach a design where a room caters for a whole family instead of a single individual.



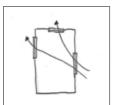
SUFFICIENT BATHROOMS

In design, ensure there is a sufficient number of bathrooms, which should roughly be the same as the number of bedrooms.



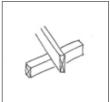
SUFFICIENT STORAGE SPACE

Allow enough storage space in dwellings to keep a cleaner, healthier household.



PASSIVE COOLING

Place openings and orientate the building such that it catches cool breezes and the shorter face is facing east and west.



MATERIALITY

Use timber frame walling and roof systems to reduce costs as well as to create an opportunity to reintroduce a sawmill in Yarrabah to localise material usage.



SAFE SPACES

Due to overcrowding, children do not have sufficient space and comfort which causes behavioural issues which must be accounted for.

OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

OVERCROWDING AND HEALTH ISSUES AT HOME. THAT SHOULDN'T BE HAPPENING AT HOME.

RETURN BRIEF



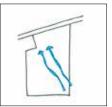
PADDOCK

A paddock is located across the road from the site and although fencing exists multiple escaped horses were found at site.



TREE SHADING

Tea trees were found to be taller than expected with heights up to around 6m which can be used to protect dwellings from the lower eastern and western sun



SOUTH-EASTERLY WINDS

Constant breezes from the south-east were experienced which must be taken to advantage for effective ventilation and passive cooling



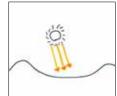
EXISTING SHELTER

An existing horse shelter opened up to the north that provided efficient sun protection from the high midday sun.



EXISTING PATHWAYS

Some pathways had already been created by wearing out of vegetation in areas where people have constantly walked through.



SUN

The site is highly vulnerable to direct sunlight where appropriate shading from the roof and trees must be implemented

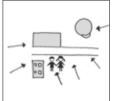
SITE ANALYSIS





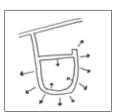
COMMUNAL SPACES

All relevant public spaces have been positioned near the centre of site to give a sense of connection for residents.



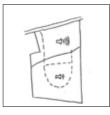
YOUNG POPULATION

The centre of site consists of a youth centre for children who feel uncomfortable at home as well as playgrounds which are accessible from all directions



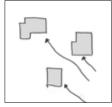
LOOP CIRCULATION

The main road loops around the site providing accessibility and circulation routes to all areas.



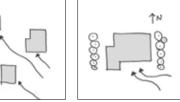
SOUND

The louder spaces have been positioned in the upper half of the site to lower disturbances to the dwellings.



STAGGERED POSITIONING

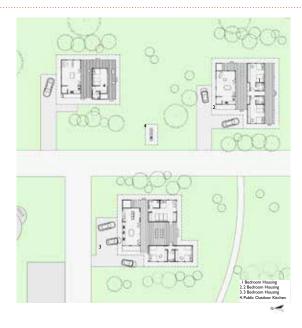
Dwellings have been placed such that there is no disturbance or barrier to breezes that flow within site.

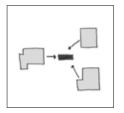


FOCUSING BREEZES

Tea trees have been placed along the east and western facades for not only sun protection and privacy but to direct the winds onto the southern facade of buildings.

MASTERPLAN PRINCIPLES





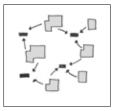
PUBLIC OUTDOOR KITCHEN

Outdoor kitchens and fish preparation areas have been positioned away from dwellings which act as a connection point for dwelling clusters.



EXISTING STRUCTURE

More duplicates of the existing shelter act as public outdoor kiten and barbeque areas.



