11-14. Voluntary Coordinator of a community-based heritage, history and archaeology group. Full-time Archaeology PhD student

1. Currently I'm a full-time Archaeology PhD students at X University. I also have another role as [leader] of [a voluntary community-based heritage group]. We engage in a public archaeology event every year, I also do [site] tours and I spend a lot of time talking to people about – because I'm writing my PhD on [a related topic] so I do a lot of talks in the wider local history, genealogy and the archaeological community about all things [linked to historic themes]. [SC: That's fine – many people I've spoken to have several hats in their work. We could pitch the questions at your voluntary role leading the group if that's alright.] That's what I had more in mind. [SC: I think that's a good idea – it's completely up to you. If it's relevant please bring the PhD in.] That's why basically when I was looking at doing a PhD I'm combining what I already knew from 15 years of heritage management [on a voluntary basis] into the academic sphere. [SC: So when we look at the organisation...]. 11-14 explains the name and date of the places the group is involved with.

2. XYZ is a Community Organisation

3. 100% volunteer work and I've got about 15 people who are terribly active.

4. Okay it's more like the fact that we've had as part of National Archaeology Week we'll probably have all fifteen there for that week and on the week leading up to it. But then there's one or two that do continuous work more on the historical side trying to identify a lot of our very early [documentary] records have been lost in [city X]. And a lot of other projects [linked to the XYZ heritage site] have been identified and these volunteers have been trying to work out [the names of people associated with these historic sites in the past]. Yes – archival and documentary. [SC: Yes I do pitch these questions at Archaeology but of course Archaeology has very permeable boundaries and...].

5. [SC: In terms of other community organisations that you are aware of is yours big, small or you don't know..]. With other [comparable] groups in Australia? [Comments on size deleted to preserve anonymity given the nature of the project and small numbers of people involved]. We are the largest [place of similar type] in our state.

6. State X

7. State X and Y [due to colonial history relevant documents for our place come from both current states]. [SC: Where are they located?]. We've been finding stuff at the [X and Y state libraries and archives]. Documentary diary evidence.

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- SC: Do you communicate with people outside Australia? In the UK mainly the
- 47 UK because in [year] I received a [travel fellowship] to go to [Europe] for 6
- 48 weeks to study visitor education programmes at [comparable] heritage places.

49 So six weeks and [numerous places] later in England, Scotland and Paris and so 50 I've developed quite a large network of people in [relevant] organisations.

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52 9. We do a lot of education with the school kids. Heritage conservation when we 53 get money to restore [standing remains]. Our regular tour programme – tourists. 54 [Heritage tourism of this kind] is a growing business. Research. And heritage 55 management – conservation plans for [a related heritage-site].

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- 58 Personally involved with all of the above.

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- 61 Again it concentrates around [National] Archaeology Week and that's a full on 62 week as what we actually do is we run public digs in [our heritage property].

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- 65 Certainly just before Archaeology Week I did a bit of local radio. We've got a bit 66 of a fan on our local ABC radio here in [city X] who certainly wants to have an 67 interview. And the X City Council because [the site is on Council-owned land] and 68 we can use the resources of their people as well. And we've got our own websites 69 as well. [SC: Do you have websites?]. Oh yeah. [SC: So do you use – I suppose this 70 question is about whether you have a public relations professional]. No, no we just use everybody. [SC: No that's alright. Some organisations have]. They do 71 have. We have a lot of people in the professional sphere who want to unleash 72 73 their inner archaeologist [as volunteers]. For example [a local politician] he's [a professional in another field] before he became a local politician. He's always 74 75 wanted to be an archaeologist for example – so he's always good for a couple of thousand when I need it. And then I can use his resources. He often – if I need 76 77 anything promoted – I can just drop it down at [his] office and he'll do the rest 78 for you. [SC: It sounds like you are in charge of managing your own media?] Yes. No they usually come to me.

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- 82 I have a Masters in Education.

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- Before I decided to change I'm a late career changer I had 16 years in tertiary 86 education [doing X] - I've had a completely parallel career. And before I burnt out I used to be a top flight [Y] so talking in front of large numbers of people has 88 never been an issue.

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- 92 16. [SC: You mentioned local radio.] Well when I got [a travel grant to go 93 overseas] I received more interest – more media minutes – on my [grant than 94 any other recipients – I was told]. It's says more about the employment policy for
- 95 the ABC than anything else. No I do a lot of media. I'm about to do some
- 96 television for a programme called 'X' because we're [celebrating an important
- 97 historic milestone on date Y]. As a living history exercise I'm recreating the

[important state X event] from [the late 19th century] complete with [period-accurate props]. Yes so I do a lot of media. Mainly radio, some television.

Newspapers – well I've got a couple of tame journalists and here at X university we've got a big journalism school and there's always some second and third years banging on my door wanting stories so I can get stuff out.