OVERLAPPING CLUSTERS

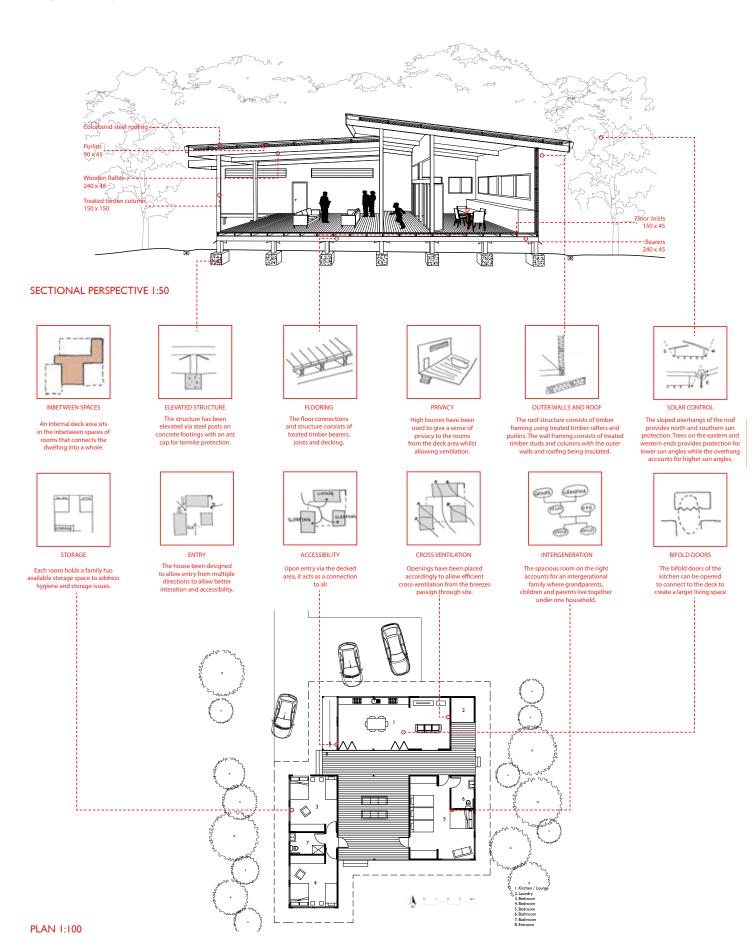
The public outdoor kitchens have been placed such that it creates overlapping clusters to allow better engagement and interaction between residents.

CLUSTER PLAN 1:200

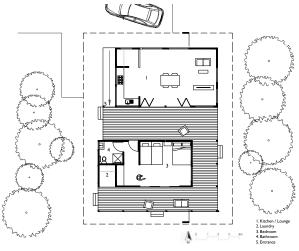
CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

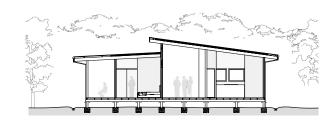
DESIGN OPTION 1:

- 2 Families 1 Intergenerational Family



1 Bedroom Design





PLAN 1:100

SECTION 1:100



LOOP CIRCULATION

There is a loop circulation throughout the structure and is easily accessible from all directions.



SOLAR CONTROL
Services and storage space
have been placed on the west
and the deck on the right to
provide eastern and western
sun protection.



PRIVACY

High louvres are used on walls that face out into the living space to provide privacy whilst allowing sufficient ventilation.



OPENINGS AND DOORS

The bifold doors allow enlargement of living space onto the deck while other openings have been placed to allow effective cross ventilation.



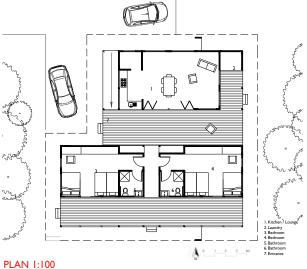
ENTRY

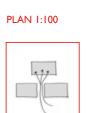
There are multiple points of entry for better accessibiliy and interaction with other dwellings in the cluster.



The deck opens out to the south and east to catch the cool southeasterly breezes that allows for a space of relaxation and roofed outdoor space.

DESIGN OPTION 3:





WIND FUNNEL

The corridor separating the two bedrooms acts as a wind funnel to allow better experience of breezes at the central deck and corridor.



TWO FAMILY HOUSEHOLD

The two room dwelling design accounts for two families.



TIMBER FRAMING
Timber framing can
reintroduce a sawmill
business into Yarrabah to
boost economic income.



SECTION 1:100



BATHROOM ACCESS Although the bathrooms are placed within each room there is easy access whilst maintaning privacy.



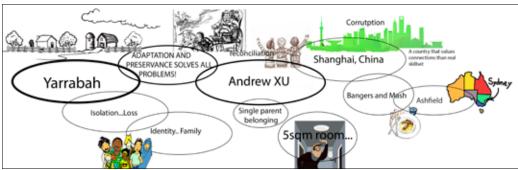
The rooms can act as a single unit studio that can be potentially placed like dormitories with a common public kitchen and lounge area.

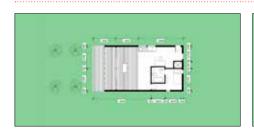


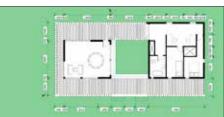
ENTRY

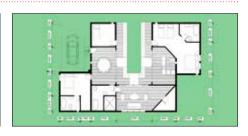
There are multiple points of entry for better accessibiliy and interaction with other dwellings in the cluster.











PRE SITE VISIT PROPOSALS







EXPERIENCE OF YARRABAH



DOG PENT



LOW-COST



BUILDABILITY



STORAGE





MULTIPLE GATHERING SPACES

Muliple families would be coming in to visit so having more than one living room can be adjusted to acitvities at specific times



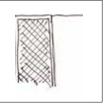
TOILETS TO OCCUPY TOILETS TO OCCUPY
INBETWEEN SIGNIFICANT
SPACES
toilets were not in prime location
of accessibility so that people
had to go to another space in the
house that might of provoked



INETGRATING CHILDREN
MODULAR SPACES
Children would be healthy
and happy to have their own
spaces, a break from the adult
spaces where they might bring
unwanted attention, but also a

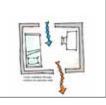


GUTTER AND ROOFING TO WITHSTAND A HUMID CLIMATE



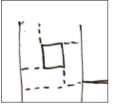
EXPOSED OPENINGS BEING FLYSCREENED

prevents any infectious mosquitoes from a trpoical climate to be let in



CROSS VENTILATION

ventilated spaces give occupants more comfortability



CONVERTIBLE MODULAR



GENEROUS CORRIDORS FOR DISABLED

to allow fluidity in circulation but also migitate awkwardness if two occupants are opposite of each other

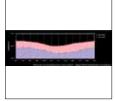
OVERARCHING DESIGN PRINCIPLES IN RESPONSE TO TRIP

DESIGNING A 'HOME' RATHER THAN A 'HOUSE'

RETURN BRIEF

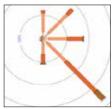


HUMID TROPICS

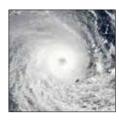


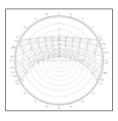
TEMPERATURE CHART





VENTILATION

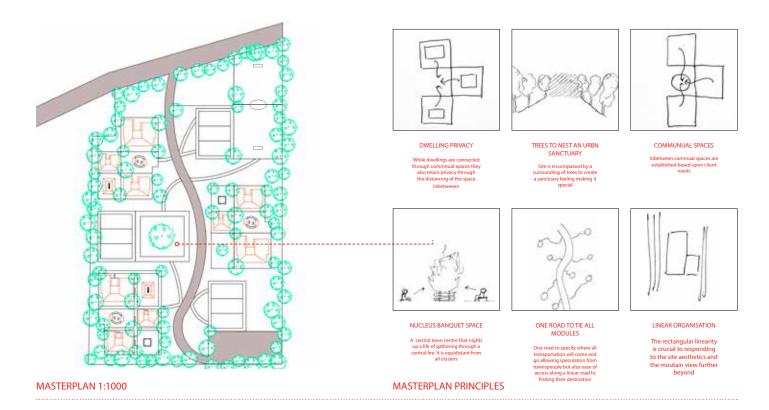


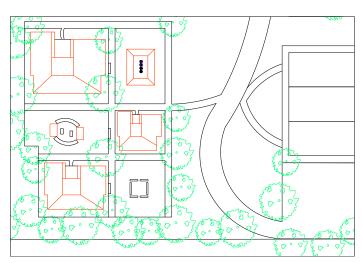


CYCLONE OCCURENCE

WINTER AND SUMMER SOLISTICE

SITE ANALYSIS



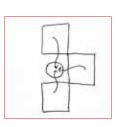






trees act as a boundary to shelter dwellings privacy whilst also making it clear of spaces neighbours can interact