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17. [SC: Sounds like you've had generally positive interactions with the media?] Except that - can I be brutally honest? They are so young and they are so thick and they know nothing about history. For example when I was talking about how we lost so much of our heritage during [a period of political and economic change a few decades ago] - the young lady was writing [something down] and I looked at her – third year just about to graduate – and I said 'You have no idea what I'm talking about do you?'. And she said 'No'. And I'm thinking 'Go Google [it]' you know. [SC: Is this the journalism students?]. Yes – third year, third year. She'll be graduating in just a couple of weeks time. And the things is when you realise [these events happened between the 1960s and 1980s] and she was born in 1991. And so when I'm talking about history, archaeology, heritage I find I have to work so hard giving them background before they have any concept of what they are writing or talking about. [SC: Is that because they are students?]. No. no – because they're young. [SC: So have you had similar experiences like that with younger people working in the media – not just studying at uni?]. Yes – well see – when they come out and they're doing their cadetships at the local TV stations [...] we're [fairly near] to some local TV stations so we get the cadets down as well. So they are actually working the field as professional journalism cadets. They've got their degrees, they're out there reporting our news. They're like 20 years old, 22 if you're lucky, and in trying to understand about [history and heritagel they're looking through their own experiences, or their own experiences through the media. When I explain to them most people [did X, Y, Z in the past and what life would have been like] ... just trying to get through to them this basic concept. They're all very-well versed about ANZAC Day but they seem to have lost every other form of history.

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[SC: When you are working with media people – do you find they facilitate you in putting forward the content? You know – they use you as an expert and represent you – rather than messing it all up?] Yes it can be variable and sometimes when [newspaper Y] are going to send someone out I say can you just tell me who? And sometimes they mention who and I just roll my eyes back and think 'not again'.

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19. They mainly come to me. If you type in [the name of our main heritage site] into a search engine – the name of our heritage group - our website tends to come higher than the X City Council's. And we've got a fill-in form and we get requests from all over the world about [our heritage site]. We spend a lot of time dealing with people having their own personal [..."Who Do You Think You Are" meets "Time Team" experience]. Because we had such migration from the UK coming into the colony in the first place. Part of my PhD is looking at the transmission of British [cultural traditions] and [their transformation in an Australian context].

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21. Perhaps to answer that I'll just explain in particular why we are [running an excavation] for National Archaeology Week. [Details removed to retain anonymity]. [Due to the particular recent history of the site] we can [invite members of the general public to participate in an archaeological excavation without contravening local heritage protection laws]. We've been doing this exercise every year for six years now. And it's eagerly anticipated.

23. During NAW we have a day when we have primary students come in. Then we have a day when secondary school students come in. So not only do they do the digging activity they do measuring activity, matching activities. So there's an education programme within the [heritage site]. Then we have the rest of the

days as just straight public digging.

SC: University students? Yes because we do this programme in conjunction with the University of X. You know how hard it is to find digging practice for first years? [SC: First years? My goodness. We'll send you ours]. Yes well because we're [located within easy travel distance of the university] so when the first and second (years) come out they have a bit of trowel practice. So they can also have a bit of 'real life' experience where basically they can ride their bikes to so we've got the uni students come out as well. The field supervisor for the project is Dr X [from a local university].

24. School kinds, university students, U3A (University of the Third Age) and [Rotary Clubs].

25. Project X is not [our group's] first excavation and local history project. Our first one was under [a major building construction project] now. When Dr X was doing the excavation there in [the 2000s] they uncovered [a large number of historic features and archaeological finds] at the site [linked to the place where we are working now]. And [people were interested in the relationship between the two projects]. 'How come [you find this at one site] and none [at the other site?]. That's when you get into the taphonomy and the pH of the soil and the fact it was used as a rubbish dump for many years and all these sorts of explanations. And people do have that – they try not to show they try very hard. You can see they are desperately interested about it but are pretending they are not desperately interested but they do want to see [particular types of artefacts] people pull out of the ground for example. [SC: Are you working with other experts and professionals in your work?]. Yes basically it's the academic staff here at the [university].

27. No.

28. [No hesitation]. Yes I think I usually do get the message across as you can usually see it in their faces when you're explaining things like [the city where we are now] had the [largest number of X,Y,Z] in [the late 19th century] than anywhere in the British Commonwealth. And when you start to say 'We're standing on [this exact spot] now if you excavated [right here] you would find remains of [something really interesting and engaging to public audiences] for example. And then when you see them instantly step away [laughs] you know

you've got the message going through. [SC: Do you do any formal evaluation?]. With the school activities it's observational activity and they either find what – they've either found or measured what you've asked them for – the right answer – or they haven't and you work through the exercise with them.