TREES TO DEFINE SPACES

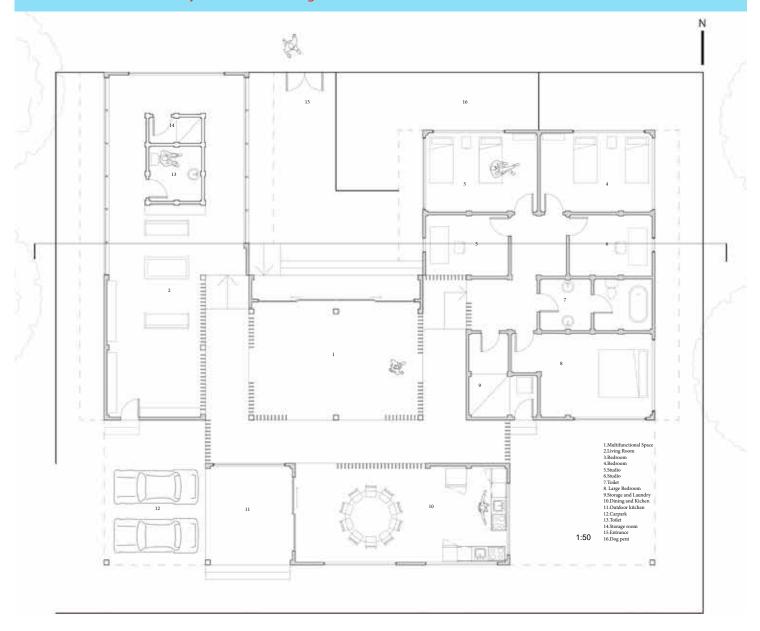


INBETWEEN COMMUNUAL SPACES ALLOW INTERACTION

CLUSTER PLAN 1: 250

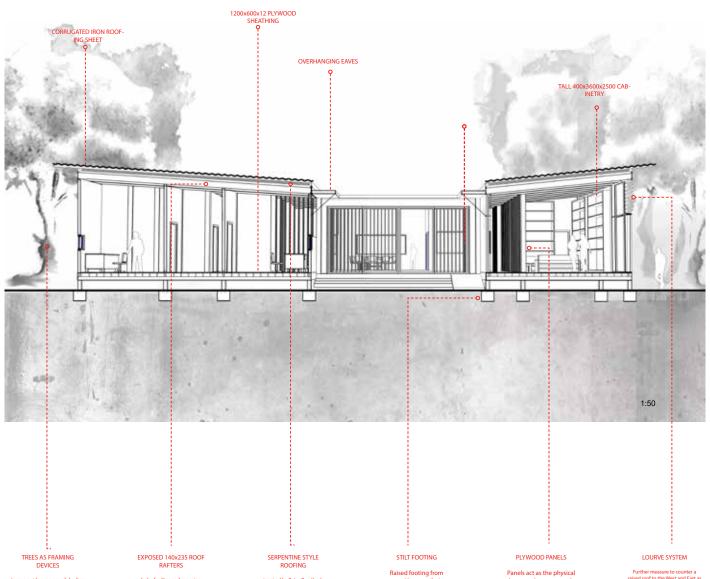
CLUSTER PRINCIPLES

DESIGN OPTION 1: 3 Family bedroom Dwelling





DINING ROOM VIEW



Raised footing from ground lets ventilation through especially to the porch from underneath making it a multifunctional space that can be utilisied by the occupants however they want

elements that connect the U shape modular whilst allowing more prescence when perpendicular as occupants can see right across their home

Further measure to counter a aised roof to the West and East as a ventilation strategy in terms of convection but also blocking out the unwanted solar heat



CONNECTION OF FOOD RELATED SPACES



TO ENJOY SITE



ROBUST 1200x600 MODULES

Plywood sheets Plywood sneets manufactured in this size allows spacesto be constructed in a modular sense but also makes it more buildable for locally trained craftsmen



SOUTH DAYLIGHTING

Much needed daylight from an undistubed sunpathing to psychologically give the occupants comfort of their own space



JAPANESE STYLE PORCH

The space can be flexibly adjusted to whatever the inhabitants needs it to be while also retaining its spatial identity of a semi public greeting area.



SPACES VISUALLY AND PHYSICALLY CONNECTED TO MAKE KEY CIRULATION PATH

DESIGN OPTION 2:





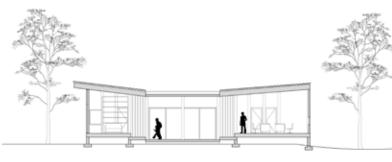




SHARED WORKING
SPACE
To further promote interaction

LIVING ROOM TO WATCH THE SITE MOUNTAIN TER-RAIN Mountain terrain acts as a crucial cultural element that gives identi-ty to the people and the site

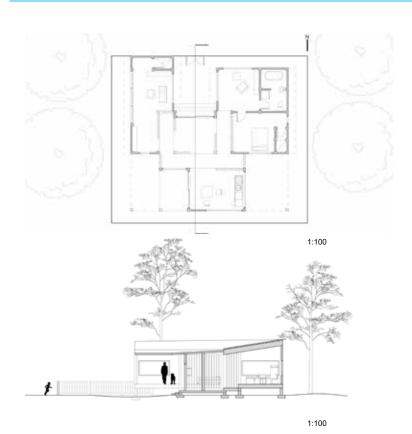
CABINETRY STORAGE



1:100

1:100

DESIGN OPTION 3:





BEDROOM VIEW



PRESCENCE OF DOG log can stay near owner but also kept out when private time is

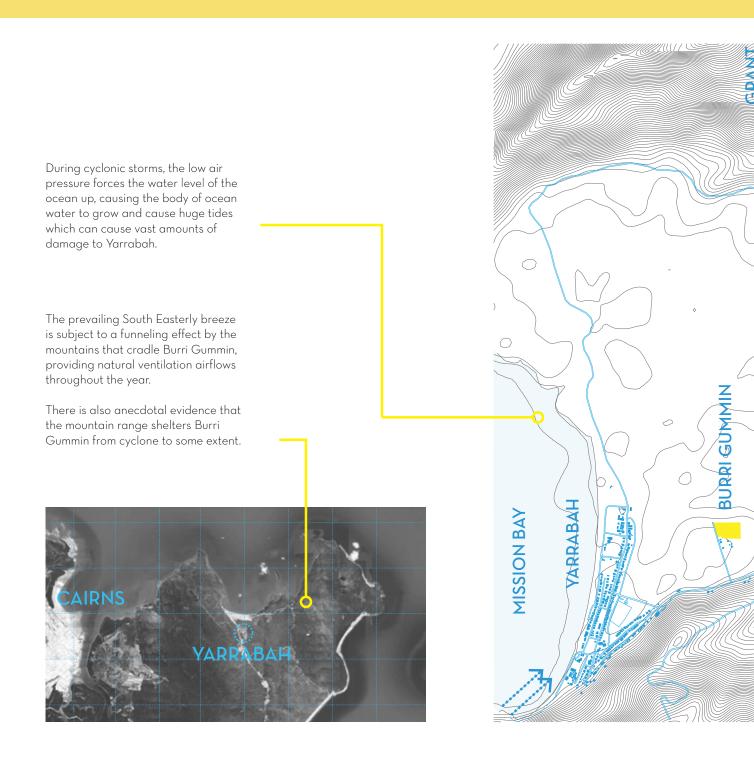
ELEVATION TOWARDS A CENTRE SPACE/STAGE allows a further emphasis on the semi public porch