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30. Yes we've got a basic website up and I'm just waiting to see if I've got a grant to expand it dramatically. But what I'd like to do is put up some podcasts because I've been listening to some of the podcasts from some [comparable sites in North America]. There's a fabulous one that's come from [place X] in the US about where they were combining a tour of their [historic buildings] and [the local environment and surroundings] - going through all the different [natural resources and materials] that were used [to build and run the place]. What I want to do – we can't always have tour guides available so what I want to have is some special interest tours [...] recorded on podcasts so they can download them to their iPods, download the map and then they can take themselves on a selfguided tour of [the area] whenever they like. And then when they come to the archaeological site we can have the explanation of what we are doing. [...]. So we want to make the [local history and heritage] more available all the time. [SC: Is it just a matter of funding that's holding you up on doing that?] Funding and time at the moment. The PhD is pretty full on [laughs]. [SC: That sort of technology is fairly standard on...]. We own all the equipment. We've got the digital recorder, we've got a lovely little handy cam it's just a case of making.. yes. I go into these 'I have a dream' sequences. [SC: Would you personally prepare all the content for that?] Well I'm getting subject experts to do – for example – one of the people in my organisation is mad keen on [topic X] and he can do the audio tour. I just set them on their way with their own projects – make and record their own material. ISC: So you have people researching in your organisation and you are going to use their expertise to put up podcasts that will then help people to go around the cemetery.] Go around the [area] and also interpret the finds and also symbolism [in architecture and decoration] ... [deleted to retain anonymity] because [there's a lot of public interest in these topics deriving from currently popular historical novels, fiction, films and television]. [SC: When you [travelled to the UK] did you find examples of those types of site presentations were common over there?]. I found that – this is the interesting thing – [a lot of Australians I know through my interests] found the same thing. That the grass is not always greener in the UK. [SC: Ah – yes – I know that cos I'm from the UK and I live and work here [in Aus]. I think Australia does things pretty good actually.] Yes – for example from [place X] in London – everybody thinks they must be the bees knees and I'm thinking 'Right – well you pay five pounds to go into [place X]. You get a snooty disinterested guide who takes you round on a 45 minute circuit. You've got to pay for a licence to take photos and then they have the hide to rattle the tin at you again when you leave.' Now we do our activities free. I do have a tin which I very occasionally rattle but for activities where everybody can participate everything I do I try and make cost recovery if I get a grant and then we expend. For example our big [forthcoming event] it's going to cost us about \$10,000 to do by the time we have [the historic re-enactment]. So that's living history and people just don't get to see that. And I figured we do far more here. I did find some good ideas in isolated [heritage sites] but it was only down to switched on individuals but on the whole it was all pretty moribund.

32. I'm told my [heritage site] does need a Facebook page but I haven't gone down than road yet mainly because it's just time. Once you set something up you really really need to maintain it and I'm trying to get a couple of younger people more involved in the organisation – say a couple of the [archaeology] students and to say right and so we would have a Facebook page for the [site]. For example I'm a reluctant Facebook user and I'm only on it because the Association of [X] out of the US uses Facebook quite a bit for its communication. And then you can do a couple of virtual run [topic relevant] conferences on Facebook as well. But we get 20 to 30 emails a week to deal with. That's enough. [SC: So obviously you have email – is that on your website?] On the website there's a form which you can fill in – the enquiry form. But people will email us and we have a mobile phone and people will text us and. [SC: So you're already doing a lot of this stuff – even though you are not using Facebook?]. Not yet – but it will happen – probably when I finish the PhD.

33. Now that the National Library have put all those newspapers online. I waited before I started my PhD until the newspapers got online. For example when I'm trying to pinpoint events like when did they stop [activity X]. For example what I've discovered in the last couple of days when [explains details about research – deleted to retain anonymity]. And I found that out only by using the newspapers only because of the very sophisticated search engines they've got on Trove. If you want to know when something happened it's when people started talking about it. So if you just do a search string 'X,Y,Z' you can see there's no mention of this phrase until 1902 and then you can see it spread around. For example I traced the start of the [X process] to a single meeting in [city X] in [date] just by clever use of the keyword searching. [Further details of research content deleted].

 34. The main challenge at the moment is the [local] Council is trying to sort out [some of its archives with relevance to the history of our site and put them online]. Because they got theirs online in [the mid 1990s] and it is desperately in need of an upgrade. [Discusses incompatible data structures between the historical information collected by the voluntary community group and that already collected by others and that it's hard to link information together and find images etc.] We've been told by the end of the year [the council will have improved its online archives to make them more accessible and interoperable] and [our organisation has also been consulted] about the kind of search functionality we really want to have.

35. And I'm a competent technology user.

36. Well I actually know a lot more about the computers at the [place my voluntary group operates] than [some manual workers employed there to maintain the buildings] who try to use them – they mainly being older men. And I get the job of un-jamming the photocopier as well.