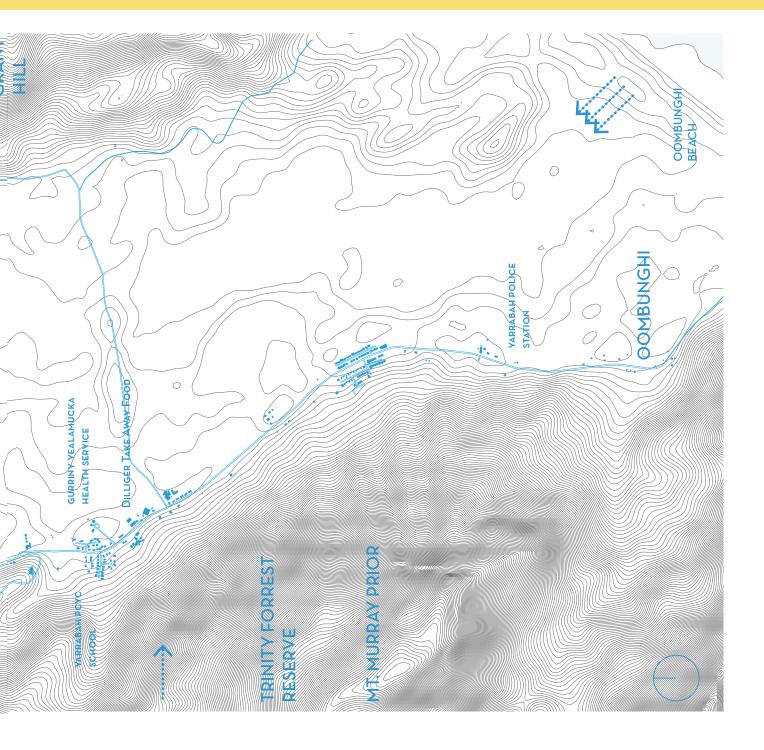
DAYLIGHTING



SOLE ENTRY Tight security so that owner who comes and goes from one en-trance

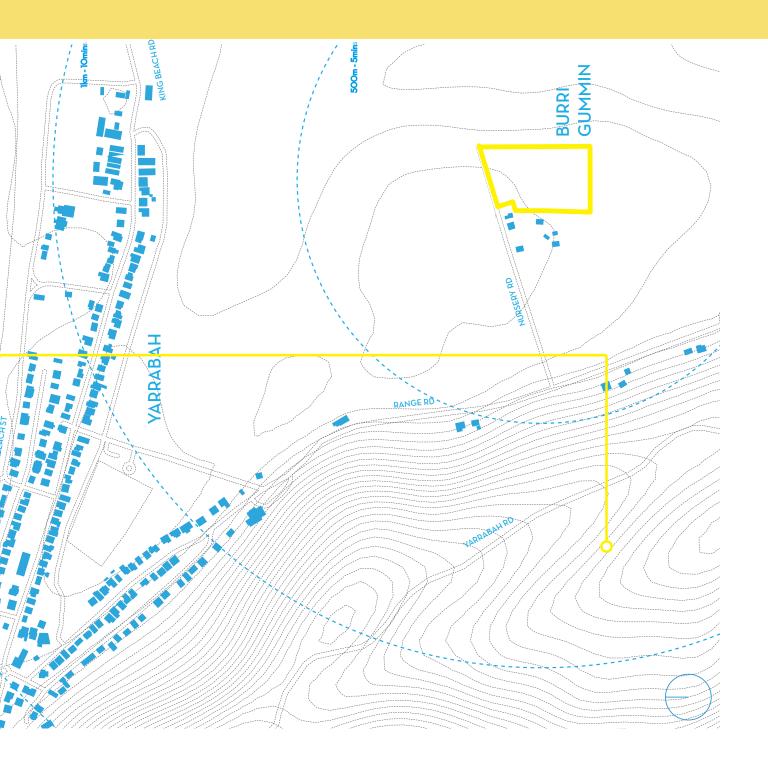
APPENDIX I: SITE ANALYSIS, YARRABAH PENINSULA



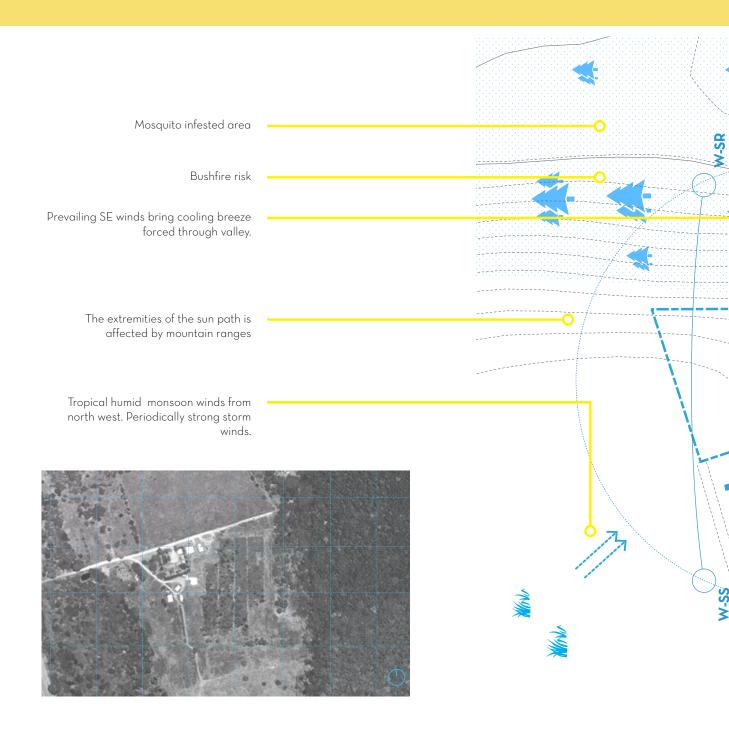


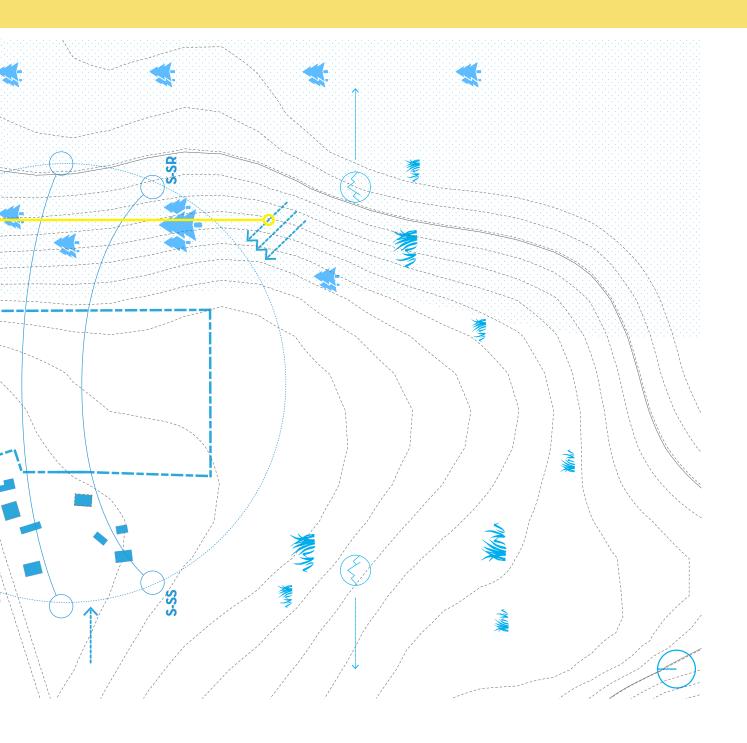
SITE ANALYSIS, YARRABAH COMMUNITY





SITE ANALYSIS, BURRI GUMMIN





APPENDIX 2: EXISTING HOUSING - COUNCIL HOUSING

Single storey masonry building, under repair



STRENGTHS

Natural Light to Living Disabled Access from Front and Rear Built in Storage

OPPORTUNITIES

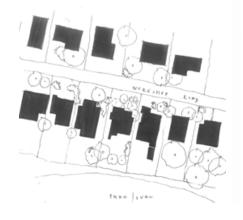
Planting provides Security from Street
Front
Pitch / gable roof
Gas bottle easily accessed and locked
Large Backyard but overlooked by oval
/ park
Verandah accessible from Living Room

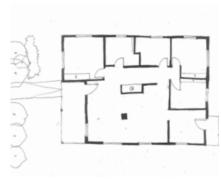
WEAKNESSES

Pitch of roof too low
No connection to outside space
Low height ceilings, no skirting, finishes
seem clinical
Double banking of rooms
No roof ventilation space
Private Open space to rear accessed
from Laundry

THREATS

Kitchen not durable - being totally replaced
Gas Accessible from outside
Minimal ventilation opportunities
Bathroom - Tiles broken, windows dirty, fixtures broken
Windows Boarded Up
No privacy between subject site and neighbors







EXISTING HOUSING

- TRANSITIONAL HOUSING



Timber and steel framed demountable housing.

STRENGTHS

House lifted off ground Gabled roof Street address and frontage Planting to private open space House lifted off ground

WEAKNESSES

Double banking of rooms

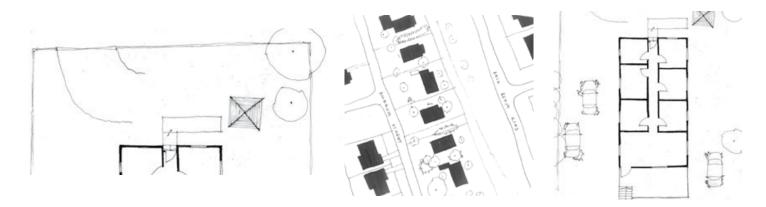
No ventilation of roof space
No natural light infiltration
No link between verandah and living
room
Verandah to Open space link not accessible (level change too high)
No opportunities for disabled access
without major changes

OPPORTUNITIEs

Lightweight construction (steel posts and timber substructure)
House lifted off ground
Privacy planting between subject site and neighbor (south)
Simple construction methods, cladding and plumbing details
Orientation of house
Planting to private open space

THREATS

Private Open space directly visible from public domain Minimal ventilation strategies Abandoned cars render open space unusable People walking through site, fencing doesn't ensure privacy



EXISTING HOUSING- IBA SINGLE DWELLING



STRENGTHS

Sheltered entry with lockable gate and planting
Surrounding ground includes swale to

surrounding ground includes swale to stop water run off from hill Hipped roof to housing Car access, lockable garage Disabled access would be quite easy to

Covered verandah with generous dimensions (4 x 3m) with outlook to vegetation

OPPORTUNITIES

House situated in clearing of bush Planting provides fencing, privacy and secluded location, no overlooking Private open space directly accessible from internal areas of house

Single storey masonry building on a bush block

WEAKNESSES

initiate

Pitch roof too low, needs greater pitch to shed water $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

No response to local environmental conditions

Masonry Construction of external walls Natural light infiltration minimised by lack of appropriate openings

THREATS

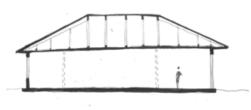
External thermal mass not shaded by eaves

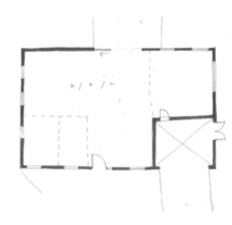
Orientation

Masonry construction does not provide easy avenue for additions or changes to envelope

Natural light infiltration minimised by lack of appropriate openings







EXISTING HOUSING

- BUSH BLOCK



Locally constructed timber framed, metal clad house

OPPORTUNITIES

Low level fencing integrated with planting

Set of pavilions utilising outdoor space as a living room

Outdoor kitchen primary source of food preparation

Simple Construction Methods Materials that are easily found, replaceable and worked with

Buildings located as a cluster, sheltered within a setting of planting

Pride of ownership derived from building the house yourself

THREATS

Maintenance of basic health hardware Abandoned cars restrict outside space Not BCA, AS Cyclone Proof

STRENGTHS

Separation between outside space and key internal services

Sheltered entry with good passive surveillance for Cars

Furnishing of outside space

Septic tank toilet and separation of toilet facilities

WEAKNESSES

Abandoned cars restrict outside space Not BCA, AS + Cyclone Proof Quality of Construction undesirable Furnishing of open space



